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SPECIAL EXTRA

# The Irish Times.

14 PAGES. PRICE 2D. DUBLIN, WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 27, 1929. VOL. LXXI. NO. 22,419.

MAGISTRATES' LIBRARY 27 FEB 1929 OF IRELAND

*Births, Marriages, and Deaths (which in all cases must be authenticated), 3 lines, 20 words, 2/6; each additional line of 7 words, 8d.*

*Irish Times 'Phone Numbers.—Dublin 8036 and 8037; Belfast—1787; London—Central 4350. Belfast Office—139 Royal Avenue. London Office—59 Fleet Street.*

## BIRTHS.

FLOWER—February 25, 1929, at the Cottage Hospital, Drogheda, to Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Flower, John street, Croagar, County Down, a son.

MORRISON—Monday, February 18, 1929, at 56 York road, Kingstown, the wife of H. Leo Morrison, of a son.

## MARRIAGES.

CAREY and FOLEY—February 6, 1929, at Saint Ann's Church, Harrington street, Dublin, by the Rev. Father McAuliffe, John Carey, Dentist, of 59 Heytesbury street, Dublin, to Bridget (Bridie), second daughter of Mr. James Foley, of Ballykelly, New Ross, County Wexford.

KELLY and ALLEN—February 4, 1929, at Simla, Punjab, India, Captain Arthur J. Kelly, Royal Army Veterinary Corps, to Eleanor Elizabeth (Cora), only daughter of Major H. Allen, R.A.V.C., and Mrs. Allen of Remount Depot, Mona.

O'MEARA and LYNCH—December 27, 1928, at Holy Rosary Church, Windsor, Brisbane, by Rev. Fr. O'Meara, Michael J. O'Meara, second son of Mr. and Mrs. O'Meara, Manor House, Castle avenue, Clontarf, to Doris, second daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Lynch, Stonehurst, Western Hill, Durham.

## DEATHS.

**ANNOUNCEMENTS received late for insertion in this column will be found on Page 8.**

BLAND—February 24, 1929, Humphrey Loftus Bland, of Blandsfort, Abbeyleix, aged 89, late 5th Fusiliers.

BRENAN—February 26, 1929, at the Adelaide Hospital, Life, eldest surviving daughter of the late William H. Brenan, Clontarf. "Thy will be done."

CAMPBELL—February 26, 1929, suddenly, at Manchester (as the result of a motor accident), Colin Ian, youngest son of the late Sir Henry Campbell, of Greenwood Park, Newry.

CRAIG—February 25, 1929, at 8 Royal terrace, West, Dun Laoghaire, Douglas, eldest son of George Craig, aged 58 years. R.I.P. Funeral private.

DRIVER—February 26, 1929, at Carrig, Kilbeg, William Driver, aged 91 years. "In death they were not divided." Funeral to-day (Wednesday) to Kiltegan at 1 o'clock.

GLYNN—February 26, 1929, at her brother's residence, The Square, Clara, Elizabeth, widow of the late Joseph Glynn, R.I.P. Requiem Mass to-morrow (Thursday) at 10.30 a.m. Funeral same day from St. Brigid's Church at 3 o'clock for Hazelhatch.

GODKIN—February 22, 1929, at the residence of her sister, Mrs. Wade, 5 Prince Consort road, Farrow-on-Tyne, Sarah Jane Godkin, daughter of the late John and Louisa Godkin, Ballymoney, Surry Co. Wexford. "Peace, perfect peace."

GORDON—February 25, 1929, at Riversdell, Dundrum, Co. Dublin, Margaret Gordon. Thy will be done." Funeral private.

GRIFFIN—At his residence, 6 Mellifont avenue, Dun Laoghaire, late Imperial Hotel, Charemorris, John W. Griffin, late Land Commission. R.I.P. Funeral from St. Michael's Church for Dean's Grange at 10 o'clock to-morrow (Thursday). No flowers, prayers instead.

HOLMES—February 25, 1929, at her residence, 4 Tivoy-on-Sea, Bray, and of 69, 70, and 71 South Great George's street, Dublin, Mrs. Elizabeth Holmes, widow of the late William Holmes, aged 88. Funeral private. No flowers.

HUNT—February 26, 1929, at his residence, Roeren, Thomas Hunt. Funeral to the New Cemetery at 3 p.m. to-morrow (Thursday).

JACOB—February 26, 1929, at 235 St. James's Court, Buckingham Gate, London, Albert Edward Jacob, M.P., son of the late William B. Jacob, of Dublin.

KEALY—February 26, 1929, at her residence, 4 Winton avenue, Rathgar, Mary Anne, daughter of the late John and Anne Kealy, Ballysallagh, Parkestown, to the inexpressible grief of her brother, sisters, and large circle of friends. R.I.P. Funeral from Church of the Three Patrons, Rathgar, to-morrow (Thursday) at 9 a.m. to Knockanus, Office and High Mass at Hacketstown at 11 a.m.

KEANE—February 26, 1929, at the Imperial Nursing Home, Cheltenham, Henrietta Mary, loved wife of Marcus Keane, D.L., of Sarahill Grange, Tewinbury, and Beech Park, County Clare.

LAIRD—February 25, 1929, at Belfast Bank House, Glenarm, John Laird, M.D., Sligo, late of Sligo, the beloved husband of Mary Elizabeth Laird.

MORNHEAD—On Sunday, February 24, 1929, at his residence, Smithboro', County Monaghan, J. C. Mornhead.

NUTTALL—February 26, 1929, at Tiffour, Newtownpennybrandy, Elinor Kate, widow of Jacob F. Nuttall, Cullenamore, Sligo. Funeral private.

QUIGLY—February 25, 1929, at her residence, 8 Clanville road, Rathgar, Elizabeth Quigly, widow of the late Richard Quigly, C.E. R.I.P. Funeral from Mount Argus (this (Wednesday) morning, after 9 o'clock Mass. No flowers, prayers asked.

SCALLAN—February 25, 1929, at her residence, 11 Mount Vincent Cottages, Limerick, at an advanced age, Alicia Scallan, relict of the late John Scallan, ex-Sergeant R.I.C. Deeply and deservedly regretted by her sorrowing children.

SNOW—February 26, 1929, at his residence, Church View, Kells, James Snow, aged 84 years. Funeral arrangements later.

VINCENT—At her residence, Field Cottage, Wrentham, Rachel Louisa Vincent, widow of the late John Francis Vincent, Esq., Madras Light Infantry, daughter of John Ward, Esq., The Manor House, Plumstead, Kent, and grand-daughter of Parsons Frayne, Esq., of Borrmount Manor, County Wexford. "Blessed are the pure in heart." Funeral at Frostenden at 3 p.m. to-morrow (Thursday), February 28th.

WYLES—In loving memory of Thomas G. Myles, late of Rushbrook, Adare, who died on 27th February, 1925. Inserted by his fond wife and family.

VANCE—In loving memory of Helen Vance, who entered into rest 26th February, 1927.

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## MISCELLANEOUS.

WAREHOUSE CLOSED until FRIDAY, 9 a.m., owing to the DEATH of MRS. HOLMES. W. HOLMES and CO., 69, 70, 71 South Great George's street, Dublin.

MISS JULIA O'DONNELL, late of 13 Upper Pembroke street, Dublin, Deceased.—Claims against the Deceased's estate should be furnished forthwith to Messrs. RYAN and O'BRIEN, Solicitors, 35 Stephen's Green, Dublin.

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ABSOLUTELY the finest selection of Secondhand Cars, all makes, types and models, from £10 to £150. May our Representative call on you?—Duthie, Large, Ltd., Athy 'Phone Athy 4. 21 O

A LATE 1928 Peugeot Saloon for Sale, £11 tax, cost £295; must sell; reasonable.—P 1301, this office. 25 E

ABSOLUTELY the finest selection of Secondhand A Cars, all makes, types and models, from £10 to £150. May our Representative call on you?—Duthie, Large, Ltd., Athy. 'Phone Athy 4. 25 E

BARGAIN, for £110—Fiat, 12 h.p. 1927 Touring 4 Seater, licensed for 1929, good condition, new paint and hood; trial by arrangement. Apply 13 Clare street. 25 E

BARGAINS—1927 Ford Tudor Saloon, magnificent condition, indistinguishable from new, £45; 1924 Ford Tudor Saloon, perfect order, £22; 1927 Ford 2 Seater, good condition, £15.—Automart, 80 Vine street, Liverpool.

CARS for Hire. Drive Yourself—For Sale, 6 cyl. Landaulette, two Tourers, guaranteed condition; deferred terms accepted.—61776, 18 Fitzwilliam square.

CLYNO 9 h.p. Fabric Saloon, perfect order, small mileage, £140.—Cooper Bros., Ennis. 23 D

CHRYSLER 4 Cylinder Open Touring Car, with rigid side curtains, in perfect running order. Seen by appointment at 119 Francis street, Dublin. 'Phone 51621. 26 F

FIAT Cars; all the newest models in stock for immediate delivery.—Andrew J. Doyle, Fiat Depot, 51 South King street, Dublin. 'Phone 27212. T

FOR Sale, Mathis Saloon, 1927, six cylinder, 11 h.p.; perfect condition.—The Frankfort Garage, Dundrum. 22 C

FOR Hire, comfortable Motor, with driver, from £5 per week.—P 1157, this office. 22 C

FOR Sale, 1926 Fiat 10.15 h.p. Touring Car, in perfect order, small mileage, owner driver, electric light, starter and all accessories; price £100. Can be seen at Messrs. O'Gorman's Garage, Parnell street, Clonmel.

FOR Sale, 1926 Cowley 4 Seater, complete; all in perfect order, good appearance; £95. Address "z 2551, Car," this office.

FOR Sale, late 1924 Morris Cowley 4 Seater, electric lighting and starting, in perfect condition; Hartford shock absorbers; tyres as new. Address "Z 2550, Car," this office.

HOODS Re-covered, new Celluloids fitted; lowest prices.—Richmond Motor Works, off North Richmond street.

IMMEDIATE delivery, Morris Minor Saloon.—M. and J. Dawson, Maynooth. 25 D

PEUGEOT Saloon, 12 h.p. (1924), in first class running order and condition, new magneto, battery, etc., recent Morris upholstery, £50. May be seen National Service Garage, next Theatre Royal.

3 SEATER, 7 h.p. Citroen, 2 Seater 7 h.p. Citroen; 4 Seater Rhode, 11.9 h.p.; 2 Seater Ariel, 9 h.p. Jones, Haddington road, Dublin. 26 F

## CHAUFFEURS, MECHANICS,

### DISENGAGED.

CHAUFFEUR, married, 12 years experience private driving; bus, commercial or private. Address "z 2534, Chauffeur," this office.

CITY Driver, presently engaged, desires change; 18 years' experience all cars; first class references; strict T.T.—P 1377, this office. 26 F

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"TRADE AND MATRIMONIAL" ADVERTISEMENTS IN THESE COLUMNS 1/- PER LINE.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

ORIGINAL Testimonials or other Documents should not be enclosed with Replies to Advertisements. 24/11/'26.

IRISH TIMES, LTD.
WESTMORELAND STREET, DUBLIN,
Telephone Nos.—8036-8037.

BRANCH OFFICES:
RATHMINES—Castlewood Avenue.
Phone—Rathmines 951
BELFAST—139 Royal Avenue.....'Phone 3787
CORK—33 Marlboro' Street.....'Phone 1054
LONDON—89 Fleet Street, E.C.4....Central 4360
MANCHESTER—24 Market Place.....City 3042

## LOST AND FOUND.

LOST on Monday afternoon, Pearl Bar Brooch, between Stephen's Green and Rathgar; reward.—R 0 653, Irish Times Branch Office, Rathgar. 25 C

LOST, Gold Scarf Brooch, with amethyst centre, on Saturday, 23rd February, from one to three o'clock, in Baggot street and Merrion square districts, or Dun Laoghaire, Marine road. Reward if returned to Gotintrive, Otranto place, Sandycove. 26 F

LOST, portion of Diamond Earring at British Legion Ball. Reward.—P 1588, this office.

LOST, British Legion Ball, Champagne Crepe de Chene Scarf, wide. Reward.—P 1396, this office.

LEFT, Tuesday, Cloakroom, R.D.S., two Gold Rings, single stone opals and diamonds; reward.—R 0 656, Irish Times Branch Office, Rathmines

## SITUATIONS VACANT.

BELVOIR PARK GOLF CLUB.

STEWARD REQUIRED.

Married Man preferred. Applications to be made in writing, stating age, experience, etc., and enclosing copies of references, to;
MR. E. STANLEY DREAN,
Hon. Secretary,
1 LOMBARD STREET, BELFAST.

ALL round good Salesmen Wanted; good wages and commission. Write, giving full details of past experience, age, etc., "Z 2539 Salesmen," this office. 26 D

APPRENTICE—Vacancy for smart refined young Lady.—Maison Louis, Ladies' Hairdressers, 28 Dawson Place, Rathmines; fee. 26 F

ASSISTANT Wanted for Book Department; previous business experience not essential, but a knowledge of modern literature necessary.—P 1357, this office.

A FIGHT that Finished Him, by Georges Carpentier, in the "Weekly Irish Times" to-day. Price two pence. 26 F

BOY Wanted for City Office; state age, salary, etc.—P 1300, this office. 25 E

BASS Wanted for City Church Choir; salary £20 to £25 according to qualifications.—P 1356, this office. 25 E

CARETAKER, Protestant, required at Mountjoy School, Dublin; married man with small family. Apply to Headmaster. 25 D

CLERK, Fanner 20 years, required for Carrier's Office; state experience, wages expected. Apply, enclosing copies of testimonials, P 1381, this office.

DISPENSER Wanted, Lady to take charge of Workroom; must be a good cutter, with good experience; give references and state salary.—W. T. and L. Johnston, Sligo. 26 F

EXAMINER £2 to £8 weekly as Bookkeeper, Secretary or Salesman. Rapid Postal Courses, 10/- month. Unique Tuition offer. Prospectus free.—Regent Institute, 13 Regent street, London.

GOOD Dressmaker Wanted, private house; also G Upholsteress; state terms per day. Address "z 2540, Dressmaker," this office.

GOOD home offered to Gentlewoman in return for assisting lady in housework; nice locality. Address "z 2475, Home," this office.

HOUSEKEEPER, Protestant, middleaged, required by single young man, country place. Address "z 2506, Housekeeper," this office. 23 D

NOTICE

IN addressing envelopes covering replies to advertisers in this paper great care should be taken to include the catch word, when same is given, after the Office Number, thus: "Z 20, Housemaid," should be carefully written upon the envelope.

IMPROVED Loud Speaking Wireless System is illustrated in the "Weekly Irish Times" to-day. Price 2 pence. 26 F

JUNIOR Assistant Wanted for Drapery and Boots, Midland town; Protestant; state age, experience, salary (indoor), and copies references. Address "Z 2560, Assistant," this office. 26 F

LIVE Man required as Specialty Salesman; a local man preferred; able to get interviews with best Dublin firms; no experience required; permanent position, with good prospects to suitable man; state age and exact nature of last situation.—P 1342, this office.

LAUNDRY Manager Wanted; must be capable; married man preferred. Address "Z 2548, Manager," this office.

MESSENGER—Smart Boy Wanted, not over 16 years; state wages. Apply in own handwriting (Name of street), P 1265, this office.

MOTHER'S Help, Protestant, young, experienced, reliable, Wanted for suburbs Dublin; send copies references.—P 1583, this office.

NORTH Circular Street Advertisements for this Paper received by Mr. Lonergan, Newsagent and Confectioner, Ye Olde Tolle House, Phoenix Park Gate, North Circular road.

REQUIRED, well educated young Lady; good knowledge of accountancy and figures essential; state experience, age and salary required.—P 1235, this office.

REQUIRED by Dublin Motor Firm, well educated, energetic Boy to train for Stores. Reply, stating age, reference, etc., P 1302, this office.

START a Business in Drapery, etc., from £1 upwards. Special assistance to widows and beginners. Sure thing. Write for advice and list.—H. Levaine, Dept. G, 143 Householdstr., London, E.C.

SEAMLESS Cs. Wanted, Girl Assistant. Progressive. Cs. Wanted, Girl Assistant. Progressive. Cs. Wanted, Girl Assistant. Progressive.

Give Baby the Best

*Baby must have a food which closely resembles the natural milk. It must contain an ample proportion of Vitamin 'D' to make perfect bones and teeth. Give 'Allenburys.' It is perfect in every way and you will soon notice little limbs grow round and hard—not flat and flabby. Baby sleeps better. A sound foundation of health and a happy childhood are ensured.*

'Allenburys'
*The Progressive System of Infant Feeding*

MOTHERS! SEND FOR FREE BOOK

COUPON

ALLEN & HANBURYS Ltd., 37 Lombard Street, London, E.C.3.

Mr.....

will be pleased to receive, free of charge, a copy of the 'Allenburys' book 'Infant Feeding and Management' and a 7 days sample of Food No. 1.T

*Her Baby's Age is.....*



The HAPPY ENDING

DRY YOUR LETTERS WITH FORD'S

Gold Medal Absorbent BLOTTING

Absorbs ink neatly and instantly, moreover it is durable and economical. Supplied in

**22 Beautiful Colours**

*Cadet Blue, Purple, Mauve, Antique Mauve, Pale Blue, Blue, Scarlet, Brown, Mottled Grey, Buff, Deep Green, Dark Green, Moss Green, Pure Green, Apple Green, Pale Green, Orange, Brick Red, Salmon, Pink, Deep Pink and White.*

**Ask your Stationer, and look for watermark**

FORD 1928 MILL

**as your Guarantee of Quality.**



*Re-opening for Easter*

ROSAPENNA

HOTEL Co. Donegal

GOLF TENNIS

DANCING (ORCHESTRA)

Bring your Car.

*Seven Days* ..... £5 : 5 : 0.

Free Salmon and Trout Fishing



THE KING of Corn Cures is "Wellseene"

which justly bears the reputation of being the most Rapid and Painless Remover of Hard or Soft Corns and Warts. Safest and best Price 1/3, post free 1/5.

WELLS, Chemist,

20 UPPER BAGGOT ST., DUBLIN.



YOUR BABY

A Novel Feature

IN TO-DAY'S

*Weekly Irish Times*


## FOUND HANGING IN KITCHEN.

### INQUEST ON OLD AGE PENSIONER.

"Suicide during a fit of temporary insanity," was the verdict recorded by Dr. Louis A. Byrne, Dublin Coroner, at an inquest which was held in the Morgue, Dublin, yesterday, on the body of an old age pensioner, John Quinn, who was found hanging in the kitchen of his dwelling, Tramway terrace, Dollymount, Dublin, last Saturday.

Sergeant Lawlor, Civic Guard, stated that he visited the dwelling of Quinn and on getting no reply he entered the house.

In the kitchen he found the old man hanging from a trap door. He appeared to have been dead for some time.

Medical evidence showed that death was due to suffocation following strangulation.

A verdict, as stated, was returned.

Patrick Brett, of Carrick-on-Suir, caught a 30lb. salmon in the Suir yesterday morning.

CENTRAL CRIMINAL COURT.

## JUDGE'S REBUKE TO JURY.

### DISAGREEMENT AFTER THREE RETIREMENTS.

### CLOSE OF LIMERICK MURDER TRIAL.

(BEFORE MR. JUSTICE JOHNSTON.)

The hearing was concluded of the case in which Edmond Curtin (20), labourer, was charged with the murder of Eugene Ryan (8) by drowning him in a river near Kilmallock, Co. Limerick, on September 13 last.

The jury disagreed after three retirements, were rebuked by the Judge and discharged.

Mr. Carrigan, K.C., and Mr. Dudley White, K.C. (instructed by the Chief State Solicitor), prosecuted; and Mr. James Cawley (instructed by Mr. P. D. O'Grady, solicitor) defended.

The accused man, who gave evidence on his own behalf on the previous day, was cross-examined at length.

During his direct evidence Curtin said that he found the body of young Ryan in the weeds at the side of the river, and decided to take on himself the responsibility for the crime in order to bring disgrace on his family, with whom he was on bad terms for some years.

Answering Mr. Carrigan, K.C., the accused man said that it would be untrue to say that he knew Eugene Ryan except by appearance, and it was also untrue that he was with Ryan on the bank of the river on the day on which the body was found. Curiosity prompted him to see why the grass was beaten down at the spot where the body was found.

Asked by Mr. Carrigan his opinion of how the boy was drowned, Curtin said that he could not say.

Did you ever hear of anyone being drowned in ten or twelve inches of water?—No.

Do you really think that some other person drowned the boy and hid the body under the weeds, and that you, through curiosity, came upon the body?—No.

What do you think?—I do not think of anything at all.

**IMAGINATION.**

Your statement to Guard Griffin about having drowned Ryan was all imagination?—Yes, sir.

And nothing short of accusing yourself of murder would be sufficient, you thought, to disgrace your parents?—Yes, sir.

Is Dinah Cronin right in saying that you were very agitated and excited when you entered her house?—No.

I put it to you that you were very agitated and excited because you committed this very terrible crime, and that you could not help showing it?—No.

Why did you take a final leave of Dinah Cronin if you did not commit the murder?—I knew I would not see her for a few months.

Was she right in saying that you "gave a queer, unnatural laugh"?—No.

Counsel, referring to the letter to his cousin, asked the prisoner did it represent his true feelings towards his mother, and he replied that it did.

Why did you not speak out before the Justice when you saw the ordeal your mother went through, and say this is a joke and I will bring it no further?—The whole story was a concoction to bring disgrace on my parents.

I call it a horrible joke. Were you still joking horribly when you wrote that letter to your cousin?—It was only after the court that I realised the seriousness of the whole thing.

Is it a fact that until you came before the jury you never told anyone that you had misled the police, your cousin, and your mother?—I did not.

**FATHER'S EVIDENCE.**

James Curtin, father of the accused man, said that the prisoner always was a troublesome boy at home, and often slept out. The girl that accused man was keeping company with nearly drove the mother out of her mind. She actually went down on her knees and cursed the accused man. Witness saw the prisoner at the first court, and he told him that he did not commit the crime; but it would mean that he would be put in jail for a couple of months, as he had no home. Witness remembered two little boys losing their lives at the same place.

After an absence of an hour and a half the foreman of the jury informed the judge that they could not agree.

The Judge—I am afraid I cannot accept a disagreement. You will have to retire again.

The Foreman—I do not think that there is any possibility of agreement.

The Judge said that he could not understand that in a case of that kind.

The jury again retired, and after an hour and ten minutes' consideration returned to court, and again informed the judge that there was no possibility of agreeing to a verdict.

**"A DISGRACE."**

The Judge—I cannot understand it I think it is a disgrace in a case of this kind. I think you will have to consider the matter further.

One of the jurors informed the judge that there was no fire in the jury-room, and the court attendant was directed to attend to the matter.

The jury again retired.

After another hour's absence from court the jury returned at 8.15 o'clock, and the foreman again announced that an agreement was impossible. They were then discharged.

## WOMEN AND TEMPERANCE.

### THE "BONA FIDE" SYSTEM.

Presiding at the annual public meeting of the Irish Free State branch of the World's Women's Christian Temperance Union in the Dawson street Hall, Dawson street, Dublin, last night, the Rev. G. R. Elliott, who presided, said that the days had gone when people jested about women's movements: they had done so much during the last half century that there was no room for jest. The World's Women's Christian Temperance Union was almost on the verge of its jubilee; it was world-wide in its scope and very wide in its platform. It was a Christian movement, linking the human will to the Divine power. He congratulated them on the year's work. They had opened four new branches; had a fine increase of membership, and their finances seemed to be in a flourishing condition. The hope of the temperance movement was in the young. Public opinion had risen steadily in favour of temperance and against alcoholism. They were really on the winning side.

Mrs. White proposed a motion requesting the Government, in the interests of the citizens of the Irish Free State, to bring in legislation to abolish the *bona fide* system, and protesting against the granting of later trading hours in any circumstances. She said that she thought it was well that the Government should be reminded that there was in the Free State a body that was not satisfied with the present liquor legislation. Their Union here represented some 1,600 voters, as well as people whose votes they could influence, and, therefore, she thought they were a body to be reckoned with. She urged all voters to vote, and to vote for the cause of temperance.

Mrs. Webb, who seconded the motion, said that they were very grateful for what they had got from the Government, but they wanted a great deal more, and were going to press for it. She was sure that if every woman used her vote they could bring pressure to bear on the Government.

The motion was passed unanimously.

The Rev. J. M. Alley, in the course of an address dealing with the evils of strong drink, said that the gracious ministry of enlightenment had kept America prohibitionist, and that gracious ministry of enlightenment was what was wanted in this country.

Mrs. T. W. Cooke also addressed the meeting.

## BOOKBINDER'S SUDDEN DEATH.

"Death from heart failure, following congestion of the lungs," was the verdict recorded by Dr. Louis A. Byrne, Dublin Coroner, at an inquest which was held in the Morgue, Dublin, yesterday, on the body of Michael Brennan (57), a bookbinder, of 5 Blessington street, Dublin, who died suddenly last Sunday at his residence.

The weekly meeting of the Cabinet Council was held in the House of Commons yesterday.

## CORK TRACTORS FOR DETROIT.

### DESPATCH OF FIRST CONSIGNMENT.

The first consignment of tractor parts manufactured at the Cork factory of Henry Ford and Son for assembly at Detroit is at present being loaded on the steamer Hatteras at the Ford Wharf, Marina, Cork.

The Hatteras (4,571 tons gross) is one of the United States Shipping Board's fleet of ships leased to the Oriole Shipping Co., of which Messrs. Dowdall and Co. are the Cork agents. She arrived in Cork some days ago to discharge 2,300 tons of grain and 800 tons of general cargo before proceeding to Dublin and Belfast to discharge the balance of her cargo, and is taking on board here between 400 and 500 tons of manufactured tractor machinery for Detroit.

The Hatteras is commanded by Captain Moon, who commanded the vessel which brought the first cargo of manufactured parts for cars to the Cork factory ten years ago. He entertained a party to lunch on board the Hatteras yesterday, including Messrs. E. L. Clarke (manager of Henry Ford and Son, Cork); H. Scott (works manager); the American Consul, Mr. H. A. Boucher; F. P. Dowdall, Dr. J. C. Foley, J. Zierold, C. Corkery Squires, J. Coleman.

The Hatteras is expected to sail this evening.

## ARMS AND AMMUNITION IN MAYO SCHOOL.

### DUBLIN DETECTIVES' DISCOVERY.

A party of Dublin detectives operating in the Charlestown, County Mayo, district late last Monday night discovered a large dump of arms and ammunition under the floors of Cloondoyn National Schools.

The dump contained two machine guns, four machine gun pans, twenty-eight rifles, two Colt revolvers and 800 rounds of .303 ammunition. The arms and ammunition were seized by the detectives, who still are pursuing inquiries.

## RETAIL NEWSAGENTS.

### ANNUAL MEETING OF IRISH ASSOCIATION.

The Irish Retail Newsagents', Booksellers' and Stationers' Association held its annual general meeting in the Cabin Café, Talbot street, Dublin, last night, Mrs. E. Parsons, chairman, presiding.

The annual report stated that the Association continued to make progress both financially and numerically. Even at this early stage the insurance scheme, which had been in operation since 1st January, 1929, has shown results that have more than justified the optimism shown by the Committee in recommending the scheme. Over 100 members had been enrolled.

The Association now claimed to have representation throughout the whole country. During the year over 200 applications were received for new openings, and after very careful consideration and inspections only seven were granted.

The Censorship Bill, which was due this year, had occupied the Committee considerably, and deputations waited on the Minister in charge to ensure that the newsagents' interests were not overlooked.

Moving the adoption of the report, the Chairman said that the balance sheet showed a credit balance of about £100. Owing to some recent cases of distress the Committee had decided to allocate the profits from their whist drive to founding a benevolent fund.

Mr. D. J. Bridgeman seconded the motion.

Mr. J. J. Hart, supporting the motion, said that he believed that the year 1929 would be the turning point in the history of the Association. He congratulated the Committee on laying sound foundations for their future development, and they should be proud of it.

Mr. F. O'Malley, organising secretary, said that in the matter of "irregular openings" they were worse off in Dublin than in any other city in the United Kingdom.

Mr. J. Garnett said that retailers in Waterford were badly in need of organising, and he hoped their position would have the attention of the new Committee. Their difficulties in Dublin and district were mainly with the street traders. He suggested that the street traders should be organised, and if that were done he believed trouble from that source would cease.

The officers for the year 1929 were elected as follows:—Mrs. E. Parsons, chairman (re-elected); Mr. R. Motyer, vice-chairman; Mr. James Baggot, hon. treasurer; Mr. D. J. Bridgeman, hon. secretary.

**UNSOLD COPIES.**

Mr. Bridgeman, returning thanks to the meeting for electing him as hon. secretary, said that at the present moment one of the big English newspaper combines was refusing to take back unsold copies. He appealed to the newsagents to get together, as he wanted to be able to tell that combine that, if they did not act reasonably, the Irish traders would take up their challenge and tell them to keep their papers. He would like that combine to understand that the Irish traders could live without these papers. If only forty or fifty traders refused to handle this combine's publications for a fortnight they would quickly realise that business was meant.

To those who were responsible for the Censorship Bill he would say that they must have the co-operation of the trade in running that bill when it became law.

Mr. Alexander Taylor, Chairman of Northern Ireland Association, Belfast, said that the newsagents had got to impress upon wholesalers, especially upon producers and publishers, that the newsagents were an indispensable part of the Press. Without their co-operation the publisher could do very little. They must ask producers and publishers to recognise that the distributors must be considered. These concerns must support the newsagents in avoiding an undue multiplication of shops. The newsagents could not do that unless they were in a position to impress upon those people that the Association spoke for a big united body.

The following were elected as committee:—Miss Cregan, Miss Quinn, Miss Roche, Mrs. Diffney, Mrs O'Duffy, Messrs. M. Craddock, P. J. Brennan, L. Keogh, Owen O'Dockery, J. V. Clery, A. J. Kelly, P. J. Carolan, J. J. Hart, J. MacInerney, and F. Etherington.

## WIFE BREAKS DOWN IN COURT.

### DISTRICT JUSTICE REBUKES HUSBAND.

"A man of his age ought not to raise his hand to a woman, and, above all, he ought not to raise his hand to a wife who has reared him fourteen living children," said Justice Reddin, at Balbriggan, yesterday, addressing Patrick Morgan, a blacksmith, of Daveystown, Balbriggan, who was charged with assaulting his wife.

Mrs. Morgan, who said that she was afraid to live with her husband, broke down when being cross-examined by Mr. McKeever, solicitor, for the defendant, and had to be removed from court.

The accused man denied that he had ever beaten his wife, and alleged that she was selling cattle and turnips from his farm and keeping the money.

The Justice said that he had formed the opinion that Morgan was a decent man, and also he was satisfied that he was not treating his wife fairly.

The Justice convicted the accused man of assault and adjourned the case for a month to enable some working arrangement to be come to between the parties. Meanwhile Morgan was not to go near his wife's house.

## CHILD FALLS OUT OF TRAIN.

Philomena Murphy (5), of the Creamery House, Kinlough, County Leitrim, fell out of a train proceeding from Bandoran to Enniskillen. The child sustained a fractured leg, and her collar-bone also was broken, and on the arrival of the train at Enniskillen she was conveyed to the County Hospital.

## ROYAL ULSTER SHOW.

### AWARDS AT BALMORAL.

### GOOD PRICES FOR PREMIUM BULLS.

FROM OUR AGRICULTURAL CORRESPONDENT.

*BELFAST, Tuesday.*

Under wintry weather conditions, the Royal Ulster Agricultural Society opened their annual show and sale of bulls and boars at Balmoral to-day. The entries showed a slight decline compared with last year, the shrinkage taking place in the section for shorthorns. Last year, however, the display in this section was unusually big, so that it is now back to normal. There was an improvement in the section for Aberdeen-Angus, and at the sale, which brought the day's proceedings to a close, a satisfactory trade was realised. The entries as compared with last year were:—

| | 1929. | 1928. |
|---|---|---|
| Shorthorn Bulls ..... | 364 | 414 |
| ,, Heifers ... | 49 | 49 |
| Dairy Bulls ..... | 164 | 160 |
| ,, Heifers ..... | 19 | 18 |
| A.A. Bulls ..... | 65 | 46 |
| A.A. Heifers ..... | 38 | 16 |
| Pigs ..... | 83 | 36 |
| | 723 | 739 |

Mr. D. Twomey attended on behalf of the Department of Agriculture in Dublin, and, with officers of the Northern Ministry of Agriculture, awarded premiums as follows:—

| | |
|---|---|
| Double Dairy Bulls ..... | 46 |
| Single ,, ,, ..... | 21 |
| Non-pedigree Dairy Bulls ..... | 18 |
| Aberdeen-Angus Bulls ..... | 30 |
| Ulster Boars ..... | 8 |
| York Boars ..... | 2 |

Shorthorns were judged by Messrs. K. P. MacGillivray, Bunchrew, and John Mackenzie, Cononbridge.

Dairy Stock—Mr. C. Welsh, Smithborough.

Aberdeen-Angus—Mr. A. Bissett, Stocksfield-on-Tyne.

Pigs—Mr. A. Bissett.

**SHORTHORNS.**

For bulls calved before 1st September, 1927, Mr. George Bell, Moneymore, was first with the roan Augusta Coagh Field-Marshal, by Dungannon Challenger. Dr. Martin, Dungiven, followed with Sion John, a red roan of nice type, by White Boy. Mr. William Small, Markethill, was third, with Ulster Roan Count, a coming two-year-old roan by Wild Duke 26th; while Mr. R. J. Linton, Broughshane, was fourth with Ballyforlea Fascisti, and Mr. Wilson Graham, Clough, was fifth with Templereagh Cock Robin.

Out of eleven entries in the class for bulls calved on or after 1st September, 1927, to 31st December 1927, Commander Chichester Clark, Castledawson, led with Anticur Signet, a good coated roan of nice type by Copyright—Broadhooks Lily He also stood reserve for the silver medal for best Shorthorn bull bred in Ireland Mr. Jas. Shannon, Broughshane, was second with Oakland Snowflake, a level, sappy white by Coolshiney Captivator. Mr. H. Shanks, Newtownards, was third with Bellaghy Raider, a roan by Lord Clermont. Mr. M. J. Wauchob, Newtownstewart, was fourth with Laragh's Fairy Gift, and Mr. J. Hill Dickson, Ballygowan, fifth, with Riverside Viceroy.

Amongst January and February yearlings, an entry of 71 was headed by Mr. John Wallace, Dunloy, Co. Antrim, with Anticur Vice-President, a strong ribbed, level roan by Windmill White Star—Anticur Floral Augusta. He was also reserved for the Shorthorn Champion Prize. Mr. T. Campbell, Clogher, Co. Tyrone, was second with the red and white February yearling, Red Duke by Valiant. Mr. W. J. Teggart was third with Roan Warrior by Ballymoil Monarch. Fourth prize went to Dr G. M. Thompson, Bellaghy, for Bellaghy Undine King, a red roan by Lord Clermont. Mr. R. D. Best was fifth with Aghadee Keystone.

Eighty entries made up the class for March yearlings, and premier honour, as well as the breed championship, went to Mr. H. W. Stewart, Glenanne Co. Armagh, for Windmill Broadhooks Boy, a dark roan of fine type and breed character by Canbus Gold Dust. Mr. J. McAleece, Dungannon, was second with Clipper Chieftain, a promising red by Ballhayoch Alert. Mr. B. McMaster, Magherafelt, was third with Salterstown Chief, a red Butterfly bull of useful type. Mr. D. J. Lawless, Tullyhogue, was fourth with Gold Mine, and Mr. Alex Cameron, Cookstown, fifth with Inverton Rebel.

In the class for senior April calves, Mr. Thomas Moore, Donaghmore, was first with Fatherland Standard a very useful dairy bull. Mr. W. J. Hogg, Tullyveagh, Cookstown, was second with Tullyveagh Proud Prince, while Mr. M. Badger, Stewartstown, was third with April Chief, a red by Turrell Chief. Lieut.-Col. Lowry was fourth with Pomeroy King's Dragoon, while Mr. T. J. Eccles, Cookstown, was fifth with Kildress Record

# IN A WESTERN HOTEL.

## A PLACE OF SURPRISES.

(By EMILY DOWLING.)

THE hotel I speak of was not one of those edifices erected by railway companies, golf clubs and kindred bodies. These will be found to be imitations of similar institutions all the world over—and about as interesting. My hotel was one of the native growth, run by the people for the people—one of those whose very discomforts and informalities make it the more truly correspond to the claim of being a home from home. Everyone knows the sort of hotel I mean. Oftentimes it is sprung from a public-house, or even a hardware shop or general store, whose owner, from frequent requests for a night's lodging, when travelling was a more adventurous thing that it is now, gradually developed his hospitable spare room into a "hotel."

The characteristic feature of these hostels is their capacity for surprise. No two are alike in tariff, accommodation or efficiency. Some will be astonishingly dirty, dear and uncomfortable; others as surprisingly clean, up-to-date and well-managed. Yet, good, bad or indifferent, they are all characterised by a raciness, an informality, a perversity, which are lacking in the more pretentious establishments—qualities that may scare or charm, according to your luck and temper.

I had all this in mind as our train journey came to an end in the West, and we looked about for the car that was to convey us to our destination a few miles away. The journey in the third-class carriage from Dublin had been tiresome enough. Our limbs were stiff, and, while our heads were hot, the rest of our bodies shivered in the sharp wind from the Atlantic. I confess that I should have liked to travel the rest of the way in a real car—one of those "cushy," smooth-running things that seem to be so common everywhere except at bleak stations. This weakness of the flesh, however, was not to be indulged. When our carriage drew up, it turned out to be a homely Ford—a very high, ancient model, whose hood admitted extra light and air through a large hole on the top, and whose side curtains had long since ceased to function. No trace of these remained, save a square of mica, which, we were told, passengers sometimes held up to the hole in the hood when it rained very hard.

### "I WONDER!"

Real travellers, I had heard—those with the true *wanderlust*—are never cast down by trifling discomforts; so, with this heroic *dictum* in mind, I threw off my despondency, sprang into the Henry, and soon all sense of everything else was drowned in the combined roar of Lizzie's engine and the Atlantic gale, while carriage exercise of a sort I never before endured, well calculated to stir up the liver of an alderman, prevented the possibility of monotony. I yelled into my companion's ear that I feared we were travelling on a burst tyre. He signed no—it was on four.

We flew along at a pace such as only Ford cars travelling on the rim can achieve, and it was not long until the familiar long line of white-washed cottages proclaimed the Irish village. Then, with a swerve and a jolt, we drew up at the hotel, a long two-storied building, with a public-house at one side, a large yard at the other, and a glass porch in the middle—a typical hostel.

It was with some trepidation that we entered the porch. Judging from the premisses of the Ford car, I concluded that this was going to be one of the bad homes from home. The porch, however, was scrupulously clean, and smelt pleasantly of geraniums, beeswax, and soup in the distance. Soon, too, we were being interviewed by our hostess, a large, blonde woman, who welcomed us in the softest accents, but whose big, cow-like eyes (I describe them thus in praise) were serenely troubled. While we were speaking, our traps had been brought in. She laid a shapely finger dubiously on her fair cheek.

"I wonder will the room be too small for ye, at all," she remarked, "with all your luggage and everything?" "Everything," presumably, referred to the golf sticks and the one fishing-rod. From an expected guest's point of view this was a bit disconcerting.

"The bedroom," she went on, in answer to our inquiring looks—"you see, the gentlemen from the Government had to stay on another week on account of the Courts, and they are in the room you were to have, and now I don't know if the other room will fit ye at all and leave a bit of room for your luggage."

### BAGS AS INTERLOPERS.

We looked at our few modest cases in a crestfallen way. Surely she did not expect us to take a holiday without luggage, burning our changes of clothing or drowning them in some convenient lake? "Well, let us look at the room, anyway," we said, too tired to argue. "Luggage is an awful nuisance," she reiterated softly as she led the way upstairs. We began to hate our bags for interlopers and killjoys.

When she opened the bedroom door we realised why they proved such an intrusive element. The room was the smallest into which it was possible to cram two beds, two chairs, a small dressing-table and a washstand. Wardrobe there was none, for the simple reason that there was no room. Even the space under the beds was occupied by various articles, among which were the lid of a churn, a stuffed trout and a dressmaker's wire model.

"Bridget will take these away, and you can put the cases there," said our hostess—"that is, if you think the room will do." A glance at the clean, comfortable beds decided us. "It will do all right," we declared hastily, fearful of alternatives. She looked relieved, and began to thump confidently the beds, which sprang up and down on softly-billowing mattresses, made from the feathers of her own geese, she assured us.

"And now, I suppose, you will be having your tea," she concluded. "What would you like with it?" "Oh, anything you have," we murmured without interest. After the snag of the Ford car and the small bedroom we were afraid to hope for anything more tempting with our tea than a bit of sticky marmalade, a tinned apricot, or, perhaps, a musty tomato.

### A HAPPY SURPRISE.

Wonders, however, will never cease. When we were summoned down to the bright, clean, airy dining-room, we found spread on a snowy cloth a meal that would have satisfied the hungriest of hunters, and even given an epicure no cause to grumble. There were ham and chicken and cold ox-tongue laid on one side, while under hot covers were some lake trout, grilled and served with cresses and buttered toast. A dish of late raspberries, some baked apples and a custard pudding offered themselves as a sort of a third course. The tea was made in a blue delf pot, and served in lovely china cups, with cream in generous quantities. Nor was this meal a mere spurt for the evening. All subsequent ones, though informal in procedure, were equally good in essence. Such are the mysteries of hotel-keeping.

While tea was in progress a figure appeared to remove the used dishes. I have not called the figure a waitress; for by that you might imagine a trim maid in a black dress, white apron, cap and cuffs. This figure wore no such conventional costume. Bridget was waitress, boots, and maid of all work, but she wore no livery.

### BRIDGET.

She was a tall woman of about forty-five, combining in her dress and person a strange mixture of the primitive and the modern, or, perhaps, it was of the mannish and the feminine. Her face was large and bony, her head squarely poised on her broad shoulders. Her carriage was erect and her step decided. Her strong, hairy arms were bare almost to her shoulder. Her dark eyes were almost concealed by spectacles. Her black hair was bobbed and fell in a glib across her brow, as one sees it in those pictures of the-old-Irish soldier, quaintly called a "gallowglass." Indeed, Bridget was not unlike a female gallowglass, and, I am afraid, would in no circumstances have passed muster in any modern fashion-parade of women. She wore a jumper of coarse wool, a check apron, and a skirt which, with some fearful perversity, reversed the peacock fashion. While it dipped in front almost to meet her toes, at the back it was so curtailed as to reveal the fact that she wore elastic-sided books.

As a waitress, Bridget at first proved somewhat terrible. She rarely spoke, and, while she presented the food like any light-handed Phyllis, her gestures became almost threatening if she was delayed a moment in collecting the used dishes. She would crack her fingers and work her eyebrows up under her glib, so that for some days we lived in fear of receiving the contents of the teapot or a poached egg as punishment for some unconscious act of dilatoriness.

Imagine our surprise, then, when one morning she asked us in a deep, mysterious voice if we would like a drink of clean water. A question of this kind addressed to the late Sultan of Turkey or one of the Borgias would certainly cause these magnificent people to sit up suddenly. We merely laughed and accepted. "A drink of the clean spring water does be lovely," said Bridget, as she returned with two sparkling tumblers. "I do bring it back from the well in the field, sometimes, when I'm milking. That ould wather in the pump would poison you, it is so soft." We caught a flash of a smile in her spectacles.

### HER LEISURE HOUR.

After that we discovered that Bridget was only a human woman. She told us that she played the melodeon and asked me "does patent shoes be dear in Dublin?" saying that she would love a pair for going to Mass on Sundays. I expect that is the only time she would have for wearing them; for she never seemed to cease from labouring, serving table, scrubbing, milking, feeding calves and poultry—that was her job. "But I think the cooking is the worst of all," she would say, meaning that her soft-spoken mistress had the heavier end of the stick.

On occasion, even Bridget had a little leisure, and one evening she invited me to hear her play the melodeon in the kitchen. She was dressed up for the event, and wore a pink blouse, a long white apron, and bright tan shoes. She played dozens of airs with great feeling and spirit, working her eyebrows vigorously all the time.

"Back home I used to be great for playing at dances," she confided. "Over here they wouldn't be bothered with the melodeon. They must have a band." Thus I gathered that the young people who patronised the local *Palais de Danse* (Gents. 8d., Ladies 4d.) had no use for poor Bridget's melodeon.

I asked Bridget if she herself danced. Not now. When she was younger she danced rings round her, and had had a neat foot. She added reminiscently that she got her feet from her mother, who was the finest dancer in the county—and the best-looking. Her sprightliness had caused her father many a jealous pang. Her mother had a great way for business, and herself used to take to market the pigs which her husband reared extensively. On market day she would dress herself in her finest clothes, and come home with top prices in her pocket.

### A FINE, FORAGING MAN.

Her successes at the fair did not serve to allay her husband's jealousy, and even while she was in the act of recounting her triumphs, to chasten her he would think nothing of emptying a bucket of mash over her finery. "Take off them deckins," he would roar. "It was my good pigs made the money, not your flummery-flaws!"

"He would use language beyond the beyonds," said Bridget; "and then he would get sorry and force money on her to buy a new dress. In the end he gave up his language altogether," she added delicately, "and only said 'Holy smoke' or 'Janey.' It was the asthma killed him."

"And your mother?" I asked. "Oh, she's still alive," said Bridget. "She never married again," she added, divining my thoughts. "'I will keep your father's memory green,' she used to say to us; 'for, with all his faults, he was a fine, foragin' man for a family, and, while he had an arm, would never let hunger inside of the door. God rest his soul.'"

To which we will say "Amen," while recommending bad-tempered husbands to the clemency of their wives, only providing that they are, with all their faults, fine, foraging men for a family.

# ANOTHER SECRET OF THE WAR.

## REPRISALS THREAT SAVES OFFICER'S LIFE.

Lord Halsbury, speaking at a League of Nations meeting in Kensington last night, told how the threat of reprisals saved the life of a British officer who was under sentence of death by the Germans.

At Christmas, 1916, he said, he happened to be with a squadron of aeroplanes in the Vosges. The Germans had just captured a British captain in the same circumstances in which Captain Fryatt was taken, and they had condemned him to be shot.

"I got orders direct from the Admiralty to load up all machines, and be ready to go over the nearest German town, and bomb men, women and children if the execution was carried out. Those orders from the Admiralty were allowed to leak out in Berlin. The man was not shot, but he would have been if we had not been ready to carry out the threat."

## IRISH LIGHTS SERVICE.

### NO DATE FIXED FOR TRANSFER TO FREE STATE.

In the House of Commons yesterday, Mr. Kelly (Labour, Rochdale) asked whether a date had been agreed to for the taking over of the Irish Lights service by the Free State.

Mr. Williams (Parliamentary Secretary to the Board of Trade)—No, sir. The future of the Irish Lights service is still under the consideration of His Majesty's Governments in the United Kingdom and in the Irish Free State, and I regret that I cannot state when a decision is likely to be reached.

### THE DON COSSACKS CHOIR.

The last concert in the "International Celebrity" series, to take place at the Theatre Royal, Dublin, next Saturday afternoon, will introduce the choir of the Don Cossacks, under their conductor, Serge Jaroff. The choir, of almost forty members, has surprised audiences elsewhere by its dramatic singing of Russian folk ballads and other choral works of a distinctive kind, including sacred motets. The choral technique differs from that of English choirs in many respects, and the constitution of the choir is remarkable for the presence of a number of singers possessing the peculiar deep Russian bass tone.

# AN IRISHMAN'S DIARY.

*Mummers in the North : A Problem of Pay : A New Wren Book.*
*Apples in Armagh : Smithfield's Danger : "Massive."*
*Drunkenness in Dublin : A Dublin Convent.*

### *Mummers.*

An Ulsterman in Dublin writes: Your reference to the Wexford mummers recalls to my memory some pleasant Christmases in the North when, with face well blacked by burnt cork, I accompanied parties of youngsters from house to house rhyming old lines that had come down by word of mouth from time immemorial, so far as anybody in the locality knew.

At each house we opened with some lines chanted jointly, and then one boy said something in the character of St. George, and called on a second champion who, in turn, called on a doctor and so on until every boy in the party had taken his turn. We dressed the parts as well as we could, and Beelzebub, Cromwell and other redoubtable figures in history and mythology were generally represented.

I was the smallest of the group, and my part was that of "Little Devil Doubt," and I remember that my particular weapon was a broomstick! Most of the words of the rhymes have escaped my memory, but my own used to run:—

"Here come I, Little Devil Doubt,
If you don't give me money, I'll hit you a clout.
Money I want and money I crave.
And if I don't get it I'll sweep you all to the grave."

These juvenile mumming parties were not so well organised as those in Wexford evidently are, and I have not come across any of them in recent years in Tyrone or Antrim, where they were common enough over twenty years ago.

### *To-day's Good Gestes.*

When Major P. C. Wren wrote "Beau Geste," and when that remarkable book was hailed almost universally as the best adventure tale of modern times, he became committed to the writing of a veritable saga. "Beau Sabreur" followed, and then "Bean Ideal." These were not so good—how could they be?—but they were in the same heroic spirit, and had the same stark colour, drawn from life with the Foreign Legion in the African desert.

MAJOR P. C. WREN.

Now comes a fourth book, "Good Gestes" (Murray, 7s. 6d. net), published today, which is a collection of short stories, with the links. The stories mostly are told to the brothers, but in some the brothers are actors. A grim humour is in all, and a few end in drollery; but most of them are terrible, gruesome and tragic. I have read the book with engrossed interest, and I set it next to "Beau Geste." The author's resourcefulness in plot and his unwaning richness in local colour are remarkable. Some of these tales have pith enough for full-size novels; and if, sometimes, the connection with the Geste saga is strained, or the horror of torture, wrath and vengeance almost overwhelming, the book is not less notable, or less sure of a welcome by all Major Wren's admirers.

### *1872-1929.*

"In 1872 a predecessor of mine entered in this book that on a normal day the number of charges of drunkenness was 47." This statement was made by Mr. George P. Cussen, Senior Metropolitan District Justice, during the hearing of a licensing prosecution in the Dublin District Court recently. Mr. Cussen added that the average number of charges of drunkenness at present was four daily. This is a very satisfactory state of affairs, but it is probably attributable to the price of intoxicating liquors in recent years—it is now about five times as high as it was in 1872.

### *Victorian Treasures.*

It is curious how the once-despised *objets d'art* of Victorian times are now coming back into favour again. A new lure for the collector is the acquisition of trays, inkstands, boxes, etc., made of papier-mâché, which enjoyed a great vogue about one hundred years ago. The early pieces, which were simple in design and very pleasing, were painted by artists such as Raven, Bird, and Voss; then, about 1830, Joseph Booth introduced shell decoration, and Oriental designs of temples and pagodas were employed. But though papier-mâché is regarded as Victorian, it is in reality a much older art. It was well known in China at an early date, and the helmets of Japanese soldiers were made of the substance associated with tea-trays of the 'forties.

### *A Dublin Convent.*

People walking along Ranelagh road will notice, almost under the railway bridge, a tall iron gate, which bears in gilt letters the name of St. Joseph's Carmelite Convent. There is an interesting piece of local history connected with this spot. In the 18th century a house called Willbrook stood here, occupied by the Right Rev. William Barnard, successively Bishop of Raphoe and Derry. After his death in 1768 it was bought by an organ-builder from London, who modelled a house of entertainment on the lines of the famous Ranelagh Gardens in the English capital. There was a theatre, and a garden with alcoves and bowers for tea-drinkers, and a fine band played to the fashionable throngs that frequented the place. In short, it left its impress on the district in the name of "Ranelagh," which completely superseded the original name of Cullenswood.

### *"The Irish Brogue."*

A correspondent writes:—Your article in last Wednesday's "Diary" regarding the origin of the word "brogue" recalls to my mind a footnote to the introduction of the "Easter Song of Sedulius," with reference to the words "Hilary wore the Gallic cothurn." It reads:—"Cothurnus was the buskin in use upon the stage in serious drama. Now an idiomatic version of Jerome's phrase would be that 'Hilary has a Gallic brogue'—hence we come to the curious and interesting discovery that in using the words 'an Irish brogue' one repeats a classic metaphor; for the Irish word 'bróg' (buskin) is equivalent to cothurnus. Thus we find explained, unexpectedly, what seemed inexplicable."

### *Apples in Armagh.*

In the County Armagh, which has been called the "Apple Garden of Ireland," there are many people greatly concerned about the future of the orchards and the prospects of those who cultivate them. Last autumn alone thousands of tons of apples went to waste because no market could be found for them, and the opinion is expressed that if something is not done, and that at once, a once profitable industry will be lost forever to the country.

One solution to the trouble lies in the establishment of a fruit-canning factory, and for some time past such a project has been discussed. At the end of last summer representative business men from Portadown conferred with the officials of the North of Ireland Ministry of Agriculture, and a committee was formed to make investigations and to discuss details, and within the last few weeks the possibility of establishing a fruit-canning industry has again been the topic among those concerned.

There are nearly five thousand acres of land devoted to apple-growing in Armagh, and the growers can only find a sale for their first-grade fruit, while the second grade—the medium-sized apples—which form 50 per cent. of the crop are simply so much waste. While the Government have vigorously advocated the spraying and pruning of the fruit trees the growers have, for the most part, adopted the fatalistic attitude and say: "What is the use of tending our orchards and producing bigger crops when there is no market?" The result is that all interest is being lost, and some people are even contemplating "scrapping" their orchards altogether. Such a step would be a calamity, and, if decisive steps are not taken promptly in the matter, one of the most valuable industries of the North of Ireland will deteriorate as the years go on, and finally disappear completely.

### *A Mathematical Problem.*

A curious sum given in the Diary a few days ago has brought from a correspondent a problem which will probably puzzle many of my readers.

The question for the reader is: if you had the choice of two posts commencing at equal salaries, but one having a progressive rise of £5 every six months and the other a progressive rise of £14 every twelve months, which would you accept?

Probably nine readers out of ten, without knowing there was "a catch somewhere," would choose the £14 yearly rise, but the £5 every six months is the better, as is shown in the following table, giving the amount received for each six months. Suppose the initial salary was £100 per annum, for ten years we get:—

| A. £14 Yearly Rise. | £ | B. £5 Half-yearly Rise. | £ Year. |
|---|---|---|---|
| | | 1st 6 months | 50 |
| 1st year ..... | 100 | 2nd " | 55–105 |
| | | 3rd " | 60 |
| 2nd year ..... | 114 | 4th " | 65–125 |
| | | 5th " | 70 |
| 3rd year ..... | 128 | 6th " | 75–145 |
| | | 7th " | 80 |
| 4th year ..... | 142 | 8th " | 85–165 |
| | | 9th " | 90 |
| 5th year ..... | 156 | 10th " | 95–185 |
| | | 11th " | 100 |
| 6th year ..... | 170 | 12th " | 105–205 |
| | | 13th " | 110 |
| 7th year ..... | 184 | 14th " | 115–225 |
| | | 15th " | 120 |
| 8th year ..... | 198 | 16th " | 125–245 |
| | | 17th " | 130 |
| 9th year ..... | 212 | 18th " | 135–265 |
| | | 19th " | 140 |
| 10th year ..... | 226 | 20th " | 145–285 |
| Total 10 years | £1,630 | Total 10 years | £1,950 |

### *Lady Turner's Enterprise.*

When Lady Turner was Lady Mayoress of Belfast, she instituted an opera week in Belfast, in the Grand Opera House, in aid of the hospitals. The operas were produced and presented by Madame Drinkwater and Mrs. Herbert Nixon, and the artists came from Madame Drinkwater's pupils. These opera weeks were always a success, and were annual events. On Monday last the first meeting of the Committee was held in Annadale House, the residence of Lady Turner, who is at present abroad with Sir William. Miss Turner took her mother's place, and it was decided that the operas to be produced this year will be "The Gondoliers" and "La Fille de Madame Angot." Everybody knows "The Gondoliers," and its popularity is marked; but "La Fille de Madame Angot" has never been produced by amateurs in Belfast, while it is twenty-five years since it has appeared in a professional company's programme. It is a comic opera, full of fun and amusing situations, and is so popular in France that it has to be played in Paris every fortnight. Great praise is due to Lady Turner and her friends for all the pains they take in such a worthy cause.

LADY TURNER.

### *Danger to Smithfield.*

The Recorder of Belfast, His Honour Judge Thompson, has recently made sweeping proposals regarding the control and management of the 'buses coming into the city. As he remarks, there are no really suitable parking grounds for all the cars coming into and leaving the capital daily, and the result is that various streets, never intended for such, are being used as termini, much to the inconvenience of the inhabitants.

Judge Thompson suggests that the Corporation should utilise Smithfield square for the site of a 'bus station, where buildings could be erected, such as a basement for tools and petrol and so on, a repair shop, lavatory, public waiting-room and parcels office, essentials which are badly needed at present.

As most people know, Smithfield Market is a real old Belfast landmark, and a place where many decent people earn a livelihood, not to mention the fact that it is the happy hunting ground of all kinds of people, who delight to roam through its musty passages, poking here amongst a pile of old books, and there admiring some old furniture, and, in short, take full toll of the pleasures afforded. The Belfast public will not receive news of Smithfield's destruction with equanimity, and even already, though the scheme is only suggested, protests are being made.

### *"Massive."*

A quaint expression which seems to be peculiar to Ireland is the word "massive," used to describe objects of admiration. The first occasion on which I heard it used had rather a dampening effect on my spirits. Coming downstairs in a new frock, I said to the maid: "Well, Mary, how do I look?" "Oh, ma'am, you look massive!" was her reply. I'm afraid that I took it literally at the time, but later on I came to hear the expression used indiscriminately for anything, from a cake she had baked to the weather. And since Mary's time several of her successors have been addicted to this strange use (or abuse) of the word "massive"; in fact, it seems to be a particular favourite with Irish servants.

### *The Pedestrians of Belfast.*

Walking along Royal avenue, Belfast, on a recent visit to the Northern capital I could not fail to notice the "Cross Here" signs, and thought well of the city because of those indicators put up in the interests of the safety of the public; but why, I wondered, had not this excellent idea been carried further by having also "Keep to the Left" notices displayed? If I walked on the left-hand side, or on the right-hand side, or on the middle of the footpath, I met people. So far as the rule of the footpath, or, rather, absence of it, is concerned, Belfast and Dublin have something in common.

### *Lady Victoria Haig.*

Lady Victoria Haig, who is accompanying her mother, Countess Haig, on her tour of the Irish Free State area of the British Legion, will remember her visit to Dublin, not only on account of the wonderful reception which she received there, but by reason of the fact that in the Irish capital she made her maiden speech. Lady Victoria attended the conference of ex-Service men in the Mansion House last Saturday, and appeared to be very much surprised address the meeting. Like a true sportswoman, however, she rose, and, facing the great gathering with composure, announced that she had never made a speech in her life before. Her speech was short, simple, and charming in its sincerity. She said what she had to say and sat down, amid applause characteristic of the enthusiasm of ex-Service men. Lady Victoria Haig has already, like her mother, endeared herself to Irish hearts.

LADY V. HAIG.

### *An Ulster Player Passes.*

The news of the death of "Artie" Gilmer, which occurred at his Dublin residence on Monday, writes a correspondent, will come as a profound shock to all who were connected with the early days of the Ulster Literary Theatre, for some years past favourably known in Dublin as the Ulster Players. He was one of the original members of the courageous little band of pioneers who created a new drama in Ireland, and, incidentally, induced the Ulster people to cultivate the healthy habit of laughing at themselves.

Although he had been a dozen years or so in Dublin before his death—he was connected with a musical firm here—he never lost the unmistakable Ulster accent and the "pawkiness" which made him such a tower of strength to the players more than a score of years ago. Tall and loosely built, he was the dour County Down farmer to the life, and in "The Drone," which is such a favourite with Dublin audiences, was an ideal foil for the genial, happy-go-lucky Uncle Dan, as portrayed by Harry Morrow (better known to play-goers as "Gerald MacNamara"). In private life "Artie" had a fund of dry humour, which made him a delightful companion.

### *Hard Times.*

When I was out in Kingstown a few days ago I heard the sound of music from the direction of Upper George's street, and, on making investigations, I found the ex-Service men's band entertaining the shoppers and shopkeepers.

I stopped for a moment to speak to the man who had charge of the collecting box, and he told me that they were not doing particularly well, although, on the other hand, Kingstown people appeared to be more charitably inclined than the folk in other suburbs.

According to the experience of these ex-Service men, there would seem to be any amount of beggars going the round of the residential districts telling the tale that they are "on the rocks" because they cannot get employment on account of the fact that they have been in the British Army. These beggars are, for the most part, fraudulent, and they are doing any amount of harm to the genuine ex-Service men, who often are turned away empty-handed because charitable persons do not know whether the applicant is telling the truth or not.

In my own experience I have found that there are very few professional beggars who are ex-Service men, and the latter are nearly always above soliciting alms, even though they may be in the direst want.

### *"Good Day, Your Majesty."*

Now that the Pope once again has become a temporal sovereign more intercourse, naturally, will take place between the Vatican and the various reigning houses of Europe. It is unlikely that the slip which King Edward VII. is alleged to have made at Maynooth College in 1904 will be repeated.

On that occasion the King was received by Cardinal Logue. No doubt, he had spoken with princes of the Church before; but it was certainly more his custom to speak with princes of royal birth. In any case, he momentarily forgot the proper method of address to a cardinal—"Your Eminence." So that when Cardinal Logue greeted him at the gates with "Good day, Your Majesty," King Edward smiled, extended his hand, and replied: "Good day, Your Majesty." Saying this, he entered through the college gate into the Cardinal's kingdom!

QUIDNUNC.

### A PREHISTORIC AXE.

Mr. Paul Flynn, of Tipperary, the well-known antiquary and historian, author of "The Book of the Galtees and the Golden Vein," has presented to the National Museum, Dublin, a stone axe of rare type, found in the vicinity of Kilmallock, Co. Limerick. It is oval in cross-section and double hog-backed in longitudinal, with flattened edge and sharpened butt. It resembles closely a group of axes found at Clayton Hill, Sussex, and is chipped and only partly-polished. Mr. L. S. Gogan, of the National Museum, assigns it to a date between 3000 and 2500 B.C.

Glamorgan Education Committee yesterday decided not to nominate any of their students for apprenticeships in the Royal Air Force, or any other arm of the fighting services.

## DUBLIN GATE THEATRE.

### DATE OF RE-OPENING

The Dublin Gate Theatre will re-open for its second season at the Peacock Theatre, Abbey street, on Tuesday next, 5th March. Owing to a misunderstanding the opening date was given in our columns for yesterday.

Tolstoy's play, "The Powers of Darkness," will be the opening production, with Hilton Edwards, M. MacLiammoir, Coralie Carmichael and May Carey in the cast. An interesting feature of the play is that the murder scene will be presented in the original as well as the alternative form.

Mr. James Stack, Clerk to the Balrothery Union and District Council, has resigned, after fifty-one years' service.

### EX-SERVICE MEN, 100 A.D.

In a lecture at Rathgar Presbyterian Church last night Mr. Jack White related his experiences on a journey across North Africa, and described the excavations carried out during the past thirty years in the town of Timgad, built about 100 A.D., under the orders of the Emperor Trajan, for veteran soldiers. That city, said the lecturer, had been built on a system of town planning that would put to shame our modern towns. For their heroic war services the veterans were allowed to live free from taxation, and soon the city grew very prosperous. In the sixth century the Arabs burned the city down and for 1,200 years it lay covered with sand.

The lecture was illustrated by lantern slides showing picturesque desert scenes.

## HERMIONE LECTURES.

### PAINTING IN MEDIÆVAL ENGLAND.

Yesterday afternoon Mr. W. G. Constable, Assistant Director of the National Gallery, London, delivered the first of a series of Hermione Lectures at Alexandra College, Dublin. The subject this year is "Mediæval Painting, in Book, on Panel and on Wall," and the title of the first lecture was "Painting in Mediæval England."

The Archbishop of Dublin (Most Rev. Dr. Gregg), who is a Visitor of the College, presided, and, in introducing the lecturer, spoke of Mr. Constable's visit four years ago, when he lectured on eighteenth century Italian painting. The Hermione Lectureship, he said, had been founded and the first lecture given in 1896 to commemorate Hermione, Duchess of Leinster.

"The ground I propose to cover is so extraordinarily wide," Mr. Constable said, "all I can do is to point out a few of the main roads, and, perhaps, put up a few sign posts. You must not imagine that what I say does anything more than point out a few salient points in a vast subject.

The period extends from the year 300 to the middle of the fifteenth century. When I use the terms English, French, German and Italian, you must remember that these are only geographical labels. In the Middle Ages, from a cultural point of view, Europe was far more unified than it is to-day. Italy alone stands out as an exception to this rule. The kind of international Gothic art common at the end of the fourteenth century was the last efflorescence of Gothic art; it was not until after that time that truly national art began to come into existence.

### UNIFORMITY.

Touching on some of the causes of this uniformity of culture in Europe in the Middle Ages, there were two great forces—the State and the Church, both truly international institutions, that moved and worked outside narrow political boundaries. Though the ordinary man was singularly tied down, scholars and artists could move about freely, if slowly. In particular, craftsmen and artists of all kinds wandered widely and far. We have to abandon the idea that mediæval art and painting were the work primarily of religious bodies, of the monks; that used to be the current idea, but modern investigation shows that throughout the country early in the middle ages artists were laymen, though the Church figures as mainly the centre of such matters. A large amount of work was commissioned for the Church by laymen. It was the wandering artist who helped in bringing about uniformity of style.

Mediæval art is not confined to canvas or panel. It appears on walls, in illuminated manuscripts, glass and embroidery.

After the foundation of the Byzantine Empire there was a long period of decline in European art: the only places where art flourished were in Byzantium itself and Ravenna, in Italy.

### BYZANTINE ART.

Lantern slides were shown illustrating the different phases of art in the period covered. Among them were a mosaic from a church in Ravenna, showing scenes from the life of Christ, the Virgin and Child, and the adoration of the Magi. Byzantine art has two main features: it tends to symbolism rather than narrative, and introduces the human element in a way that had not been done previously. In the British Isles Byzantine art was first turned to local uses. Ireland up to the ninth century was one of the greatest centres of illuminating work, and through the missionary activities of the Irish the influence of Irish illumination made itself felt in other countries.

The two main examples surviving of illumination done in Ireland are "The Book of Kells," in Trinity Conllege, and the "Lindisfarn Gospels." The main characteristic of this work—generally termed Celtic—is the elaboration of decoration, all kinds of ornamentation, interlaced motives, and grotesque animal forms. It is important to remember that, splendid as this Celtic illumination is, it is not an original art on which later arts were founded, but is rather an elaboration and exploitation of Byzantine art.

### GREAT SCHOOLS.

In the tenth century Winchester was the centre of a great school of painting, and again, after the Norman conquest, it was the main centre of illumination. St. Albans, in the twelfth and thirteenth centuries, was one of the greatest centres of art in the whole of Western Europe; a prominent figure in the art of that period was Matthew Paris. Late in the thirteenth century St. Albans lost its predominance, and Westminster came to be famous. Henry III. brought together artists from all over Europe to create one of the most beautiful buildings in Christendom. A retable now in the Abbey was among the works prepared at that time, and due to the inspiration of Henry III. For a century Westminster was the main centre of art in England—painting in particular. Early in the fourteenth century East Anglia leaped into predominance, and produced a remarkable series of illuminated manuscripts, regarded by many as the greatest product of mediæval art.

### THE ETON PAINTINGS.

In showing a slide of the wall paintings of the miracles of the Virgin in Eton College Chapel, Mr Constable told how they had been discovered in 1846, when some panels were removed from the walls, revealing these pictures behind. It was decided that the paintings were of such a character that they would corrupt the minds of those who saw them. They were to be hacked off the walls, and one tier had been removed when a great personage came and mercifully stopped the destruction, but the paintings were concealed. During an exhibition of British primitives at Burlington House the question of the Eton wall paintings came up, with the result that they are now revealed, and put in proper order, and have been recognised as one of the greatest monuments to English mediæval art.

Other slides shown were the Chichester Roundel, from the wall of Chichester Palace; a page of William de Brailles' Psalter, a page of Queen Mary's Psalter, the Wilton Tryptich, a rood screen from an East Anglian church, the Canterbury painting of St. Paul at Malta, and the Utrecht Psalter.

The subject of to-day's lecture will be "Painting in Mediæval France."

## IN AN IRISH GARDEN.

### A REMARKABLE ORCHID.

In her well-appointed and nicely-laid-out gardens at Castle Forbes, County Longford, the Countess of Granard has a remarkable plant of the hybrid *Cymbidium Ceres*. It has 17 spikes and 245 flowers, a wealth of bloom so far unknown in any Cymbidium orchid. This plant, with its nicely shaded flowers, makes a pleasing appeal to the eye, and because of its wonderful development is a source of interest to orchid lovers.

To keep it company there are 147 established Cymbidium plants and 100 imported. These include a fine flowering specimen of *Cymbidium Pauwelsii Brugense*.

Carnations are cultivated largely, a glass-house, measuring 100 feet long by 30 feet wide, being devoted to these alone. This is a thoroughly modern structure with overhead heating specially arranged for the purpose. There are 5,200 plants in hands, and of these 2,200 have been planted out under the glass. All the plants are raised from cuttings, rooted and planted out in the house.

Lady Granard takes great personal interest in her gardens, and every department—flower, fruit and vegetable—receives the most scrupulous attention. She has a *penchant* for such colours as pink and mauve, and in the arrangement of the flower beds Mr. Boyle, head gardener, sees to it that the desired results are forthcoming in appropriate masses.

### NEW IRISH COMPANIES.

The following new Irish companies have been registered:—

Carboleen Company, Ltd.—(Private Company).—Registered office, not stated, Irish Free State. Nominal capital—£3,000 divided into 3,000 shares of £1 each. Subscribers to memorandum and articles of association, one share each:—Edwin Joseph Dicker, 34 Lower Abbey street, Dublin, manufacturing chemist; Charles Augustine McParland, "Coolbawn," Orwell road, Rathgar, Co. Dublin, gentleman. names of First Directors:—Edwin Joseph Dicker, Charles Augustine McParland, George John Burtenshaw.

Hibernian Taxi Company, Ltd.—(Private Company).—Registered office, not stated, Irish Free State. Nominal capital—£1,000 divided into 1,000 shares of £1 each. Subscribers to memorandum and articles of association, 333 shares each:—Michael Henry Hannigan, 30 Schoolhouse lane, Dublin, secretary; Mary Anne Hannigan, Main street, Cashel, Co. Tipperary, spinster; Elizabeth Hannigan, Main street, Cashel, Co. Tipperary, spinster. The above are first directors.

## BROADCASTING.

### TO-DAY.

**DUBLIN (2RN)—411 Metres.**

1.30-2.0 p.m.—Weather Forecast and Gramophone Record Recital. 6.0—Gramophone Concert. 6.15—Uair i dTir na nOg—Maire Ni Oluin Mhic Home, Ann Penhallow. 7.0—Household Talk, Josephine Redington. 7.10—Talk, "Round Ireland in a Caravan"—Honor Brown. 7.30—Gaelic—Michael O Maolain as Araim. 7.45—German—O Von Wenckstern. 8.0—St. James's Brass and Reed Band, Conductor—Michael Farrell. Music: "The Middy" (Alford); overture, "The Siege of Rochelle" (Balfe); "Berceuse de Jocelyn" (Godard); Incidental Music to "Shakespeare's Henry VIII." (Sullivan); selection "The Desert Song" (Romberg). 9.0—Nora Finn (contralto), "The Time of Roses" (Quiller), "To Now will I my Love Discover" (Strauss), "O, Mio Dear" (trad.), "A Little Old Garden" (Hesse), "Clorinda" (Orlando Morgan). 9.15—String Orchestra—"L'Apres midi d'une Faune" (Debussy). 9.30—Elly Mannaghan (soprano), "Wayfarer's Night Song" (E. Martin), "The Piper Spring" (E. Newton), "The Love Waltz" (E. Harold), "The Crucifix," "Thou Art Flown." 9.45—"Pen Wellington" (Charles Reade). Gems scenes from "Masks and Faces." Presented by Evelyn Ashley, Flora M'Donnell and Company. 10.15—Station Celeste Orchestra—"Frolics and Fancies" (Adams). 10.30—Weather Forecast and close down.

**BELFAST (2BE)—302.7 Metres** (991 Kc.)

12.0-1.0—Gramophone Records. 2.30—London Programme relayed from Daventry. 3.45—Scandinavian Music. Orchestra—Entrance of the Boyards (Halvorsen); Norwegian Suite, Op. 17, "Gavotte," being first movement, by Holger Drachmann's "Gurre" (Halvorsen); Norwegian Dances, Nos. 1 and 2 (Grieg). 4.20—Vocal Interlude by Hazel Martin (soprano): "God is Mine" (Handel); "The Knitting Song" (Piccelli); "The Rosebud" and "Serenade" (Schubert). 4.32—Orchestra: Overture, "Peer and Peasant" (Suppe); Selection, "Carmen" (Bizet, arr. De Groot and Woodhouse); "Intermezzo" (Nocturne) (Liszt); Characteristic Piece, "The Grasshoppers" (Bucalossi); March, "Lord of Foot" (Latann). 5.15—The Children's Hour. 6.0—Organ Recital, relayed from the Cinema. 6.15—London. 6.30—Royal Horticultural Society's Weekly Bulletin. 6.40-11.10—London.

**LONDON (2LO)—353 Metres** (838 Kc.) **and DAVENTRY (5XX)—1,581.5 Metres** (192 Kc.).

10.15—The Daily Service. 10.30—Time Signal, Greenwich; Weather Forecast. 10.45—Mrs. Strachey: "A Woman's Commentary." 11.0—Gramaphone Records. 12.0—A Recital of Gramophone Records, arranged by Mr. Christopher Stone. 2.30—Broadcast to Schools. 3.30—Mrs. M. M. Priestley: Reading for Busy Women—VI., Romances. 3.45—Light Classical Concert. 4.45—Organ Recital. 5.15—The Children's Hour. 6.0—Gramophone Records. 6.15—Time Signal,

# "CHRISTIES"

(CHRISTIE, MANSON, & WOODS) respectfully give notice that they will hold the following SALES BY AUCTION at their Great Rooms, 8 King street, St. James's Square, London, S.W.1, commencing each day at one o'clock precisely.

TO-MORROW (THURSDAY), FEB. 28. DECORATIVE FURNITURE from various sources. On view.

ON FRIDAY, MARCH 1. MODERN PICTURES AND DRAWINGS, the property of S. F. WORSEY, ESQ., deceased, late of "Wynyate," 17, Woodbourne road, Edgbaston, Birmingham. Modern Pictures, the property of the RT. HON. VISCOUNT HAMBLEDEN. Also Modern Pictures and Water-Colour Drawings from various sources. On view.

ON MONDAY, MARCH 4. DRAWINGS AND ETCHINGS, by Sam Palmer, the property of A. H. PALMER, ESQ., of 3863 34th Avenue, West Vancouver, B.C. Etchings by Rembrandt and other artists, the property of a Gentleman; also Etchings by William Blake and Edward Calvert, the property of MRS. JOHN RICHMOND, and Pictures and Drawings by or attributed to:—George Richmond, R.A.; M. R. Corbet A.R.A.; Edward Calvert, R. Dodd, E. M. Winnperis and others. On view. May be viewed on the THURSDAY and FRIDAY preceding.

ON TUESDAY, MARCH 5. THE CHOICE COLLECTION OF PORCELAIN AND DECORATIVE FURNITURE, formed by S. F. WORSEY, ESQ., deceased, late of Wynyate, Woodbourne road, Edgbaston, including numerous examples of old Worcester Porcelain, with scale blue, apple green and other coloured grounds; Chelsea, Derby, Sevres, Dresden, and other Porcelain; Chippendale Mahogany Chairs and Tables, a Queen Anne Walnut Table with needlework top, and Jacobean Walnut Chairs. On view. May be viewed on the FRIDAY and MONDAY preceding.

ON WEDNESDAY, MARCH 6. OLD ENGLISH SILVER PLATE, the property of S. F. WORSEY, ESQ., deceased, late of Wynyate, Woodbourne road, Edgbaston, the property of a Gentleman; and from various sources, including William III and Queen Anne trencher saltcellars, Queen Anne Porringers, Georgian salvers, breakfast, tea and coffee pots, and services of forks and spoons, a few early English Spoons, and Old Sheffield plated articles. On view. May be viewed TWO DAYS preceding.

ON THURSDAY, MARCH 7. OLD ENGLISH FURNITURE AND PORCELAIN, the property of CAPT. G. PITT-RIVERS, of the Manor House, Hinton St. Mary, Dorset, and mostly formerly the property of the last Lord Rivers, including Chippendale Mahogany Chairs and Tables, Jacobean Oak Chairs, and Court Cupboards; a few pieces of Italian and Spanish Furniture, Charles II. Embroideries; bronzes; Bronze and other Porcelain, Rhodian Dishes, Persian Rugs and Carpets. On view. May be viewed TWO DAYS preceding. Illustrated Catalogues may be had.

ON FRIDAY, MARCH 8. OLD PICTURES, from various sources, including works by or attributed to George Watson, P.R.S.A.; T. Gainsborough, R.A.; T. Phillips, R.A.; H. W. Pickersgill, R.A.; James Ward, R.A.; J. Dowman, A.R.A. Jan de Bray. P. Nasmyth. B. Cuyp. P. Neeffs. A. W. Devis. A. Van der Neer. J. F. Peraelee. J. F. Sartorius. C. J. Van der Lauen. J. Weenix. F. de Momper. D. Wolstenholme. On view. May be viewed THREE DAYS preceding.

ON TUESDAY, MARCH 12. THE EXTENSIVE COLLECTION OF NAVAL PRINTS, the property of the late THOMAS H. GABRIEL, ESQ., of Shepherd's Bush, Surrey (Sold by order of the Executors), including examples in coloured Aquatints, Lithographs in colour, Line Engravings and Mezzotints by W. Barnard, P. C. Canot, J. Chesham, W. Daniell, R. Dodd, T. Duncan, T. G. Dutton, J. W. Edy, J. Fittler, R. Havell, G. Hawkins, T. Hellyer, C. Hunt, J. Jeakes, J. Jones, R. Pollard, B. T. Pouncy, H. Pyall, S. W. Reynolds, J. Rosenberg, J. C. Stadler, T. Sutherland, P. W. Tomkins and others. On view. May be viewed FRIDAY and MONDAY preceding.

ON WEDNESDAY, MARCH 13. FINE OLD ENGLISH SILVER PLATE of the 17th and 18th centuries, the property of the RIGHT HON. LORD BROWNLOW, and removed from Belton House, Grantham, many of the pieces being engraved with the Arms of his Ancestors, to show they originally belonged, including a pair of Charles II large Silver Gilt Sideboard Dishes, a Charles I Tablet service, Charles II. Snuff Box, a pair of William III. Tea Cups and Saucers, six William III. Silver Gilt Tazza, a pair of Queen Anne Silver Gilt Ewers, engraved and with the Arms of Frederick, Duke of York, second son of King George III.; a pair of Silver Gilt Deans, engraved with the Arms of George I.; a large Dinner Service by Paul Storr; Georgian Cups, Ink Stands, Soup Tureens, a Tea Tray, Ice Pails, Candelabra and Candlesticks, a George II. Silver Gilt Mace, in the form of an oar, originally the property of the Corporation of Rochester. Decorative and ornamental Furniture, including Aubusson, Savonnerie, Gobelins, Genoese Cuirs, and Old French Stands. On view. May be viewed TWO DAYS preceding. Illustrated Catalogues may be had.

ON THURSDAY, MARCH 14. OLD ENGLISH FURNITURE, Objects of Art and Porcelain, including a Queen Anne Settee and six Chairs, covered with old Tapestry; Gobelin Tapestry [illegible] Commode, fine Old Chinese and Sevres Porcelain, Miniatures, Bronzes, the property of the RIGHT HON. LORD BROWNLOW, and removed from Belton House, Grantham; a magnificent set of five Old Chinese Vases, a beautiful case of Carved Ivory Models of Old Chinese Junks, other Chinese Vases, and four sets of Old Brussels Tapestry Panels, with Teniers subjects, the property of the RIGHT HON. THE EARL OF CRAWFORD AND BALCARRES, K.T., P.C., and formerly in the collection of Lord Overstone, and Silverwork of Lady Wantage; Old French Ormolu Candelabra, Wall Sconces, etc. The property of CAPTAIN G. PITT-RIVERS, of the Manor House, Pinton St. Mary, Dorset; Old French Furniture, [illegible] Pictures, the property of COL. ULRIC HUNT, D.S.O., late of the late MRS. M. A. PARKER and others; and Old Chinese Porcelain, the property of a NOBLEMAN, deceased. On view. May be viewed TWO DAYS preceding. Illustrated Catalogues may be had.

ON FRIDAY, MARCH 15. THE INTERESTING COLLECTION OF NAVAL PICTURES, the property of the late THOMAS H. GABRIEL, ESQ., of Worplesdon, Surrey (Sold by order of the Executors); Pictures by Old Masters, the property of the RIGHT HON. LORD DALZIEL OF WOOLER, deceased; the RIGHT HON. LORD DE SAUMAREZ; MAJOR E. R. FOSTER, of Warnwell House, Dorchester; S. SYDNEY-HUMPHRIES, Esq., of Thirlestaine Court, Cheltenham; GODDEN, SIR WYNDHAM MURRAY, deceased, late of 70 Rutland Gate, S.W.7 (Sold by order of the Executors); W. ROBINSON, Esq., of Graveley Manor, East Grinstead; R. J. RONEY-DOUGAL, Esq., removed from Ratho Park, Midlothian, N.B.; and others, including Two Venetian Views, by Francesco Guardi; a Study of an Old Man by Rembrandt van Rijn, No. 175 in Dr. Hofstede de Groot's "Catalogue of Dutch Painters"; a Winter Scene at Dordrecht, by Salomon van Ruisdael; a View on the River between Dolgelly and Barmouth by Richard Wilson, R.A., and works by or attributed to: Sir J. Reynolds, P.R.A., George Watson, P.R.S.A.; W. Hoare, R.A.; N. Hone, R.A.; P. J. de Loutherbourg, R.A.; J. Opie, R.A.; P. Reinagle, R.A.; D. Serres, R.A.; F. Wheatley, R.A.; J. Zoffany, R.A.; John Downman, A.R.A. Paris Bordone. N. Pocock. T. Butterworth. F. Sartorius. A. Canaletto. J. N. Sartorius. R. Dodd. J. V. Servex. J. Van Goyen. J. Seymour. J. F. Herring. James Stark. T. Lamy. D. Teniers. A. Van der Neer. A. Vestier. A. Van Ostade. T. Whitcombe. R. Paton. J. Wootton. J. Pillement. May be viewed THREE DAYS preceding. Illustrated Catalogues may be had.

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# "CHRISTIES"


## THE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.

The annual meeting of St. Andrew's Presbyterian Church, Bray, was held last Thursday, when the Rev. Dr. McKee presided over a large gathering. The report of the Kirk Session, as submitted by Mr. J. Stuart, was very encouraging and stressed the good attendance at the morning and evening Services, and welcomed improved attendance at the mid-week Service. Twelve names had been added to the Communion roll, including seven young communicants. A noteworthy feature was the very welcome addition to the session of five new elders.

The report of the treasurer, in the unavoidable absence through illness of Mr. R. Griffin, was submitted by Mr. J. S. Morris (secretary), and revealed a decrease in the general finances of the church, although a special gift day had been a great success to the extent of £160 for the repair of church property, and had raised their total receipts above last year by £100 to £931.

# COUNTESS HAIG'S VISIT.

## PROCEEDINGS AT ATHY AND NAAS.

## HER TOUR OF LEGION BRANCHES BEGUN.

FROM OUR SPECIAL REPRESENTATIVE.

*ATHY, Tuesday.*

It is a cold, slushy day, in the town of Athy, a pig market has brought many country folk into town; the atmosphere is cold and gloomy, but there is, nevertheless, a bright spot in the outlook for many of those gathered here. The ex-Service men of the district are assembled, alert and smartened up—though not a few have known hard times of late. The widow of their commander in the Great War, the Countess Haig, is coming from Dublin this bitterly cold morning to see them, to cheer them and to encourage the work of the British Legion in the area. Walking along the principal street of the town one noticed a scroll across the street, "Welcome to Athy." I went into the Legion's rooms; they are spacious and spotlessly clean, a billiard table and other forms of recreation and amusement are provided for the 170 members and associates of the club. It was then 11 o'clock, and the ex-Service men were getting ready to receive their distinguished visitor, who was only to remain for half an hour. Captain Sydney Minch, the Hon. Secretary of the club, had his men in the best possible trim that circumstances permitted.

At 12 o'clock they formed up and marched to the end of the town, near the Roman Catholic Church, where they were to meet the Countess Haig on her arrival from Monasterevan. Precisely at 12.15 three motor cars arrived. They contained the Countess Haig, her daughter Lady Victoria Haig, General Sir William B. Hickie, K.B.E.; Major J. J. Tynan, D.S.O.; Flight-Commander O'Connor, Lady Greer, Mr. M. J. Nolan, Miss Bertie Bruce and others. The visitors were received by Captain Minch, Major Clements (engineer in charge of the Barrow drainage scheme), Captain Redmond, and others.

The ex-Service men had formed up in two lines on either side of the roadway. Lady Haig and her party left the motor cars and the cars were sent on to the town. Lady Haig then inspected the men, shaking hands with every one of them and halting at times to speak to some of them. All wore their medals.

### CONSOLING WORDS.

There was one touching little incident. A poor woman, who seemed too shy to "line up" was specially noticed by the kindly Countess. In her left hand she held a quarter-pound tobacco box containing the medals of her husband, who had made the supreme sacrifice. Tears rolled down her cheeks. Lady Haig was visibly affected. She held the poor woman's hand for some time, uttering words of consolation, and then concluded her inspection.

The men then formed up, and, headed by the Legion fife and drum band, marched to the Legion Club, half a mile distant. Lady Haig, who was accompanied by General Sir William Hickie, marched in the procession through mud an inch thick. The band played "Annie Laurie." "It's a long way to Tipperary," and "Keep the home fires burning." When the Legion Club was reached Lady Weldon introduced to Lady Haig Captain Minch's two pretty little children, who presented Lady Haig with a beautiful bouquet of tulips, tied with red, white and blue ribbon. The Countess greeted the two little ones affectionately, and then entered the rooms, where she was very warmly greeted by a number of women. The ex-Service men and others present numbered between two and three hundred.

### A HEARTY WELCOME.

Captain Minch, on behalf of the Athy branch of the British Legion, extended a very hearty welcome to the Countess Haig, who, he said, had come to see them as they were, and not as they arranged things to be. It would be easier for Countess Haig, after many long weary years, to remain in the comfort of her home, instead of going hither and thither through the length and breadth of the land, to assist the ex-Service men. Yet she came to the Irish Free State and to Athy to bring that spirit of unity and love amongst them, and they would profit by it. (Applause.) To-day she was the very spirit of the Legion throughout the four countries. To the distinguished Field-Marshal, who created the British Legion, they would never be able to repay what they owed. After the war they were virtually nobody's children; they were disorganised, and they had very little sympathy, though when they went out they were applauded and banos played them off. When they came back it was cold, there was unemployment, depression, and everything to make life miserable was staring them in the face. The great Commander-in-Chief of the Armies in France stepped forward, and led them to victory in peace. By his wonderful personality he got them together and organised the great British Legion for ex-Service men, to see that they got justice and fair-play.

### KILDARE MEN IN THE WAR.

They had the Countess Haig there that day to carry on the great work, which, unfortunately, he was not able to continue. He thought that it was not known that the town of Athy and district was only beaten by one other town in the British Commonwealth of Nations in the percentage of men which it sent to the war, and that was by a little town in Scotland. (Applause.) Over 2,000 men went from South Kildare. The vast majority of them served in France, and a great many of them served under their President, General Sir William Hickie. (Applause.) They had there many ladies who worked very hard during the war, and they always had the help and sympathy of those ladies. He wished particularly to mention Lady Weldon, O.B.E. (Applause.) She, during all the war, and during demobilisation, made every endeavour and overcame every obstacle, and ultimately secured for them in Athy a club where they could meet together and help each other. To her particularly that branch of the Legion was due. They had there that day many of the other ladies who helped her, and who had worked for them during and since the war. They wanted the Countess Haig to come back there again. He assured them that the atmosphere which she had created there would have a good effect. (Applause.) The Committee of the organisation were hard workers, and the members were men to be proud of, and, speaking as an Athy man, he was proud of them. (Applause.) They faced hunger and hardship just as they faced the rifle and bullet in France. He could assure Lady Haig that she had left an impression on them, which, whether she was in England or Scotland, the men of Athy would never forget. (Applause.) They also welcomed their old friends General Hickie and Major Tynan and Mr. Nolan, all of whom worked so hard for ex-Service men.

General Sir William Hickie, who was received with applause, addressed them as "comrades," and said that he wanted to tell them how pleased he was with their nice turn out that day, and with their welcome to Lady Haig. He brought her there, as he wanted to show her as many clubs as he could. He knew that Lady Haig's presence there was going to be an inspiration, not only to that club, but to every club in Ireland. They would all go back now with fresh energy for ex-Service men, who had given such good service in the war, and since the war.

### WOMEN'S WORK.

Lady Weldon, who was received with applause, said that she saw there a good many ladies who were members of her own Committee during the war, and she should like to say that there was no work undertaken in the big war that they did not take up there and carry it through. (Applause.) She wished to greet Lady Haig on behalf of the men who were absent that day doing their work. She also greeted Lady Haig in the name of the men who went out to the Great War and did not come back. They knew how they loved their Commander-in-Chief, and how he loved them, and they knew that it was in honour of his memory that Lady Haig was there that day. Their hearts went out to her in grateful appreciation. Lady Weldon then gave a recitation that was given to "the boys" by the late Sir Anthony Weldon:—

"There never was a row but what the Irishmen were there,
And when it comes to fighting they can always do their share.
Now we have the news that the battle has been won,
And who was it that shouted out how fighting should be done?
The Rooneys, the Mooneys, the Reillys and the Flynns,
The Doherlys, the Fiaherlys, the Doolans and the Quinns.
And the Bosche will not forget it for a thousand years to come,
For the Dublin Fusiliers gave them what Paddy gave the drum."

(Applause.)

### LADY HAIG.

Lady Haig, who was greeted with prolonged applause, then briefly addressed those present. She told them about the factory which had been opened for ex-Service men in Dublin the previous day. That was what her husband would have wished done, because he wanted work for the men. The factory was a small one at present, but she hoped it would enlarge quickly and bring in a great number of men, and that it would affect, not only Dublin, but all Ireland. She wanted to thank the ladies very much for the work which they had done during the war. Her husband had great belief in women's work. She urged them to form themselves into a women's section, working for and with the men. The women spent the money in the shops, and they could encourage the shopkeepers to employ their men. She also had to thank them for the work which they had done on Poppy Day. Athy, like every other branch, had a great increase in the sale of poppies. (Applause.)

Lady Haig then presented her autographed portrait to Captain Minch on behalf of the club.

Hearty cheers were then given for Lady Haig, Lady Victoria Haig and General Hickie.

Asked by General Hickie to say a few words to those present, Lady Victoria Haig told them that it was a great pleasure and an honour to her to come to Athy, and to be in Ireland. She cordially thanked them for their reception.

Captain Minch paid a tribute to the work which Major Clements had done for the branch.

Lady Haig then shook hands wieh several of the ladies present, and as she and her party left the building and took their seats in their motor cars they were repeatedly cheered.

The party left for Curragh Grange, where they had lunch with Lady Greer, and afterwards proceeded to Naas.

Earlier in the day Lady Haig and party visited the Legion Club at Monasterevan, where they were cordially received by Mrs. More O'Ferrall, Mrs. Uniacke, and by the ex-Service men.

## GREETING AT NAAS.

### AN ADDRESS OF WELCOME.

The Countess Haig was accorded a hearty welcome at Naas yesterday when she paid a visit to the town. Upwards of 200 ex-Service men and their lady friends assembled to greet her in the Legion Memorial Hall. On arrival she was greeted by Mr. P. Gray, Chairman, and members of the Committee. Among the others present were: Colonel de Burgh, the Rev. C. Clover, Rector; the Rev. Mr Wilson and Mrs. Wilson, Misses G. and J. de Robeck, General Sir F. Fanshawe, Miss Corbally, Mrs. Staples Dowling, Mr. M. Fitzsimons, Chairman, Co. Council; Mr. J. Barry Brown and Mrs. Brown.

Countess Haig was presented with an illuminated address extending to her a hearty welcome to Ireland, and thanking her for the deep interest she was taking in the welfare of ex-Service men not only in England and Scotland, but also in Ireland. Hopes were expressed for a pleasant time for herself and her daughter, and that they would carry back happy memories of their visit to this country.

Lady Haig was presented with a large poppy by little Miss Winnie Sheerin, of Sallins.

Replying to the address of welcome Lady Haig thanked them very sincerely for the hearty welcome extended to her, and said that she would always cherish it as a memento of her visit. She said that her late husband had intended to visit Ireland this year, and knowing his desire she had decided to come to open the factory in Dublin, in which she was very interested. (Applause.) If she could do anything for Ireland she would be very happy to do so. (Applause.)

Major-General Sir W. Hickie said he was very happy to tell Lady Haig that the ex-Service men of Naas were as united and happy as in any town in the country. (Applause.) Lady Haig was tremendously interested in the problem of unemployment, which was one of the greatest tasks they had to deal with, and that was one of her reasons for this visit. They had begun in a small way by the Dublin factory to relieve distress and they hoped that as time passed their efforts would extend. (Applause.)

Colonel de Burgh, on behalf of Mrs. Croshaw (who had provided that hall for the ex-Service men of Naas) and the Committee, thanked Lady Haig for her visit.

The address of welcome was read by Mr. P. Gray, Chairman, and the other members of the Committee present were: Messrs. J. Gafiney, Hon. Secretary; R. Sheerin, Hon. Treasurer; P. Kelly, T. Courtney, E. Simpson, J. Hayes, W. Hogan, J. Hickey, D. Nolan and J. J. Devlin.

The Women's Section was represented by Mrs. Staples Dowling, President; Misses G. and J. de Robeck, Vice-Presidents; Mrs. Corbally, Mrs. Sheerin, Hon. Secretary; Mrs. Wilson, Treasurer; Mrs. Simpson, Mrs. Moore, Mrs. White and Mrs. Hannaford.

Lady Haig presented the Branch with an autographed photo of herself.

Letters of apology for inability to attend were read from the Very Rev. M. Norris, P.P., and Colonel de Robeck.

## WATERFORD PREPARATIONS.

At a special meeting at Waterford Legion Club the following Reception Committee was appointed to meet the Countess Haig on her visit to Waterford:—Lady Goff, Lady Garraway, Lady Anderson, Mrs. Carew, Mrs. Graves and Mrs. Allen; Sir H. J. Forde, Colonel Sir E. C. F. Garraway, Colonel Lawton, Major Carew, Captain Conway, Mr. D. J. Clancy and Mr. O'Neill.

## A DUBLIN INDUSTRY.

The Remembrance Day Industry, which was visited by the Countess Haig on Monday last, is at No. 1 Upper Mount street, Dublin.

## FOOTPRINTS CLUE.

### CO. DONEGAL MAN SENTENCED FOR LARCENY.

At Raphoe (County Donegal) District Court yesterday Superintendent Millard, Raphoe, charged two men, Edward McGoldrick and Edward Meehan, both of the townland known as "The Craigs," near Convoy, County Donegal, with the larceny of eight stone of oats, the property of David Ewing, farmer, of Gortadragon, Convoy.

Ewing told the Court that he traced boot tracks in the snow from his barn, after he had made the discovery at half-past eight one morning that his corn had been tampered with. There were two distinct boot tracks, indicating that there were two men, and he followed these tracks for a mile and a half until they ended at Edward Meehan's front door. McGoldrick lodged in Meehan's house.

Guard Byrne, Convoy, said that when he went to Mr. Ewing's place he noticed a lock near the bags. The lock belonged to Mr. Ewing, who gave witness a description of the key which fitted it.

Sergeant Harnett, of Convoy, said that he subsequently interrogated McGoldrick, having previously cautioned him, and searched him. In McGoldrick's pocket he found the key which was later identified by Mr. Ewing.

Informations were refused against Meehan, and McGoldrick, against whom there were two previous convictions for larceny, was sentenced to two months' imprisonment in Sligo jail.

## BIRD MOVEMENTS

With reference to the paragraph reporting the shooting at Ballydare, Co. Antrim, of a herring crane bearing a numbered ring, Mr. H. F. Witherby, editor of "British Birds," states that the ring bearing the number mentioned was put on a heron as a nestling on April 26th, 1928, at Kirkconnel, Dumfriesshire. He is anxious to have all particulars with regard to birds found bearing rings. In time it is hoped, through reports of this kind, to obtain more exact knowledge of the movements and migrations of birds, whether they return to nest at the place of their birth, and so on.

# SAVING THE GAELTACHT.

## DEMAND AT A DUBLIN MEETING.

## NO FAITH IN THE POLITICIANS.

At a meeting which was convened in Dublin last night by the Executive Committee of the Gaelic League to promote the cause of the Irish language, the Rev. Malachy McBrennan, Roscommon, said that nothing had been done for the people of the Galway Gaeltacht by the native Government. Anything that had been done was done by the old Congested Districts Board under the British *régime*.

Lord Longford, who also spoke, said that if they did not revive the language they would cease to be in any sense of the word a nation.

Mr. P. T. McGinley presided, and amongst those present were Senator Bennett, Lord Longford, Mr. F. Fahy, T.D.; Mr. Martin Conlon, T.D.; and several clergymen and women

### SAVING THE GAELTACHT.

The Chairman said that they had assembled once more to demand that something be done to save the Gaeltacht. Two years ago they were there on the same mission, and notwithstanding the promises that had been made then, nothing had been done for the Gaeltacht. The Gaeltacht was bleeding to death, and nothing effective had been done to save it. They were not asking it on eleemosynary grounds, but as a right. They asked that the Gaeltacht should be saved, because the people of that area had a deposit of truth, and of the national sense, and they had a reserve of the national language—what was left of it. "If we are to be a nation," said the speaker, "we must speak our own language, and therefore it behoves Irishmen to do the work of restoring the language to normal life."

They were there to demand that from the Government, because the Government were the holders of the national purse—possibly an empty purse, or the holders of an overdraft. (Laughter.) The remedy was contained in the report of the Gaeltacht Commission. If the recommendations of that Commission were carried out, the Gaeltacht would be saved to the nation. A number of small industries set up in the Gaeltacht would do much to improve the situation of the people by giving them the means of earning a moderate wage. The political parties, to his mind, were not sound on the question of the Gaeltacht or the question of the Irish language. (Hear, hear.) He observed that in the present election campaign in North Dublin City neither of the candidates had a knowledge of Irish, and that not an Irish speaker had addressed any of the meetings that were held up to the present. That was wrong in principle, bad tactics, and bad politics. The same thing occurred in the recent election to the Senate. Irish-Irelanders had no reason to trust either of the parties as shown by those elections What the friends of the Irish League should do was to stick to their guns and demand that the Government should do their duty to the language.

### IRISH IRELAND IDEALS.

Mr. Frank Fahy, T.D., moved a resolution to the effect that Ireland cannot be considered a nation until the people of Ireland are again Irish speaking; it was the most urgent duty of this generation to preserve and foster the Irish language; that the salvation of the language depends on the putting into immediate effect the recommendations of the Gaeltacht Commission.

He said that it was not sufficient to teach Irish unless the proper spirit was behind that teaching. If Irish in the Gaeltacht was allowed to die out the Irish nation would perish. He had attended a number of Gaelic meetings throughout the country during the past twelve months, and he had seen great crowds at these gatherings. If these great crowds of supporters of the Irish language acted together there was no Government that could refuse to put the recommendations of the Gaeltacht Commission into effect.

We were, he said, stronger than the foreigner here, and we have only to exert ourselves to ensure that Irish-Ireland ideals shall prevail in the administration. This was not a party question. It was vital to the life of the nation. As an indication of the effects of emigration from the Gaeltacht he said that he was told in Galway a short time ago that there were two parishes there in which there had been no marriage for over a year. All the young people were going to America, and if those who remained at home exercised their powers the Government would have to do what the people wanted. It did not matter what Government was in power the Irish language should be saved.

### A NATIONAL ASSET.

The Rev. Malachy MacBrennan, of Roscommon, said that the Gaeltacht was the greatest national asset that we possess, and it should be saved by our native Government. The people of the Gaeltacht had preserved for them all the distinctive marks of nationality, without which no country could be called a nation, and surely these people should be the first care of both Church and State. They should be the first care of the Saorstat Government, and it should be the first work of a native Government to undo the work of the foreigner and to restore these people to their national inheritance. The Galway Gaeltacht, with which he was acquainted, was as nature had left it, despite six years of native Government. Nothing whatever had been done for the people by the native Government, and anything that had been done was done by the old Congested Districts Board, under the British *régime*. Six years of native Government had dashed the hopes of justice and realisation which were held out to them. The outlook of these people was towards America. Many of them believed that the Gaeltacht Commission was a fraud, and, like many other Commissions, established for the purpose of getting rid of a difficulty.

One thing he had to give the Government credit for was the experimental work in land reclamation which was done at Clash, which was between Oughterard and Costelloe, and which was giving employment. The general legislation that had been passed for the farmers of the South of Ireland did not suit the requirements of the small farmers in the West. A permanent body, such as was recommended by the Commission, with special powers to deal with the exceptional circumstances and the urgent claims of the Gaeltacht was an absolute necessity. Unless the two parties came together and formed a united front against West British ideals he feared that there would be no hope for the Gaeltacht. They needed a united force of all parties to frustrate the efforts of the "faithful garrison" who were still in Ireland, and still faithful, holding the important positions in commerce and industry.

Mr. P. Hogan, T.D. (Clare), said that the Gaeltacht had been neglected, and that the population were fleeing from the country more than ever they had done in the past. The battle-cry of the people should be in support of the Irish language and Irish civilisation.

### THE REALLY IMPORTANT QUESTION.

Lord Longford said that he regarded the Irish language as the really important question in Ireland to-day—whether they were to be an English-speaking or an Irish-speaking nation. They were under a perpetual bombardment of English books, broadcasting, etc., and if they did not revive the language they would cease to be in any sense of the word a nation.

"Put English out of Ireland," cried a voice.

"I should be only too glad to put England out," said Lord Longford.

Continuing, he said that the Gaeltacht of the future would include the 32 counties. There was no hope of being able to maintain a bi-lingual country. Only in the Gaeltacht, the well of Irish undefiled, could they get the language as it should be spoken. He appealed to the people to unite in the cause of the language, which was the cause of the nation.

### OTHER SPEECHES.

Mr. M. Conlon, T.D., said that the great majority of the recommendations of the Gaeltacht Commission were being carried out. He deprecated the statement that the Government possessed an empty purse. The Irish language was getting a fair show from the Government.

Mr. P. O'Maille and the Rev. James O'Kelly, P.P., Knock, having spoken, the resolutions were declared passed unanimously.

# LETTERS TO THE EDITOR.

## THE FREE STATE CENSORSHIP BILL.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE IRISH TIMES.

SIR,—I have read your leading article on the Censorship Bill in your issue of Saturday last, and join in your opinion that the bill is an offensive, mischievous and unnecessary measure. Most unbiassed people will see in the bill the hand of the clergy. If this reactionary and bigoted measure passes into law, it will be the cause of many Irishmen, like myself, refraining from ever returning to the land of our birth, and will go to show the hypocrisy of Irish "statesmen," who, before attaining political power, were indefatigable in denouncing England for her alleged suppression of liberty in Ireland.—Yours, etc.,

RICHARD O'DONOVAN.

Aldershot, Hants,
February 25th, 1929.

## SNIPE OR PHOOKA.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE IRISH TIMES.

SIR,—I have never read a more charmingly accurate and vivid description of the love-song of my old friend the snipe than is given in your issue of this morning by the able pen of the Rev. W. F. A. Ellison, in his article on "Birds and Irish Legends." In suggesting, however, that this bewitching song—so like the call of a goat or kid that I have sometimes had a difficulty in convincing a companion during an evening stroll that it was not actually one of those animals that we were listening to—was ascribed by our old Celtic ancestors or predecessors to an uncanny source, so that the snipe became the origin of that "fearsome demon" the phooka, Mr. Ellison, I confess, seems to me to be encouraging a little unduly the too prevalent supposition that the men of bygone days were less intimately acquainted than our highly-educated selves with the ways and doings of the birds and beasts around them.

My reason for suggesting that we must look elsewhere than to the snipe's eerie music for an explanation of belief in the phooka lies in the fact that the snipe has an old Irish name, "*Meannán Aérach*," which, rendered into English, is "the airy kid." This name, it will at once be seen, is based on the note that Mr. Ellison has so excellently described; and from it we can as easily see that those who bestowed it commonly associated the bird with this bleating or drumming music. In other words, our Celtic ancestors were far too well acquainted with the snipe to think of ascribing to such a mysterious entity as the phooka the remarkable melody that they had learned to associate with the bird they called the "airy kid."

I must add, as a curious fact, that in most of the published lists of the Irish names of birds this name, "*Meannán Aérach*," is set down as the name, not of the common snipe, but of the jack snipe, a bird to which it is quite unsuitable, as the jack snipe never utters a love-song of any sort in these islands, and its music is described by those who have heard it within the Arctic circle as resembling the clatter of a horse's hoofs along a frozen road. Why a name that must originally have been given to the common snipe has come to be now assigned to the jack (in books, at any rate) I will not venture to say; but it may have originated in the somewhat loose manner in which country people nowadays use the term "jack snipe" as signifying the male of the common snipe. Be this as it may, the inappropriate name has found its way into all the best lists of Irish birds, and is rarely given to its rightful owner, to whom it is beautifully suitable.—Yours, etc.,

"C. B. M."

Dublin, February 26th, 1929.

## CROWDS AT LANSDOWNE ROAD.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE IRISH TIMES.

SIR,—I am sure that many Irishmen were more than disappointed at the result of the international Rugby match played at Lansdowne road yesterday—not that they will begrudge Scotland her well-deserved victory. As the son of a former Lansdowne player, and a keen follower of the fortunes of the Irish XV. who watched the laying of the Twickenham bogey a few weeks ago, may I be permitted to ask this question: Could Ireland have won if the crowd had allowed her to?

Has not the ground become much too small for the huge crowds that now follow the Rugby game? Have not the officials of the Irish Rugby Football Union slept long enough? Should they not march with the times and cater for the crowd a bit? I maintain that practically no arrangements are made for marshalling the crowd. Yesterday I "tuned-in" the Dublin Station, and, in spite of Morse and atmospherics, kept the head-phones jammed to my ears. I visualised the scene: a packed ground and an Irish victory expected. At about 3.16 came the announcement of Macpherson's break-away and the adding of the points by Dykes; then Davy's drop-kick, followed by Arigho's try. The announcer, at about 3.30, told of the referee having to go to the Lansdowne road end of the ground, as the crowd there had encroached upon the field of play. A Scottish friend joined in the listening after half-time, when the score was 7-5 in Ireland's favour. I am sorry to say that as high as his spirits rose mine drooped; and so Ireland lost.

Last year I was one of that gallant band of supporters which braved the elements and crossed over to watch Ireland having to admit defeat by England by one point. The match will go down to history as the "hurricane" match. Although I was a ticket-holder and arrived at the ground in plenty of time, in company with my father, there was not the slightest chance of getting to our seats—no one to show one where to go, and the crowd—anywhere! I lost my father next, and found myself with my back to the field of play. I could not move for a long time until, with a great struggle, I managed to get behind the pavilion between the west covered stand and the uncovered stand. There, by a bit of luck, I met an official, who had a brain wave. He put me between the two teams as they walked out, but the crowd at first would not allow them on to the field. I eventually did get to my seat. Here let me say that many of the seats were vacant because the holders could not reach them. People without tickets appropriated seats, and so the glorious muddle went on. No doubt, it happened all over again yesterday.

To make the Lansdowne ground worthy of the name of a fine ground, and which could hold the crowd in a respectable manner, I would suggest that the Irish Rugby Football Union should look for another ground, or that the Wanderers should move, and one decent up-to-date ground be made out of that which now goes to make two club grounds. This may be impossible. However, the officials will have to study crowd-marshalling a bit more.—Yours, etc.,

"LONDON IRISH."

Richmond Hill, Surrey,
February 24th, 1929.

# SOUTH DUBLIN WATER SUPPLY.

## RURAL COUNCIL'S DECISION.

A proposal to connect the existing water mains with the Dublin Corporation mains was adopted yesterday evening at a meeting of the South Dublin Rural District Council, the Chairman, Mr. Patrick Nugent, presiding.

The engineer, Mr. T. B. Byrne, reported to the Council on the proposed schemes for a water supply to the districts in the rural district area not already supplied. Mr. Byrne said that the various schemes suggested were considered at two conferences with the engineers of the Dublin Corporation and of the Rathmines Urban District Council. It was finally agreed that the South Dublin Rural District Council be permitted to connect with the Corporation mains at Terenure and Dolphin's Barn. The maximum supply of water from these sources is not to exceed one and one-half million gallons per week, and the price to be paid to be the same as that now paid to the Rathmines Urban District Council. It was further agreed that this supply is to be for the Kimmage, Terenure and Crumlin areas. Rathmines water from the Bohernabreena reservoir will continue to be supplied to the Crumlin Cross and Clondalkin areas.

This decision of the engineers, Mr. Byrne added, was submitted to a conference of the chairmen and engineers of the Councils concerned, the chairman of the City Commissioners and the chairman of the Rathmines Council undertaking to recommend the scheme to their respective bodies. He was unable to state definitely the approximate cost of the scheme to the Council, but it would not exceed £1,500.

After some discussion, in which it was stated that the scheme did not provide for the entire rural area, Mr. Byrne's report, on the motion of the chairman, was unanimously adopted.


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GAIETY THEATRE.
MATINEE TO-DAY AT 2.30.
AT 8, THE FAMOUS MUSICAL COMEDY,
NO NO NANETTE
THE OUTSTANDING SUCCESS OF THIS GENERATION.
From the Palace Theatre, London.
FULL CHORUS AUGMENTED ORCHESTRA.
USUAL MATINEE SATURDAY AT 2.30.
Next Week:—THE FUNNIEST PLAY FOR YEARS
BABY CYCLONE.

OLYMPIA THEATRE.
6.45 ..... TWICE NIGHTLY ..... 9 o'c.
ENORMOUS ATTRACTION.
ARTHUR SINCLAIR
and MAIRE O'NEILL in
"THE REAL McCOY."
An Irish Comedy in 3 Acts, by Mr. J. J. MacKeown.
Supported by Powerful Company of Irish Players.
Box Office—11—4.30. 'Phone—3208.

ABBEY THEATRE.
TO-NIGHT and FOLLOWING NIGHTS IN THE WEEK, at 8. MATINEE SATURDAY, at 2.30.
"CRABBED YOUTH AND AGE."
A Play in One Act, by LENNOX ROBINSON.
"THE SHADOW OF A GUNMAN."
By SEAN O'CASEY.
Booking at Theatre, 10.30 to 6 and 8 to 9.
Next Week—First Production of
"MOUNTAIN DEW," by GEORGE SHIELS.

METROPOLE.
CONTINUOUS ..... 2.0 to 10.30 P.M.
BILLIE DOVE in
"THE YELLOW LILY,"
With CLIVE BROOK.
DAILY AT 2.30, 4.45, 7.0 and 9.15 P.M.
RUGBY INTERNATIONAL—Ireland v. Scotland.
Book your seat in advance for Sunday Night performances. No Booking Fees.
DON'T FORGET—THE CINEMA BALL—March 18.

GRAFTON.
"CHANCE, THE IDOL."
Daily at 2.0, 4.30, 6.45, 9.15. Herbert Ruddock, the Broadcasting Baritone; Madame Van Aalst, and her Lyricals, 4 and 8.

ALEXANDRA COLLEGE.
HERMIONE LECTURES.
By W. G. CONSTABLE, M.A.
"PAINTING IN MEDIEVAL FRANCE."
TO-DAY (Wednesday), 4 p.m. Admission 1/-.

JUBILEE YEAR, 1879—1929.
THE COTTAGE HOME FOR LITTLE CHILDREN,
TIVOLI ROAD, KINGSTOWN.
THE "DISTRICTS" SALE
Will be held in
THE HOME,
On TO-DAY (WEDNESDAY), FEB. 27, 1929.
The Sale will be Opened by LADY MOORE at 3 o'clock.

HOLY TRINITY, RATHMINES.
"THE CREATION"
(HAYDN),
WILL BE SUNG ON
FRIDAY NEXT, 1st MARCH,
At 8 p.m.
Miss DOROTHY SMITH (Soprano),
Mr. VICTOR COLE (Tenor),
Mr. LAMBERT PATTERSON (Bass),
Mr. TURNER HUGGARD, F.R.C.O. (Organ).
Augmented Choir.

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THE PREMIER HOTEL.
EXCELLENT CUISINE AND WINES.
Private Bathroom Suites, hot and cold running water.
ORCHESTRA.
For terms apply to MANAGER.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

BRITISH-ISRAEL WORLD FEDERATION.
SOUTH IRISH BRANCH—20 LINCOLN PLACE.
TO-DAY (WEDNESDAY),
Miss HAMILTON HUNTER,
In the GREGG HALL, DAWSON STREET.
Subjects—2.45 p.m., "THE MAGNA CARTA OF THE ANGLO-SAXON RACE." 8 p.m., "THE REDEMPTION OF THE NATION ISRAEL."
Admission Free. Silver Collection.

PUBLIC LIBRARY LECTURES.
TOWN HALL, RATHMINES.
TO-NIGHT, at 8 o'clock, ROBERT BENSON.
Subject: "Here and There in Switzerland"
(Illustrated with Lantern Slides).
ADMISSION FREE. Seats May be Booked.

ST. PATRICK'S CATHEDRAL WORK PARTY.
A SALE OF WORK
In Aid of THE HIBERNIAN BIBLE SOCIETY and THE DUBLIN UNIVERSITY MISSIONS,
Will be held in
THE DAWSON HALL, 42 DAWSON STREET,
On
TO-MORROW (THURSDAY),
FEBRUARY 28, from 2.30 to 6 p.m.
THE SALE WILL BE OPENED BY THE DEAN OF ST. PATRICK'S AT 2.30 P.M.
Admission, 6d.

SOUTH DUBLIN CATHOLIC INSURANCE SOCIETY.
SPECIAL GENERAL MEETING.
Notice is hereby given that a Special General Meeting of the Members of the Society will be held at the Offices of the Society, No. 91 Lower George's street, Dun Laoghaire, on THURSDAY, the 7th day of MARCH, 1929, at 8 o'clock p.m., for the consideration and adoption of additional Rules enabling part of the Funds of the Society to be invested in the purchase of freehold or leasehold premises or erection or alteration of buildings thereon, and empowering the Trustees of the Society to hold, purchase, or take on lease any premises, including leaseholds, and to sell, exchange, mortgage, lease, or build upon the same, and authorising the Society to be registered under the provisions of the Friendly Societies Act, 1896.
Dated this 9th day of February, 1929.
J. M. DEVITT.
Secretary.

TAKE NOTICE that I, THOMAS GRANT, 2 GREAT LONGFORD STREET, DUBLIN, intend applying for Bookmaker's Licence, course betting only.

GOVERNMENT NOTICES.

COIMISIUN TALMHAN NA hEIREANN.
(IRISH LAND COMMISSION.)
NOTICE TO BUILDING CONTRACTORS.
Sealed Tenders, addressed to the undersigned, and marked "Tender for Works B. 25," will be received up to, but not later than, 12 o'clock noon on the 18th March, 1929, for the Erection of Dwelling House and Out-office at Billistown, one mile from Delvin, Co. Westmeath, in accordance with Plans and Specifications to be seen at this Office, or on the Lands at the hour of 12 o'clock noon on the 12th March, 1929, when an Inspector will attend there to point out sites. A copy of the Plans and Specifications may be obtained on application to this Office on deposit of £1, which will be refunded on receipt of a bona-fide Tender. In considering the placing of this Contract special regard will be had to the extent to which firms submitting tenders employ, or are prepared to employ, demobilised officers and men of the National Army. The Commissioners will not be bound to accept the lowest or any tender.
JOHN T. DRENNAN, Secretary.
Coimisiun Talmhan na hEireann. (Irish Land Commission), Sraid Unchtarach Mhuirbhthigh (Upper Merrion street), Baile Atha Cliath (Dublin). 21/A.2022. W.H.Co.

EDUCATION.

HARROGATE COLLEGE,
YORKSHIRE.
Five Entrance Scholarships are available for competition for September next, for girls between the ages of 12 and 15. Value £90 to £50.
Full particulars from Headmistress's Secretary.

BRENTWOOD, SOUTHPORT (Senior School). Approved by the Board of Education. On Public School lines. (Girls from 13 years.) Headmistress—Miss HOGBEN, M.A. (Dublin), Scholar, Classical Tripos, Girton College, Cambridge. Sound training for careers—University Scholarships, Domestic, Music, Secretarial, Physical Training, etc. Great Games Record. Large Playing Field. Special attention to backward and delicate Girls. Mount Eyrie (Preparatory). Miss E. HOGBEN.

SCHOOLS FOR BOYS & GIRLS.
TUTORS FOR ALL EXAMS.
Messrs. J. and J. PATON, having an up-to-date knowledge of the BEST SCHOOLS and TUTORS in the United Kingdom and on the Continent, will be pleased to AID PARENTS by sending (free of charge) Prospectuses and TRUSTWORTHY INFORMATION and ADVICE.
The age of the pupil, district preferred, and rough idea of fees should be given.
J. and J. PATON, EDUCATIONAL AGENTS, 143 CANNON STREET, LONDON, E.C.4.

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PUBLIC AMUSEMENTS.

THEATRE ROYAL.
6.45 ..... TWICE NIGHTLY ..... 9.0.
THE CELEBRATED VIOLINIST,
DE GROOT,
Assisted by David Bor (Piano), H. M. Calve ('Cello).
THE FAMOUS
FOUR HARMONY KINGS,
Supported by seven first-class Variety Acts.

PAVILION, DUN LAOGHAIRE.
Continuous from 3.30.
"THE GREATEST FILM IN THE WORLD."
"THE LAST COMMAND."
At 3.45, 6.10 and 8.40. Special Music and Effects.

CAPITOL.
DAILY ..... 2.30 to 11 o'c. ..... CONTINUOUS.
CLIVE BROOK, EVELYN BRENT, GEORGE BANCROFT in
PAYING THE PENALTY.
A PARAMOUNT PICTURE.
Showing at 2.30, 5 o'c., 7.30 and 9.55. Also AILEEN PRINGLE, LEW CODY, OWEN MOORE in
TEA FOR THREE.
ON THE STAGE:
CAPITOL PRESENTATION,
Introducing
PEG TISDALL, A POCKET
SOPHIE TUCKER.
12 CAPITOL TILLER GIRLS.

'Phone 5290/1/2 PLAZA And Book Your Tables.
DANCING EVERY AFTERNOON AND EVENING.
THIS AFTERNOON—3.30 to 6 p.m. Admission 1/-.
TO-NIGHT—THE ARCADE STORES STAFF DANCE. 8.30 p.m. to 2 a.m. Admission 3/6. CARNIVAL NOVELTIES AND SPOT PRIZES.
BILLY EDSER AND THE PLAZA BAND.

PLAZA RESTAURANT,
MIDDLE ABBEY STREET.
SPECIAL 3-COURSE LUNCH, 2/6.
ALSO DISHES A LA CARTE.
OPEN 12 NOON to 1 A.M. WINE LICENCE.


LEGAL NOTICES.

STATUTORY NOTICE TO CREDITORS.
In the Goods of
JAMES McDONALD, late of Saint John's, Ardcevin road, Dalkey, County Dublin, Captain Mercantile Service, Deceased.
Notice is hereby given, pursuant to the 22nd and 23rd Vic., cap. 35, that all persons claiming to be creditors or having any claim or demand against the assets of above Deceased, who died on the 24th day of December, 1928, are required, on or before the 4th day of March next, to furnish particulars (in writing) of all such claims to the undersigned Solicitors for the Executor, to whom probate was, on the 17th day of February, 1929, granted forth of the Principal Registry of the High Court of Justice, Saorstat Eireann. And further take notice that immediately after said 4th March next the Executor will proceed to distribute the assets of said Deceased, having regard only to the claims particulars of which shall have been furnished as aforesaid.
Dated this 18th day of February, 1929.
J. H. CALLAN & SONS, Solicitors for Executor, 1 Suffolk street, Dublin

SAORSTAT EIREANN.
Pursuant to Order of the High Court of Justice, made in a Cause—
THE ROYAL BANK OF IRELAND, LTD., v. LAURENCE MOONEY,
Record No. 1929/3007.
All persons claiming to be Incumbrancers affecting the Interest of the Defendant in all that Farm of Land known as Springfield, Clondalkin, in the Townland of Kishogue, Barony of Upper Cross, and County of Dublin, containing 115 acres and 37 perches, Statute Measure, held as a Judicial Tenancy, are, by their Solicitors, to enter and prove their claims at the Central Office, Law Courts, Dublin Castle, on or before the 14th day of March, 1929; or, in default thereof, they will be peremptorily excluded from the benefit of the said Order. Every claimant holding any security is to produce the same to the Examiner, at his Office, Law Courts, Dublin Castle, on the 20th day of March, 1929, at 11 of the clock in the forenoon, being the time appointed for adjudicating on the claims.
Dated the 23rd day of February, 1929.
JOHN HEALY, Examiner.
T. A. W. PUREFOY, Solicitor for Plaintiffs, Royal Bank of Ireland, Ltd., 3 and 4 Foster place, Dublin.

CONTRACTS.

CORPORATION OF DUBLIN.
TO MOTOR ENGINEERING FIRMS.
The Dublin Borough Commissioners hereby invite Tenders for the Maintenance of Ford Motor Cars, Vans and Tractors, for a period of twelve months, commencing the 23rd day of March, 1929.
Full particulars and specification may be obtained at the City Engineer's Department, 28 Castle street.
Tenders, sealed and endorsed: "Tender for Maintenance of Ford Motor Vehicles," should be lodged in the Town Clerk's Department, not later than 5 p.m. on Monday, March 11th, 1929.
The Commissioners of the County Borough of Dublin invite Tenders for the supply and delivery of a Portable Power-driven Pump, capable of delivering about 15,000 gallons of water per hour.
Particulars and conditions of Tender may be obtained at the Office of the City Engineer, 28 Castle street, Dublin.
Tenders, sealed and endorsed: "Tender for Portable Pump," should be addressed to the Commissioners of the County Borough of Dublin, and be delivered at the Commissioners' Office, City Hall, Dublin, before 12 noon on the 11th March, 1929.
GERALD J. SHERLOCK, Town Clerk.
Town Clerk's Office, City Hall, Dublin,
27th February, 1929.

DUBLIN PORT AND DOCKS BOARD.
The Dublin Port and Docks Board invites Tenders for the work of carrying out, under contract, Alterations to Frontage at Custom House quay, Dublin.
Plans and Specifications can be inspected at the Engineer's Office, East Wall, Dublin, during office hours.
Copies of Conditions of Contract, Specifications, Bills of Quantities and Forms of Tender can be had on application, accompanied by a deposit of £5, which will be returned on the receipt of a bona fide Tender.
Tenders on the official forms and prepared as directed must be sent to "The Secretary, Dublin Port and Docks Board, Westmoreland street, Dublin," so as to reach him not later than 11 a.m. on Tuesday, 12th March, 1929.
The Board does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any Tender.
By Order, E. H. BAILEY, Secretary.
Port and Docks Office, Dublin,
25th February, 1929.

COMMISSIONERS OF IRISH LIGHTS.
TO CLOTHING MANUFACTURERS AND TAILORS.
The Commissioners of Irish Lights invite Tenders for the supply of Uniform Clothing during the year ending March 31st, 1930. Forms of Tender giving all particulars may be obtained on application to the undersigned.
Tenders must reach this Office not later than NOON on Wednesday, the 13th March, 1929.
The Commissioners do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any Tender.
By Order, J. B. PHELPS, Secretary.
Irish Lights Office, Dublin, C.S.
27th February, 1929.

SIR PATRICK DUN'S HOSPITAL, DUBLIN.
CONTRACTS.
Tenders will be received up to MONDAY AFTERNOON, the 18th MARCH NEXT, for the Supply of the following Goods for the twelve months commencing the 1st of April, 1929:—

| | |
|---|---|
| 1. Bread. | 9. Provisions. |
| 2. Butter. | 10. Stimulants. |
| 3. Chandlery. | 11. Surgical Bandages, etc. |
| 4. Drugs. | |
| 5. Eggs. | 12. Vegetables. |
| 6. Fish, Fowl, etc. | 13. Milk. |
| 7. Groceries. | 14. Coal, Steam Slack, Coke. |
| 8. Meat. | |

Tenders must be on the prescribed Forms, which may be obtained by application to the Registrar at the Hospital, between 10 and 1 o'clock daily.
Proposers may Tender for one or more of the items included in any of the schedules to the exclusion of the other items.
The Governors do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any Tender.
By Order of the Board of Governors.
27th February, 1929.

TENDERS FOR COAL.
Tenders are required for supply of 50 TONS WIGAN or WHITEHAVEN COAL TO THE FERMANAGH COUNTY HOSPITAL.
Apply to the Secretary for particulars and Forms by MONDAY, MARCH 4th.

NATIONAL MATERNITY HOSPITAL,
HOLLES STREET, DUBLIN.
The Governors will receive Tenders (on Forms to be had at the Hospital) up to TUESDAY, 5th MARCH, 1929, for supplying the following, viz.:—BREAD, BACON, BUTTER, EGGS, MEAT, MILK, FISH, GROCERIES, TEA, VEGETABLES, COAL, COKE, CHANDLERY, LAUNDRY, DRUGS, MEDICAL SUPPLIES, WINDOW CLEANING.


BELFAST ADVERTISERS
Advertisements for next day's issue are received at our Branch Office 139 Royal Avenue) up to 6.30 p.m.

IMPROVED LOUD-SPEAKING WIRELESS SYSTEM is illustrated in the "WEEKLY IRISH TIMES" To-day. Price Twopence.



# The Irish Times.

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 27, 1929.


## NEWS SUMMARY.

### IRELAND

Wild charges were levelled by the Opposition against the Prime Minister of Northern Ireland during the debate on the Address in reply to the King's Speech in the Six Counties House of Commons yesterday.—(Page 7.)

The first consignment of tractor parts manufactured at Ford's Cork factory was shipped yesterday to Detroit.—(Page 3.)

The Royal Ulster Agricultural Society's show and sale of pedigree bulls and heifers and non-pedigree dairy bulls and heifers at Balmoral, Belfast, yesterday, was successful, and the prices at the sales were good.—(Page 3.)

In the Central Criminal Court the jury, after three retirements, disagreed in the case in which Edward Curtin (20), labourer, was charged with the murder of Eugene Ryan (8) by drowning him in a river near Kilmallock, Co. Limerick, on September 13th last.—(Page 3.)

A meeting convened by the Executive Committee of the Gaelic League, held in the Mansion House, Dublin, last night, for the purpose of promoting the cause of the Irish language asked that immediate effect should be given to the recommendations of the Gaeltacht Commission.—(Page 5.)

Speaking at the annual dinner of the Belfast Society of Chartered Accountants last night, the Lord Mayor of Belfast announced that the city's rates would be reduced by fourpence in the £ during the coming year.—(Page 11.)

A receiver has been appointed over the Irish Fresh Meat Factory, Drogheda.—(Page 11.)

The National Association of Master Painters and Decorators of Ireland opened their annual conference in Dublin yesterday, and elected Mr. Norman Allen as President for the coming year.—(Page 11.)

### GREAT BRITAIN

It was officially stated at Craigweil House, Bognor, last night, that the King had passed a good day.—(Page 7.)

Mr. A. E. Jacob, M.P. for the Toxteth Division of Liverpool, died in London yesterday—the fifth Conservative member who has died within a month.—(Page 7.)

The Northern Ireland Land Bill, which amends the Act of 1925, was read a second time in the House of Lords yesterday.—(Page 8.)

The House of Commons last night passed the financial resolution in connection with the Northern Ireland unemployment insurance arrangement.—(Page 8.)

### ABROAD.

Many casualties were caused by the hurricane which swept over the Southern States of Tennessee, Mississippi, Louisiana and Texas. Nurses are being rushed to the devastated areas.—(Page 7.)

In the Belgian Chamber yesterday the Minister for Foreign Affairs declared that the alleged Franco-Belgian Treaty was a forgery, and that the only treaty existing between the two nations was in harmony with the Locarno Agreement.—(Page 7.)

### FINANCIAL

London Stock Markets were rather quiet on fears of dearer money. Industrials were generally slack.—(Page 12.)

Stringency ruled in Lombard street, and loans over the night ran up to 5½-6 per cent. Bill rates were very firm.—(Page 12.)

In Dublin the market was irregular. The feature of interest was the start of dealings in Guinness as £1 units of stock, the closing price being 85s., equivalent to a rise of 1 7-16 on Monday's price of £10 unit, 41 1-16.—(Page 12.)

## A False Alarm.

A great flutter has been caused by the publication, in an obscure Dutch newspaper, of an alleged secret treaty between France and Belgium, with Britain as an assenting party. According to the *Utrechtsch Dagblad*, a military treaty was concluded in 1920 between France and Belgium. In 1927 representatives of the General Staffs of the two contracting countries met to "interpret" the several clauses of this treaty, and a British military *attaché* not only was present, but actually made certain proposals during the conversations. The alleged treaty is declared to provide against another war in which either France or Belgium may be involved. Germany is regarded as the probable enemy; but it seems that the 1927 "interpretations" envisage the possibility of a German-Dutch combination against Belgium and of a German-Italo-Spanish alliance against France. If a war should break out, France and Belgium have agreed to form a single front. Both countries will mobilise simultaneously. Belgium will send 600,000 men to help France, and France will send twice that number to help Belgium in case of necessity. If the war is against Germany, there will be an immediate invasion of the Ruhr Valley. The British representative is said to have suggested an Anglo-Belgian diversion against Holland in Zeeland and Flanders; but this proposal was overruled, and it was decided that the Anglo-Belgian forces should operate in Dutch Limburg.

The publication of this story caused consternation in Holland and Germany, where, naturally enough, public opinion was only too ready to believe it. Everybody knew that a convention had been signed between France and Belgium in 1920, and that an alliance between the two countries had been formed. The text of the treaty was registered with the League of Nations at Geneva, and its terms were made public long ago. Everybody knew also that certain military clauses had been approved by Paris and Brussels. In the Belgian Parliament yesterday, M. Hymans, the Foreign Minister, gave a categorical denial to the statements of the *Utrechtsch Dagblad*. He declared bluntly that the documents which that paper had published were complete forgeries. There never was the slightest question of a possible war with Holland on the one hand, or with either Italy or Spain on the other. The treaty which was concluded with France was in full consonance with the principles not only of the League of Nations, but also of the Locarno Pact. It provided merely that Belgium and France should come to each other's assistance in the event of an unprovoked attack by Germany, and this obligation also was included in the terms of the Locarno agreement. M. Hymans declared with vigour that the document published in the *Utrechtsch Dagblad* had been inspired by influences which were notorious for their "systematic hostility" to Belgium.

Britain could afford to despise the activities of the *Utrechtsch Dagblad* but for the fact that Germany has taken the matter seriously. The very idea of a secret treaty, aimed in any way against Germany, is repugnant to the whole spirit of Britain's policy, and, on the face of it, the Dutch concoction is absurd. Stories of the kind, however, are exceedingly harmful. In this particular instance an attempt has been made to poison public opinion not only in Holland and Germany, but also in Italy and Spain, against the British Empire. France and Belgium must exculpate themselves in their own way. Britain certainly cannot allow herself to be implicated in allegations which have not the slightest basis in fact; and we hope that Sir Austen Chamberlain, in the House of Commons to-day, will make a full and frank statement of Britain's attitude. The peculiar position of Great Britain regarding the Continent of Europe demands the most friendly relations with Germany as well as with France. From the economic point of view, indeed, Germany is even more important than France, and any misunderstandings between London and Berlin would be deplorable. There is no time to be lost. Already the cry of "perfidious Albion" is being raised by sections of the German Press which welcome the chance of an attack on England. The German Government, we are convinced, knows quite well that the alleged "plot" is ridiculous; but it would be foolish to presume on this hypothesis. If the lie is not nailed promptly, bad blood almost certainly will result.

## War and Surgery.

In his address to the Authors' Club in London, on Monday, Sir Berkeley Moynihan said that, whereas in former wars five men died of disease for one who was slain in battle, in the Great War only one died of disease for nine who were killed or died of wounds. No more striking evidence of the progress of surgical science, perhaps, could be adduced; but the honour, as Sir Berkeley Moynihan said, is mainly Lister's. Lister made possible the arrest of infection, and it was said of him with justice that he saved more lives than those that all the wars of history threw away. Warfare, with all its horror, seems to contribute in a curious fashion to the greater happiness of mankind; for it is in the relief of the multitudes of wounded men that surgeons discover means to combat the ills that afflict humanity in peace as well as in war. Thus the Great War brought into being a whole new branch of surgery—that which deals with the sympathetic nervous system. Another great advance occasioned by the War was in the practice of blood transfusion. Before the War transfusion was little known, but the technique was developed in the war hospitals to such a pitch of perfection that the process now is in daily use throughout the hospitals of civilised countries. Greatest, perhaps, of war-time triumphs in the art of healing was the virtual conquest of typhoid fever. In the South African War there were over 57,000 cases of typhoid fever, and over 8,000 deaths resulted. Sir Almroth Wright was moved to study the possibilities of inoculation against this malady. His system of vaccination was practised from the outset in the British Army in the Great War, but not in the French Army until two years had passed. Up to the end of October in 1916 there were 12,300 deaths from typhoid fever in the uninoculated French Army; but up to the end of the War there were only 266 deaths from the same disease in the British Army. Sir Almroth Wright claimed with justice, Sir Berkeley Moynihan said, to have saved two army corps. Plague was feared in the Allied Armies in 1916, when it was rumoured that the Germans intended to drop bombs laden with *bacilli*. Rats are the great carriers of plague infection. Accordingly, cats and dogs were multiplied behind the Allied lines in order that they should destroy the plague-carrying vermin. Sir Berkeley Moynihan suggested that the cat was deified in ancient Egypt for the reason that where it flourished plague was not. The discovery by Sir Ronald Ross of the propagation of malaria by the mosquito was an important step in the progress of medical science. "All these problems connected with typhus, plague, yellow fever, malaria, and so on, go to show," Sir Berkeley Moynihan said, "that, if it were not for the wit of man, insects would be the possessors of the world."

## Free State Broadcasting.

Discontent with the Free State's broadcasting system found vigorous expression at a meeting in Dublin which we reported yesterday. The system has 22,000 licensed subscribers. Most of these live in the City and County of Dublin, and there is a general impression that very many of them are neither frequent nor enthusiastic patrons of 2RN. The use of crystal sets, which chain subscribers to that station, is encouraged by the Government's tax on wireless apparatus, but owners of valve sets, who are numerous, have a decisive preference for English and continental stations. They complain that the Dublin programmes lack variety, often are deficient in merit, and refuse stubbornly to recognise that the average "listener in" desires amusement rather than instruction. He is apt to grow weary of gramaphone records, of language lessons, of songs by too familiar artists; and "relays" from ampler and brighter programmes are few and far between. In part, the Dublin station's weakness is due, no doubt, to a comparative poverty of resources; but we have suspected another cause—its failure to make, and to maintain, vigilant contact with the public taste. Our suspicion is strengthened by the testimony of Monday's meeting. We await with interest the official reply to Mr. Desmond McAteer's criticism of the advisory committee which, as established by law, is supposed to help the Minister for Posts and Telegraphs in the conduct of broadcasting. Such a committee, drawn from representative members of the system's *clientèle*, could do a most useful work of inspiration and correction; but, according to Mr. McAteer, the existing committee (of which he is a member) fails in both respects. It consists largely of official persons; it sits rarely; there have been only thirteen sessions, we are told, since May, 1927, and these were not open to the Press. Mr. McAteer roundly denounced the system's "autocratic control and secrecy"; and the meeting, which was convened by the Wireless Society of Ireland, resolved that "the advisory committee is out of touch with public opinion, and should be reconstituted to be more representative of listeners." We hope that the Minister for Posts and Telegraphs will accept the challenge and will encourage a full discussion of the whole management of the Free State's broadcasting system when the *Dáil* considers his forthcoming estimate. As head of the system, he is a public entertainer, and he must remember that—

The drama's laws the drama's patrons give;
For we that live to please must please to live.

## Winters Old and New.

The faint promise of spring that gilded the skies last Saturday and Sunday has vanished, and now we are shivering in that most disagreeable damp chill which follows snow and a sudden thaw. Coal fires, turf fires, wood fires, electrical heating and hot-water pipes—all are but feeble correctives of our meteorological misery. *Le Petit Journal* asks how our forebears defended themselves against cold weather, and answers: "Badly; very badly." The habitations of former times, this paper says, even when equipped with great central fires and chimneys, were so draughty that they never could be comfortable in wintry weather. Even the richest folk could find no escape. "If I remain much longer at the Royal Palace," wrote Madame de Maintenon to the Duke of Noailles, "I shall succumb to paralysis. Even in the inner apartments there is a draught so strong that one is reminded of the hurricanes of America." Was life in winter time really so miserable of old? Mr. John Buchan has argued that the enthusiasm for spring which abounds in the early poetry of these countries is traceable to the fact that spring, until quite recent years, did signify a release from wretchedness. Houses were bleak, windowless and ill-equipped as to fires; roads were largely impassable; social life for months was arrested. On the other hand, we cannot forget our debt to the long and ill-lit winter nights of former times; for they were the nurses of the art of story-telling. It was to beguile the tedious, dark hours that the folk tales were elaborated and the pretty legends were invented. Some modern building methods promise to bring back the bleak conditions of old days; for many an artisan's family now is housed in a box of concrete almost as fragile and as draughty as the most wretched habitations of olden times.

## OBITUARY.

### MR. HUMPHREY LOFTUS BLAND.

The death of Mr. Humphrey Loftus Bland, of Blandsfort, Abbeyleix, has caused sincere sorrow, not only in his own immediate neighbourhood, in Queen's County, but throughout the Free State generally. Few men were more widely known or more highly respected and loved than he. Of a quiet and retiring disposition, his chief interests lay in his beautiful home at Blandsfort, to which he remained devoted throughout recent troublous years. He was notable especially as a horticulturist, the gardens at Blandsfort beng a standing testimony to his taste; and, in addition, he was remarkably successful as a cattle breeder. At the shows of the Royal Dublin Society he was a frequent prize-winner. He was an excellent judge of cattle, and some years ago was invited to act as judge at a big agricultural show in Chicago.

MR. H. L. BLAND.

As a sportsman Mr. Bland had few equals. He was a first-rate shot, and frequently took shootings in County Roscommon and County Galway, where from time to time he entertained distinguished shooting parties. He was also a keen motorist, and was one of the first members of the Royal Irish Automobile Club, of which he was a Vice-President up to the time of his death. In the early years of motoring in Ireland he did much of the pioneer work, and with Mr. E. White and Mr. Sexton organised most of the "reliability" trials and other tests for motor cars.

Although always a Unionist and constitutionalist, Mr. Bland did not take any prominent part in politics, or in any phase of public life. He served for a time with the 5th Fusiliers. He was a Deputy Lieutenant for Queen's County, and filled the office of High Sheriff for a term. He had been in failing health of late, but it was not until a fortnight ago, following a bad crossing from England, that he developed serious symptoms. He is survived by his widow and by a son and daughter.

### LADY COURTNEY OF PENWITH.

Lady Courtney of Penwith, widow of Lord Courtney of Penwith, a former Deputy-Speaker of the House of Commons, died at her residence in Cheyne Walk, Chelsea, London, yesterday, aged eighty-two years. Lady Courtney of Penwith was a daughter of Mr. R. Potter, of Stonehouse, Gloucestershire, and a sister of Mrs. Sidney Webb. Her marriage took place in 1883. Her husband, Mr. Leonard Henry Courtney, was raised to the peerage in 1906. On his death in 1918 the peerage became extinct.

### LIEUTENANT-COLONEL HAMERSLEY, K.C.

Lieutenant-Colonel Alfred St. George Hamersley, K.C., a former Conservative member for Mid-Oxfordshire, died on Monday at Bournemouth, aged eighty years. He was called to the Bar in 1875, and practised in New Zealand and Canada. In 1900 he took silk. Lieutenant-Colonel Hamersley recruited and trained four Oxfordshire heavy batteries for service in the European War, was commanding officer of the heavy artillery group, and served in France in 1917. He had played four times for England in international Rugby matches, being captain in 1874. He it was who introduced Rugby football into Canterbury, New Zealand, and also into Vancouver.

### MR. THOMAS F. J. HIGGINS.

Mr. Thomas F. J. Higgins, a former Town Clerk of Waterford, died yesterday at his residence, Catherine street, Waterford, aged forty years. Mr. Higgins as a young man entered the Waterford Municipal Offices as a clerk, and in 1917 he succeeded his father as Town Clerk. He retired in 1920.

### MR. RICHARD J. CURTIS.

The death took place in the Mercy Hospital, yesterday, of Mr. Richard J. Curtis, collector of dues to the Cork Harbour Board. Mr. Curtis entered the Board's service as assistant in 1880. He was transferred to the collector's department in 1891, and in 1917 he was appointed collector.

### MR. COLIN B. CAMPBELL.

Mr. Colin B. Campbell, one of the heads of the Manchester Municipal Electric Lighting Department, died in Manchester yesterday from the effects of a motor accident. Mr. Campbell was the youngest son of the late Sir Henry Campbell, Town Clerk of Dublin, and the brother of Mr. Charles S. Campbell, a member of the Irish Bar. The news of his death has been received with much regret in Dublin.

## COURT AND PERSONAL.

The first Levée of the season was held yesterday at St. James's Palace by the Prince of Wales on behalf of the King. There was a large attendance, including a number of members of the Diplomatic Corps, in which there have been several changes lately.

The Duke and Duchess of York attended the meeting last night in the Royal Albert Hall, when the Empire Library for British Films was inaugurated. The Duke, on behalf of the British nation, received from Admiral Evans, acting for the trustees, a gift of "The Epic of the South Pole," the film depicting Captain Scott's last expedition.

After her visit to the King and Queen at Craigweil House on Monday, Princess Mary returned to London and joined Viscount Lascelles at Chesterfield House, where they will remain for some time.

The Duke and Duchess of Beaufort have returned from the South of France to Badminton House, and the Dowager Duchess of Beaufort, who has been making a short stay in London, has returned to The Cottage, her residence near Badminton. The Duchess of Hamilton is returning from her visit to the United States, and will join the Duke of Hamilton at Dungavel, Lanarkshire, where he has spent the winter. The Duke of Sutherland, who has been laid up with an attack of influenza, is now much better, and has left Sutton place, Guilford, for Hampden House, London. The Earl of Granard has arrived at Forbes House, London, from Ireland. Viscountess Massereene and Ferrard, who has been making a short stay in Paris, will return to-day to London. General Sir Henry and Lady Page Croft arrived in London yesterday on their return from Cairo.

The Marquis of Crewe has announced the endowment of a scholarship of £100 in the British Institute in Paris. The donor is Mr. E. Esmond, and the scholarship, which will be known as the Esmond Scholarship, will be open to men and women graduates of British universities who will attend the British Institute in Paris.

Sir James Parr, High Commissioner for New Zealand, has left London on an official visit to Glasgow, where he will be entertained at luncheon to-day by the Lord Provost. To-morrow he will be the guest of the Clyde Dock Trust at a public banquet.

At the first meeting of the Essex Federation of the Junior Imperial League, which will be held to-night in the Town Hall, East Ham, the Marquis of Hartington, assisted by the Maharajah of Burdwan and Mr. W. Teeling, chairman, will receive the guests on behalf of the Duke of Sutherland, who will not be able to be present.

The Earl and Countess of Munster returned to London yesterday from Wimbledon. The Earl and Countess of Plymouth have returned to Hyde Park Gardens from Hewell Grange, Worcestershire. Viscount Astor, who has been spending a few days at Plymouth, will return to London to-morrow, and will be joined by Viscountess Astor at the end of this week. Viscountess Chelmsford will return to London to-morrow from Cap Martin.


A great many of the new Spring Gowns and smart Tailormades showing the latest movement have now arrived at Switzers, and can be seen in their Costume Gallery. They are all marked at extremely moderate prices.

We have received a large delivery of best quality "Kaysee" Silk Hose in all the new shades for 1929, 8s. 11d. pair.—Messrs. Forrest and Sons, 100 Grafton street.

Stocktaking. See our windows. Many bargains in Silver and Plate.—Chancellor, 7 Grafton street.

Royal Hibernian Hotel, Dublin, and Salthill Hotel, Monkstown, now quoting special winter terms. Meals interchangeable between both hotels. For particulars apply Manager.

We are happy to offer our customers the majority of our new models at old prices, having received same just before the new duties were imposed.—Slyne and Co., Ltd., 71 Grafton street, Dublin.


PASSENGERS BY ROYAL MAIL STEAMERS.
Arrivals—Hugh Metcalfe, O.B.E.; Mrs. D. S. Prentice, Master H. Prentice, Mr. and Mrs. W. E. M'Donald, Mr and Mrs. J. Crampton Walker, Albert J. O'Shea, W. Bland, Rodney Homer Scutt, Thomas Joyce, P. R. Redmond, R. Ryan, Miss Reynolds, Mr. Paul, T. C. Dunne, Mrs. Phelan, Mr. Condron.
Departures—T. A. Carson, Miss Hartford, Mr. and Mrs. T. Woods, D. Jackson, V. Kelly, J. C. Beal, Captain H. Hayes, Dr. M. A. Hogan, Archdeacon Line, Mrs. Archibald Wright, A. Wright, T. Mayne, P. Rowan, Mrs. Dewar, Thomas Butler, James Edwards, Miss A. Hickey, Mr. P. Donnelly, Miss O'Rourke, P. J. Gibbons, Mr. Brabazon.

PASSENGERS BY THE B. AND I. LINE, VIA LIVERPOOL.
Arrivals.—H. W. Carsberg, J. H. Whitworth, T. Foster, G. B. Waters, Stanley Woods, Miss J

# WILD CHARGES IN THE NORTHERN PARLIAMENT.

## PREMIER ACCUSED OF TRYING TO INCITE TO MURDER.

## MR. CHURCHILL DENOUNCED.

## LORD CRAIGAVON ON CONSPIRACY TO BRING ULSTER INTO FREE STATE.

When Lord Craigavon, Prime Minister of Northern Ireland, was speaking on the Address in reply to the King's Speech at the re-opening of the Belfast House of Commons yesterday, he was subjected to considerable interruption by Nationalist, Labour and Independent members.

The storm broke when the Premier was quoting from an article by Mr. Winston Churchill, which referred to the fact that two divisions of the Irish Republican Army were operating in Ulster while the British Army was vacating the South.

"We do not want to hear from Winston Churchill," cried Mr. Devlin, while other members of the Opposition loudly proclaimed that Mr. Churchill was "a traitor to Ulster."

The Premier's suggestion that there were people both inside and outside the Six Counties making a strong move to place the Ulster people under an All-Ireland Parliament evoked another outburst. "Tell the people," said Mr. Devlin, "that you and Mr. Churchill are engaged in a conspiracy to stir up bitterness and bad feeling here."

The Opposition strongly denounced the proposal to abolish proportional representation, and Lord Craigavon was accused of having created disorder before and of "trying to incite to murder once again."

## PREMIER ATTACKED BY THE OPPOSITION

FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.

*BELFAST, Tuesday.*

When the House of Commons re-assembled at three o'clock,

Major Shillington moved an address in reply to the King's Speech which was read by the Speaker. Referring to the proposal to abolish proportional representation, he said that until the present system was removed it was not possible to have a close relationship between Parliamentary electors and their representatives. Pride of place, however, must be given by him to the proposals in connection with the de-rating of agriculture and industry. That relief would redound remarkably upon the prosperity of the whole community.

Mr. Beattie (Labour)—Where is the money to come from?

Major Shillington referred to the proposals for controlling public service vehicles. He said that the time had come when care should be taken to have traffic limited in some degree and wasteful competition should be avoided, not only in the interest of the roads, but also of public safety.

### PROPORTIONAL REPRESENTATION.

Mr. William Grant (Unionist Labour) seconded the motion. Referring to the bill to abolish proportional representation, he said that the vast majority of the people would rejoice at its introduction, and only cranks would be sorry. Proportional representation was too cumbersome, unwieldy and expensive, and the electors were not able to maintain that close relationship with their representatives which was desirable.

Mr. P. O'Neill (Nationalist) said that farming was never in a worse plight than at present, and he questioned very much the statement that de-rating would be a cure for all the ills of agriculture. He questioned whether the shifting of rates from one industry to another would be any improvement whatever.

### "THOUSANDS OF OFFICIALS."

It was said regarding education that the numbers of secondary school pupils had increased. He supposed the pupils were children of officials of the Government—there were so many thousands of these officials, and they were really the only people who could afford to send their children to secondary schools.

It was said that proportional representation was complicated and cumbersome. On its first application 90 per cent. of the Six County electorate voted, and only 1 per cent. of votes was spoiled. The Government, by abolishing proportional representation, hoped to gain, so far as Parliament was concerned, what was achieved in local government by disfranchising the minority and leaving them unrepresented.

### PREMIER HECKLED.

The Prime Minister, Lord Craigavon, intervening, referred to the way in which they had restored law and order in their initial administration. He quoted from an article by Mr. Winston Churchill to show the task that beset the Ulster Government.

The Nationalist group asked the Prime Minister was that the time when Mr. Churchill was chased out of Belfast.

"Come to Belfast business," cried Mr. Devlin; "we do not want to hear from Winston Churchill."

Mr. T. Henderson (Independent Unionist)—He is one of the traitors of Ulster.

The Prime Minister said that it might not be pleasant to the Opposition, but they would have to listen to it.

Mr. Henderson—He was a traitor to Ulster in the past, and we do not want to hear any of his speeches now.

Mr. Beattie (Labour)—It is the starving people we want to know about. What are you going to do for them?

Lord Craigavon then proceeded to read extracts from Mr. Winston Churchill's article, which referred to the fact that two divisions of the Irish Republican Army were operating in the North when the British Army was vacating the South.

Mr. Devlin asked was Churchill referring to the time when he wanted to shoot Belfast up.

Lord Craigavon replied in the negative, and said that he was not satisfied that there was not in existence a certain class of persons not only outside, but inside their borders, who were engaged at the present time——

### "STARTING THE ELECTION."

"That is the old game," interrupted Mr. Cahir Healy (Nationalist).

"He is starting the election," said Mr. Devlin.

"Tell us about unemployment," demanded Mr. Beattie.

"Tell the people," said Mr. Devlin, "that you and Mr. Churchill are engaged in a conspiracy to stir up bitterness and bad feeling here."

The Speaker then intervened and asked for the courtesy of debate for the Prime Minister.

Mr. Devlin, on a point of order, said they had come to the House to listen to speeches and not to what Mr. Winston Churchill had stated. They had come there to listen to the Prime Minister's speech after a six months' holiday on the Continent.

### PLOT AGAINST ULSTER.

The Speaker said the Prime Minister was entitled to expound the Government policy.

Lord Craigavon then proceeded to finish his previous sentence, which was interrupted, and said that he was not satisfied that attempts had been stopped to make the government of Northern Ireland impossible. He was satisfied that there was a strong move to place the Ulster people under an all-Ireland Parliament. (Nationalist laughter.)

Proceeding, the Prime Minister said he was grateful to the House for, in the last instance, renewing the Act of Parliament which enabled them to deal with any untoward circumstances which might arise and for allowing them to have upon the estimates a sufficient sum of money to keep the Special Constabulary in existence, which he had already stated over and over again would be the policy of the Government. The first thing for them to do, having secured law and order, was to maintain law and order. Their intention to do that was just as strong as it was in 1921 or 1922.

Lord Craigavon then proceeded to outline the policy of the Government, and dealt with the abolition of proportional representation, which had not given general satisfaction throughout the country. A return to the single-member constituency would prevent any humbugging of the electors.

Mr. Kyle rose to a point of order to inquire if the Prime Minister was in order in discussing what he proposed to do after the next election.

### MEMBERS AS PROPHETS.

Mr. Beattie—He might not be here!

"You won't be here," came a chorus from the Government benches.

Mr. Beattie (with a laugh)—We will be here all right.

Mr. Devlin (to the Government)—You won't be there.

Lord Craigavon—I am expressing the optimistic hope if we are returned to power we will bind all our energies to assist trade, commerce and agriculture. He added that their object also would be to have a great trade push in the next four years which would improve the welfare of the Six Counties.

Mr. Devlin—Why didn't you do that for the last four?

Mr. Collins (Nationalist) asked why the Government had used Portland stone instead of Six County granite in the new Law Courts.

The Prime Minister said that the Government would back the effort for the safeguarding of industry. As to unemployment insurance, the British Government had acted towards them in statesmanlike manner. The Northern Government had done everything in their power to assist local authorities and to urge them to bring forward fresh schemes to provide employment, to which the Minister for Labour would contribute 75 per cent. of the labour costs.

### NO DICTATORS OR COMMISSIONERS.

The Government could not do more than it was doing at the moment. The Guardians were charged with the duty of looking after the "down-and-outs," and, as a believer in democratic institutions, he was not in agreement with the demand to sweep aside such boards and put in their place dictators or Commissioners. The idea of the Government doing everything and local authorities doing nothing would be a great mistake to the community as a whole.

Proceeding, the Prime Minister said that it was proposed to give substantial assistance to farmers to enable them to undertake field drainage schemes. It was also proposed to grant farmers loans at reasonable rates of interest for the provision of seeds and manures. With regard to de-rating, Mr. O'Neill had suggested that it would merely be shifting the burden from one industry to another, and had treated de-rating in a very airy way, but would he be prepared to move the rejection of the bill? That was the acid test. The capitalised value of the de-rating proposals would amount to sixteen millions.

Mr. Beattie—Where is it to come from?

### DE-RATING.

The Prime Minister replied that the annual Government grant would be deducted from the Northern Ireland Imperial contribution. In conclusion, he stated that the Redistribution of Seats Bill would require considerable time, and he hoped that an arrangement would be made to secure the passage of the bill, for which he was responsible.

Mr. Beattie—Will you set up a commission to inquire?

The Prime Minister said that he would not set up a commission, but that facilities would be given to hon. members.

Mr. Healy—Does that mean that it will be subject to alteration?

The Prime Minister—I say that the scheme is admirably drafted, and it is not necessary to have any alteration.

Mr. Healy—That is all humbug.

The Prime Minister said that when the new bill was in operation they would all discover that the old system of one member for one constituency was far better than the present system.

### PREMIER ATTACKED.

Mr. Devlin said the Prime Minister started his speech with a clear attempt to inflame the atmosphere of their proceedings. It was bad enough to have violent

(Continued on Page 11, Column 2.)

## DEATH OF MR. A. E. JACOB.

### FIFTH M.P. WITHIN A MONTH.

### FIVE BY-ELECTIONS PENDING.

We regret to announce that Mr. Albert Edward Jacob, M.P., died at his London residence yesterday morning, after a long illness, in his seventy-first year. Mr. Jacob was the third son of the late William B. Jacob, of Ballybrack House, Co. Dublin. He was educated at Rathmines College and Dublin University, where, in 1880, he graduated with a Senior Moderatorship and gold medal in History and Political Science. As managing director of W. and R. Jacob and Co. (Liverpool), Limited, he was largely responsible for the successful development of the well-known Dublin firm's cross-Channel trade. He was an alderman of the City of Liverpool, and took an active interest in municipal affairs.

In 1924 Mr. Jacob was elected Conservative member for the East Toxteth Division of Liverpool. While retaining his business connections with Liverpool, he devoted his energy to parliamentary life in London until a break-down in health in the early part of last year necessitated his retirement.

In the course of an unusually active life and a business career extending over nearly fifty years, Mr. Jacob made many friends among all classes of the community, and those who remember his engaging personality, his charitable disposition, and the wide range of his interests will regret to learn of his death.

### TOLL OF POLITICIANS.

Mr. Jacob is the fifth member of the House of Commons who has died during the present month. The figures at the last election for East Toxteth were:—

| | |
|---|---|
| Mr. A. E. Jacob (Con.) .... | 16,159 |
| Mr. C. Burden (Lab.) .... | 6,620 |
| Mr. F. C. Bowring (Lib.) .... | 4,163 |
| Conservative majority .... | 9,519 |

Eight members of Parliament have died since last December 22nd, a period of just over two months. They were:—

Mr. Benjamin Spoor, Bishop Auckland, December 22;

Sir George Hutchinson, North Midlothian, December 22;

Mr. G. H. Warne, Wansbeck, December 24;

Mr. A. W. Dean, Boston, February 7;

Sir Alexander Sprot, North Lanark, February 8;

Captain C. T. Foxcroft, Bath, February 11;

Sir Harry Barnston, Bart., Eddisbury Division of Cheshire, February 22; and

Mr. Jacob.

The five members who died this month were Conservatives, and by-elections will now take place in the following constituencies:—Holland-with-Boston, North Lanark, Bath, Eddisbury, and East Toxteth.

Mr. Jacob is the twenty-eighth member who has died since the present Parliament was elected.

### THE LIVERPOOL CANDIDATES.

Our Liverpool Correspondent writes:—The by-election in the East Toxteth Division of Liverpool, caused by the death of Mr. A. E. Jacob, finds three candidates in the field. All are remarkably youthful, and their ages total less than eighty years.

The Conservative candidate is the Hon. Henry Mond, eldest son of Lord Melchett. Mr. Mond, as a Liberal, represented the Isle of Ely from 1923 to 1924, but subsequently changed over. He was adopted as prospective Conservative candidate for East Toxteth twelve months ago.

The Liberal candidate is Mr. A. O. Roberts, of Alton House, Aigburth, a well-known Liverpool insurance broker. The son of a city magistrate, Mr. Roberts is well versed in politics, and is a forceful speaker. He is popular amongst the Welsh community, and is treasurer of the Eisteddfod, which is to be held in Liverpool this year.

The Labour candidate is Councillor J. J. Cleary, who was elected a member of the City Council, for Garston Ward, by a majority of eighteen votes, after three stiff fights. In business Mr. Cleary is an insurance agent.

## VATICAN ATTITUDE TOWARDS ROTARY.

### REFERENCE AT MEETING OF CORK CLUB.

FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.

*CORK, Tuesday.*

At to-day's luncheon of the Cork Rotary Club, Mr. R. W. Sinnott presiding, reference was made to the statement recently published in the Vatican Press concerning the alleged influence of Masonry in Rotary, and the warning in the same papers that it was not "expedient" for priests to become members of the movement.

Mr. Charles McLaughlin, of Dublin, the Irish District Chairman, said that he would like to refer to a matter that must be in all their minds—the statement published in the papers from the Vatican. "That is very upsetting to us Catholics," he said, "but I want to appeal to Catholic members to go slowly in any action they may take. The decree is not clear yet. It will be clarified, I am certain, and I merely ask all Catholic members not to take any hasty step, because it is obvious, of course, that it may be necessary for us to take a very definite step. I do say, by all means go slowly in that matter until you are satisfied that you are taking proper action."

The Chairman said that opportune time would, no doubt, arise within the near future for Roman Catholic members to discuss the subject.

"I do not think it necessary to say any more about it to-day," he proceeded; "but, personally, I think that it would be a very sad thing if anything should happen to sever our happy relations. I think we may claim that we have done an enormous amount of good up to the present, and anything that would put a stop to these weekly meetings of prominent business men in the city would be very sad."

## ORDER FOR BRITISH MINT.

### POLISH SILVER.

FROM REUTER'S CORRESPONDENT.

*WARSAW, Tuesday.*

It is understood that the Polish Government is going to give the British Mint the order to strike large quantities of new silver—five-zloty pieces (there are forty-three zlotys to the pound sterling)—for issue shortly.

Large quantities of silver—one and two-zloty pieces—have been previously minted in England.

In this connection it may be mentioned that Sir Robert Johnson, Deputy-Master and Comptroller of the Mint, is expected here shortly.

## MARSHAL FOCH'S ILLNESS.

FROM REUTER'S CORRESPONDENT.

*PARIS, Tuesday, 8 p.m.*

Dr. Davernier, the medical attendant of Marshal Foch, declared this evening that his patient had passed a good day and was quietly resting.

## 150 AMENDMENTS.

### DAIL'S BIG PROGRAMME TO-DAY.

When the Dail reassembles to-day it is expected that it will resume consideration of the committee stage of the Censorship Bill, to which more than 150 amendments have been tabled by members of all parties in the House.

As it proceeds the discussion becomes more interesting, and opposition to the measure seems to harden on every stage.

In Ministerial quarters the view is that the Chamber's rejection last week of Section 6—the clause authorising recognised associations — makes the bill virtually ineffectual as far as a censorship of books is concerned. The Opposition, however, will demand further alterations, and I am inclined to think that the Act which receives the Royal Assent will bear no very striking resemblance to the measure that originated in Dail Eireann.

### A LONG AGENDA.

There are many other items of business on the agenda for to-day's meeting, including the report stage of the Legal Practitioners or, as it is better known, the "Compulsory Irish for Lawyers" Bill; the Local Elections (Dublin) Bill; Professor Thrift's bill to reduce the salaries of Senators; the Defence Forces (Temporary Provisions) Bill, and, lastly, some supplementary estimates for public services.

It is unlikely that both the Local Elections (Dublin) Bill (which provides for the re-election of the City Commissioners pending the enactment of the Greater Dublin legislation) and the Censorship Bill can be fully discussed to-day, and one may be deferred.

### THE COINAGE CRUX.

Before the public business begins Mr. Blythe is expected to make an announcement on the recent coinage "crux."

A question on this subject was set down at the instigation of the Ministry for the opening meeting of the House last Wednesday, but at the last moment Mr. Blythe found it necessary to ask the questioner to repeat his query this week, apparently because it was agreed that a simultaneous announcement should be made at Westminster. Mr. Churchill, in the Commons yesterday, said that he would refer to the matter to-day.

There is some curiosity in the Dail regarding Mr. Blythe's reasons for making a public announcement on the subject.

## SEA'S THREAT TO GREYSTONES.

### BREACH IN THE WALL WIDENED.

Further encroachment of the sea on the North shore at Greystones in the vicinity of the breach in the sea wall resulted from yesterday evening's tide, which swept through the southern opening, and tore away some fifty feet of the shingle backing from the wall.

The breach in the wall is being enlarged, and a further section of the wall is in danger, and five additional houses may soon be exposed to the mercy of the sea.

### GATEWAYS COLLAPSE.

The boundary walls and gateways of four houses collapsed yesterday evening, and it is feared that the morning tide will undermine the houses themselves.

The owners of the cottages are endeavouring to save as much of the materials as can be carried away before the houses fall into the sea.

On each side of the hundred feet gap there is a slight banking of the shingle on the strand at the foot of the wall, which, it is hoped, will resist the draw of the receding waves and hold out sufficiently long to enable the raising of a new rampart behind the doomed cottages, with side-long reaches to the still standing portions of the wall north and south of the gap.

All day long yesterday curious spectators came down to the north beach and stood by the hour watching the waves roaring through the gap in the wall.

The occupiers of the threatened cottages stood with gloomy faces watching the waves pounding the unprotected earth bank, carrying away the ground below.

If the sea continues its inroad until the higher ground on which cottages stand is washed away, the low land behind will be flooded, and the railway line beyond will eventually be involved. Happily, this contingency is at present remote.

Fortunately, the northern end of the defence wall remains intact, and there are no signs of any damage up to the present, although it experienced a very severe buffeting yesterday.

### TEMPORARY SHELTER.

The committee of St. Kilian's Hall has kindly arranged for some of the inhabitants to take temporary shelter there, whilst others are moving their belongings to other quarters.

The dismantling of the houses continued, and they now present a forlorn spectacle.

Yesterday the Board of Health Architect (Mr. R. M. Butler) again visited the place for the purpose of submitting a report.

### THE ELECTRIC SUPPLY.

With regard to the lighting of Greystones, Mr. Raymond F. Fry, Managing Director of the Greystones Electric Lighting Company, which is responsible for the public lighting in Greystones, stated yesterday to an *Irish Times* representative:

"We have over 330 houses supplied with electricity. On Monday all these houses were supplied with electric light. There was not a single house electrically connected with the power station left without light. There are 98 public street lamps in Greystones. Two of these, situated at the North beach, were purposely disconnected by our men, as there was danger of the electric wires being carried into the sea at the next high tide. These two lamps were disconnected about four o'clock on Monday afternoon. No other public lights were interfered with. No residence using electricity for lighting suffered any inconvenience."

Mr. Fry added that the public electric lighting at the North beach had been restored.

## CHARLIE CHAPLIN'S ILLNESS.

### LIKELY TO BE IN BED FOR A WEEK.

FROM REUTER'S CORRESPONDENT.

*BEVERLY HILLS, CALIFORNIA, Tuesday.*

Charlie Chaplin, who was taken ill yesterday in his studio, is likely to remain in bed for at least a week.

Dr. C. Reynolds, the film star's personal physician, said that Charlie Chaplin had a high temperature, but his condition was not alarming and showed a slight improvement this morning.

## CANADIAN HOSPITAL GIFT.

FROM REUTER'S CORRESPONDENT.

*TORONTO, Tuesday.*

The Toronto City Authorities have accepted a gift of $500,000 (£100,000) each from Mr. T. F. Loblaw and Mr. J. Milton Clark, multiple shop magnates, for the Civic Hospital.

This is the largest gift ever made by local philanthropists.

## "THE FORBIDDEN WORD."

### MR. CHURCHILL SAYS IT IS "ENGLAND."

### MR. BALDWIN'S STORY OF A SURRENDER.

"'England' is a forbidden word in this island. It is still famous in Europe. It is frequently mentioned in the remoter parts of Asia, in Africa and in the United States of America, but here it is taboo," said Mr. Churchill at the annual dinner of the Worcestershire Association in London last night.

"Indeed," he added, "I expect I shall get into trouble for even having mentioned it. We are quite content, and even proud, to call ourselves Britons, but I must here say how much I loath that odious word 'Britisher,' which has been forced on us in modern times, a word which arises out of the hatred of the original wars of American independence. But the word 'England' is one we rarely use, and I think there is no instance I know of such nationalistic effacement as has been practised and observed by the Englishmen in all these generations.

### THE IRISH WAY.

"Perhaps it may change," he added; "already we see some signs of change. When the Prime Minister was a candidate for Glasgow University, objection was taken to his candidature on the grounds that he was an Englishman. The Southern Irish have already made their own arrangements. (Laughter.)

"Some day it may be that the Welsh will let their dragon loose. Of course, we should be very sorry, and, of course, we shall do everything in our power to get them to remain and guide and govern us." (Laughter.)

### MR. BALDWIN'S SECRET.

The chairman was the Prime Minister, who sat by the side of Mr. Churchill.

"I sometimes read the daily papers," said Mr. Baldwin, "but I have never seen anything more wonderful than the observations recently made about the cloud between the Chancellor of the Exchequer and myself. (Laughter and cheers.) The Chancellor of the Exchequer has really sprung from the soil of Oxford, which is not very far off, and has something of our happy characteristics.

"I learned very early that Worcestershire men cannot be 'druv.' Mr. Churchill knows the same is true of Oxfordshire.

"The other day we found ourselves side by side in the House of Commons, and the mood of that House recalled to us some of the peculiarities of the people among whom we were brought up.

### "WE SURRENDERED."

"I remember what an old drover said to me on the road once when he was driving some pigs to market and experienced more than the usual difficulty in getting them along the road. He said: 'A hard thing to drive when there are many of them—is a pig.'

"I whispered that to the Chancellor of the Exchequer, and we surrendered. (Laughter.) 'When a man tells us—they very seldom do—what wonderful fellows we are, we say naturally: 'What is he getting at?' When he tells us that we are the biggest fools he has ever met, we simply wonder what he knows about it, and we do not mind." (Laughter.)

Mr. Baldwin added that the other day a lady of great distinction and power said to him: "A man in your position can never retire; you may die, but you may not retire."

"I have not the slightest intention of doing either at present," added Mr. Baldwin.

## TORNADO HAVOC IN AMERICA.

### 22 KILLED: SCORES INJURED.

FROM REUTER'S CORRESPONDENT.

*NEW YORK, Tuesday.*

Tornadoes made an early spring visit to three Southern States yesterday, leaving behind them a trail marked by 22 dead, scores of injured, several wrecked villages, and damage to property exceeding £100,000.

At intervals of a few hours wind-storms lashed North-East Texas, North-West Mississippi, and South-West Arkansas, striking with greatest fury at Duncan, Mississippi, where 14 of its population of 450 souls were killed and the village reduced to ruins.

Special trains with doctors and nurses are being rushed to the devastated districts, and emergency hospitals are being improvised to accommodate the injured.

There were many miraculous escapes. For instance, the wind played a strange prank with a farmer at Cooper. While milking in his barn he saw his house lifted from its foundations, but the barn remained untouched. At the same time his small daughter, who was running towards him, was lifted by the wind and tossed to his feet unhurt.

## RECEIVING ORDERS

### AGAINST WELL-KNOWN ACTOR AND A TRAINER.

It is announced in the *London Gazette* that receiving orders have been issued under the Bankruptcy Acts against

GEORGE DAVY BURNABY, actor, 13 Palace Gardens terrace, London, W., on debtors' petition, and against

STRATFORD H. DENNIS, trainer of race-horses, of Fort Granite, Baltinglass, Wicklow, Ireland, formerly of Kingsworthy, Winchester, and lately residing at Telescombe, Lewes, Sussex, on a creditors' petition.

Mr. Burnaby made his first appearance on the stage at the Imperial Theatre in December, 1902, as William in "The Crossways" at a command performance given by Mrs. Langtry before King Edward. In recent years he was a popular member of the Co-Optimists.

Mr. Stratford Dennis is well-known in racing circles as an amateur rider under National Hunt Rules and also as a trainer. He rode The Gosling in last year's Grand National, and he had bad luck last September when his charge, Tuskar, a consistent steeplechaser, who was fancied for the big German steeplechase at Karlshorst, near Berlin, was fatally injured on Parkstone quay as he was being shipped to Germany.

Mr. Dennis was once a midshipman in the Navy, and on leaving the service he rode a number of winners in Ireland as a gentleman rider.

## GOLDSMITH IN TRINITY COLLEGE.

### HIS CONNEXION WITH MEDICINE.

Dr. T. P. C. Kirkpatrick, Honorary Lecturer in the History of Medicine, will give an address this afternoon at 4.30 o'clock in the Medical School, Trinity College, Dublin, on "Goldsmith and his connexion with Medicine." He will also speak of Goldsmith's life in Trinity College.

The Provost will preside, and the meeting will be open to the public in so far as the accommodation will permit.

## LATE NEWS.

## 1,783 FAMILIES UNDER ONE ROOF.

### £1,600,000 NEW YORK HOUSING SCHEME.

FROM "THE TIMES" CORRESPONDENT.

*NEW YORK, Tuesday.*

The company which built the so-called Tudor city in Forty-Second street, New York, has filed with the Building Department plans for a 53-storey apartment hotel, to be erected between Fortieth and Forty-First streets. It will cost £1,600,000, and house 1,783 families.

Since the beginning of the year this company has begun to erect in the same locality four other apartment houses, ranging in height from 21 to 25 storeys.

So far, $25,000,000 (£5,000,000) out of an estimated expenditure of $40,000,000 has been spent on this building scheme.

The sites are within easy walking distance of the centre of the main business section of the city.

This development, like several others, is a natural outcome of the traffic congestion in New York streets.

## THE KING.

### ANOTHER GOOD DAY.

It was officially stated at Craigweil House last night that the King had passed a good day.

From the weather point of view the day was a disappointing one for the King. The skies remained dull and overcast, whilst a chilling East wind did not tend to make things any pleasanter.

Despite this, however, His Majesty's progress continues to be satisfactory.

The King, although he sat up for the greater part of the day, was not able to enjoy the invigorating air, as the windows of his bedroom were kept closed.

During the afternoon Dr. Woods travelled down to Craigweil House from London, and applied the luminous ray treatment to the King. The Queen did not go for her usual drive owing to the bad state of the roads. Her Majesty, however, took a short walk in the neighbourhood of Craigweil House.

## 5 NEW SUBMARINES.

### ORDERS FOR THE TYNE AND CLYDE.

Orders for five new submarines have been placed by the Admiralty, who stated yesterday that the contracts had been placed as follows:—

THREE SUBMARINES—To be built by Messrs. Vickers Armstrong, Ltd.

ONE SUBMARINE—Messrs. Beardmore, Ltd.

ONE SUBMARINE—Messrs. Cammell, Laird and Co., Ltd.

TWO SLOOPS—Messrs. Swann, Hunter and Wigham Richardson, Ltd.

MACHINERY FOR SLOOPS—Hawthorn, Leslie and Company.

Messrs. Vickers Armstrong, Limited, have works on the Tyne; Messrs. Beardmore on the Clyde; Messrs. Cammell, Laird and Company at Birkenhead; Messrs. Swan, Hunter and Wigham Richardson on the Tyne, and Messrs. Hawthorn, Leslie and Company on the Tyne.

## 16,200 BURST PIPES.

### FROST'S HAVOC IN NEWCASTLE AND LIVERPOOL.

A report by the Liverpool Corporation Water Engineer yesterday stated that the total number of burst pipes from February 11th to 25th was more than 10,200, and many more had been reported since.

Despite efforts to conserve the water supply by shutting off 144 districts at night, 45,000,000 gallons of water had been lost during the last six days.

The Newcastle Water Company reports that 6,000 water pipes burst during the recent frost.

## £300,000 ABATTOIR BLAZE.

### FLOOR COLLAPSES.

The fire that broke out in the basement of the Sheffield Corporation's new £300,000 abattoir yesterday morning was still burning last night, although it was got well under control late in the afternoon. The floor of the abattoir over the storage department collapsed.

John Jones, of Derwent street, Sheffield, a workman engaged on the building, was burned about the face, hands and arms, and received hospital treatment.

Another workman, George White, of Petre street, Sheffield, was overcome by smoke. He found himself surrounded by dense clouds of smoke and crawled to safety, putting his cap in his mouth to prevent choking. He collapsed upon reaching the open air.

Mr. Walter Guinness, Minister of Agriculture, was to have opened the abattoir on March 19 next.

## ARCHBISHOPS FALL OUT.

### ACCUSATION OF HERESY.

FROM REUTER'S CORRESPONDENT.

*HELSINGFORS, Tuesday.*

An extraordinary controversy has arisen between the Finnish Archbishop Johannsson and the Swedish Archbishop Soderblom, the first-named having publicly accused the Swedish dignitary of heresy to Lutheran doctrine. The charge was made at a public gathering, Archbishop Johannsson declaring that his Swedish colleague was unfit to represent Sweden at the forthcoming celebration of the seven hundredth anniversary of the foundation of Abo Cathedral.

It would seem that this dispute will prevent any Swedish representative from attending the festivities. Other Finnish bishops have endeavoured to persuade Archbishop Johannsson to withdraw his veto, but without success. Many distinguished Finnish clergymen have publicly expressed their deep regret at the attitude taken up by their Archbishop.

## IRISH LABOUR PARTY DIFFERENCES.

### "UNANIMOUS DECISIONS" REACHED.

Yesterday, after a joint meeting of the National Executive of the Irish Labour Party and the members of the two Labour groups in the Oireachtas, the following reassuring statement was issued to the Press:—

A joint meeting of the National Executive and the Labour members of the Oireachtas was held at Leinster House. Several matters affecting Labour policy and organisation were considered and unanimous decisions arrived at. Incidents arising out of the recent Senate election were discussed and misunderstandings cleared up. It was agreed that a national campaign for the improvement and development of Labour Party organisation would shortly be launched and steps taken to establish a fund for political organisation purposes.

The following were present at the meeting: Mr. L. J. Duffy (President), Senators Cummins, Duffy, Farren, Foran, Johnson and O'Farrell; Deputies Anthony, Broderick, A. J. Cassidy, Clancy, Colohan, Davin, Doyle, Hogan, Morrissey and O'Connell; Messrs. O'Brien, O'Shannon, McMullen, M.P.; L. J. Larkin, A. Heron, D. Gordon, M. Courtney, T. Cassidy, D. Cullen. Apologies for non-attendance were received from Deputies Corish, Murphy and Everett; Messrs. Fitzgerald, Norton and Watters, and Miss Bennett.

## "SECRET TREATY" A FORGERY.

### DEBATE IN BELGIAN PARLIAMENT.

### LOCARNO AGREEMENT OBSERVED.

FROM REUTER'S CORRESPONDENT.

*BRUSSELS, Tuesday.*

In the Chamber to-day the recent publication of an alleged Franco-Belgian agreement formed the subject of two interpellations to which urgency was conceded.

M. Hymans, the Foreign Minister, replying immediately on behalf of the Government, said that the alleged document was published by a newspaper noted for its hostility towards Belgium.

The document was a forgery, he added, and had already been formally repudiated by the Belgian Government and by the French Government. That morning he had again denied the alleged agreement to the Dutch representative.

### IN HARMONY WITH LOCARNO.

M. Hymans then explained the military situation as affecting Belgium in consequence of its agreement of 1920 with France, and pointed out that it was in harmony with the Locarno agreement, and only provided for the event of unprovoked aggression by Germany. It was a purely defensive agreement, and contained nothing opposed to the pact of the League of Nations.

"The Franco-Belgian agreement," he said, "is supplemented by understandings between the two General Staffs, which only aim at the defence of the country. The document published in Holland was a forgery, inspired by the wish to prevent improved relations with our northern neighbour." (Applause.)

The Dutch paper, M. Hymans concluded, had accepted without verification a document forged by an evil-doer. The publication of this forgery was evidence of systematic hostility to Belgium, and was prompted by the wish to prevent fresh negotiations with Holland.

### CALUMNIES AGAINST BELGIUM.

He hoped that the Dutch Government would collaborate with the Belgian Government in establishing the true facts. He was confident that the common-sense of the Belgian people would refuse to believe the calumnies directed against his country.

This remark brought applause from most benches, except the Flemish Frontists.

M. Vos (Frontist) pointed out that the Franco-Belgian military agreement was inimical to a policy of neutrality, and asked how would it be possible to prove that the document was a forgery. It would be difficult to prevent suspicion being roused. He suggested that the details of any military understanding with France should be published to dispose of any doubt, and he submitted a resolution to this effect.

### ONLY ONE AUTHENTIC DOCUMENT.

M. Vandervelde, the Socialist leader, said that, having read the text of the alleged treaty, he could say that it was either a huge mare's nest or a deliberate attempt to libel the Government in the hope that some mud would stick. If the document was genuine, those who signed it would deserve to be tried by court-martial, but those who did sign the real agreement ran no such risk.

Only one document was authentic; it was that of which a copy was deposited with the Secretariat of the League of Nations at Geneva. By virtue of this agreement each country was at liberty to take what military measures it wanted. "But," said M. Vandervelde, "if a second agreement had been adopted to complete the first I say we should have been guilty of a crime. We are all united to reject this suggestion with indignant protest."

### "LIARS AND CALUMNIATORS."

"To suggest that I, seeing my antecedents, should have envisaged or prepared for war with Holland, Spain and Italy, is really going too far. Even, however, if armchair strategists had drafted some such scheme, I would add that these fantastic schemes would not be binding upon any Government.

"I say that those who accuse us of aggressive ideas against Holland are liars and calumniators. I stand by the Government when it protests our loyalty and sincerity. These publications do not serve the cause of peace." (Applause from most benches.)

M. Van Cauwelaert said that he hoped that the Government would take the initiative in opening an inquiry to establish the source of the document and the object pursued by those responsible for its publication. He added that he felt sure that the Dutch Government would not refuse its help in an inquiry which would put the libellers out of countenance. In conclusion, he stated that he was convinced that the Government would do all in its power to establish the truth.

The debate was closed after a few words from M. Jacquemotte (Communist).

The following resolution, drafted by MM. Vandervelde and Masson, was granted priority: "The House, approving the declarations of the Government and endorsing its protest, passes to the Order of the Day."

This motion was adopted almost unanimously, only four Frontist deputies and one Communist voting against it.

### PAPER THAT DID NOT "BITE."

The newspaper *Le Soir*, which is conducting an inquiry, states that it believes that the text of the alleged Franco-Belgian Convention is the same as was offered to it recently, and which it refused to publish.

## DUBLIN DEATH-RATE.

The Registrar-General's report for the week ending February 23 gives the deaths from influenza in the Dublin Registration Area as twenty-seven, three less than in the previous week. Thirteen of the deaths were those of people over sixty, two were children of a year and a half old.

The death rate per thousand of the population was 26.5 in the Dublin Registration Area, 28.5 in the City of Dublin, and 20 in the urban districts.

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## WHO PAYS FOR ADVERTISING?

### BROADCAST DEBATE.

### CAMPAIGNS THAT MEAN LOWER PRICES.

"Who Pays for Advertising?" was the subject of an interesting debate between Sir Lawrence Weaver and Mr. Austin Hopkinson, M.P., which was broadcast from Daventry Station last night.

Sir Lawrence Weaver is a director of the London Press Exchange, Ltd., which is one of the most influential advertising agencies in London, and is also the author of numerous publications and papers. He held the position of second Secretary to the Ministry of Agriculture from 1919 to 1922. Mr. Austin Hopkinson is an Independent member of the British House of Commons.

Sir Lawrence Weaver argued that advertising paid for itself in increased production and lower costs. At the outset he said that he found it difficult to decide what the expression meant—whether it meant that advertising made the cost of an article cheaper or dearer to the person who bought it.

**PAYS FOR ITSELF.**

He thought that it did pay for itself in increased production and lower costs, and that the bill did not ultimately fall upon the consumer. Of course, the consumer paid for everything, but the thing that mattered was that, because of advertising, he paid less in the long run for the article he purchased. Advertising alone made it possible for the manufacturer to place an enormous mass of goods into the hands of the people who had the money to pay for them, and so the cost of advertising was quite negligible for every article which the consumer bought.

Advertising did not sell bad goods. If it did, of course, it would be a public danger. He would say, however, that advertising was the education of the people in commodities, and without advertising the ordinary man in the street had no means of making up his mind as to whether he was likely to get the thing he wanted at the price he was prepared to pay for it.

Again, he could not imagine the business world to-day without advertising, no more than he could imagine it without salesmanship. He had recently read an appeal to people to pay more attention to salesmanship; but how could that be possible without advertising, which was education in the things that the salesman was selling.

**LUXURIES.**

It might be argued that a great many of the things that are advertised are things that they really do not need; that such advertisement is merely an incitement to indulgence in luxuries. But a great many things that a few years ago were considered luxuries are to-day necessaries.

Sir Lawrence then referred to motor cars, bicycles, gramaphones, wireless, etc., and asked whether it would be possible to imagine that these things would be placed at the disposal of the public to-day if they were not necessities.

Following an indistinct interruption by Mr. Hopkinson, Sir Lawrence Weaver said that the question might be argued from the point as to whether an advertised article was cheaper than an unadvertised article. Mr. Hopkinson would have to agree that there was no more widely advertised article to-day than the cigarette. Now, if the consumer really paid for the cost of advertising this article, they would expect cigarettes to be more expensive to-day than they were before the war, when they were not advertised so heavily.

**CIGARETTES CHEAPER.**

He would refer particularly to three cheap brands of cigarettes, which were so well known that he would not refer to them by name and give them a free advertisement. If they also added the cost of the duty on tobacco, which, of course, had increased since 1914, they would find that the price of the most popular brand of the three was actually ten per cent cheaper to-day than it was before the war, although the cost of living had gone up by two-thirds, and ever so much more money was spent on advertising.

This was a striking proof of his contention that advertising brought enormous prosperity to industry, because it had enabled mass production to be undertaken.

He would next come to the two stable drinks of the breakfast table, one of which was heavily advertised and the other was not to any degree. Comparing pre-war with present day prices, he found that the cost of cocoa had actually gone up only ten per cent., whereas the cost of living had gone up 67 per cent. Coffee was not advertised at all, in so far as it was not sold very extensively in popular brands like cocoa, and its price had actually gone up 70 per cent.

**THE CONSUMER'S SAFEGUARD.**

Sir Lawrence Weaver went on to speak of the advertising by big retail stores of bargain sales, the selling of which bargains was made possible by the enormously increased sale resultant from the advertising. He also quoted the cheap railway excursions, and developed his argument on similar terms.

Advertising, he held, was the consumer's safeguard. The manufacturer who has conducted an extensive advertisement of his article, cannot afford to let its quality go down afterwards. People will buy an article because it is advertised once, and if they find that it is good they will go on buying it because they are reminded by advertisements that it is good. If they find that it is bad then they will not worry about it.

**MORE EMPLOYMENT.**

Mr. Hopkinson held that the consumer ultimately paid for the cost of the advertisement of an article.

Sir Lawrence admitted this, but suggested that the subject down for debate might be best explained by an alternative definition: "Who is the person who would be the richer if there was no advertising?" He would say that everybody would be the poorer because there would be less distribution of goods. His claim was simply that advertising led to greater consumption, which led to greater production, which in turn meant the employment of more people.

The discussion of the question after this was difficult to follow because of persistent interference from shipping.

## NORTHERN IRELAND LAND BILL.

### SECOND READING IN THE LORDS.

In the House of Lords yesterday, the Northern Ireland Land Bill, which amends the Act of 1925, was read a second time.

Lord Desborough, who moved the second reading, said that the whole object of the bill was to remedy injustices as regards tenants who purchased under the Act of 1925. Under that measure the appointed day was May 28 this year, but there were so many estates and tenancies which came within the purview of the Commissioners that it was found quite impossible by the date named in the measure to deal with all of them.

If this bill, which, he believed, was unanimously supported by all the interests concerned, was not passed, 19,000 tenancies and tenants would be deprived of their rights through no fault of their own. He pointed out that when the matter was first raised the highest estimate of tenancies to be considered was 29,000, but the Commissioners had found that there were actually 38,000 that needed their attention

## VERA COUNTESS CATHCART

### A BANKRUPTCY NOTICE.

A notice addressed to Vera Countess Cathcart, of 61 Princes' Gate, London, W., is published in the *London Gazette*, announcing that a bankruptcy notice has been issued against her at the instance of a London firm of Court dressmakers.

Vera Countess Cathcart was formerly the wife of the fifth Earl Cathcart, who died on November 19, 1927. When she married Lord Cathcart, in 1919, she was the widow of Captain de Grey Warter, 4th Dragoon Guards. She was divorced by Lord Cathcart in 1922. Early in 1926 Lady Cathcart was detained at Ellis Island by the American immigration authorities, who accused her, as a divorced woman, of being guilty of "moral turpitude." Eventually she was allowed to enter the United States. Her play, "Ashes," was presented both in London and America.

CORPORATION SHORTHAND-TYPISTS. Special preparation for coming exam. at ROSSE COLLEGE, Stephen's Green, Dublin. Miss P. Ryan successful last exam.—[Advt.]

# REPORTED FIGHTING IN AFGHANISTAN.

## TRUTH ABOUT AMANULLAH'S POSITION BY AN EYE-WITNESS.

## MORE TRIBUTES TO THE R.A.F.

FROM REUTER'S CORRESPONDENT.
*MOSCOW, Tuesday.*

According to advices reaching here from Termez, on the Russo-Afghan frontier, fighting has commenced between Amanullah's troops and supporters of Habibullah (Bacha Sakao) around Maidan, a place about eighteen or nineteen miles from Kabul.

It is stated that proclamations have been broadcast from Kabul, stating that Amanullah is located at Ghazni. The town of Maidan itself is said to be occupied by Amanullah's forces.

## TRUTH ABOUT AFGHANISTAN.

### AMANULLAH'S SMALL ARMY: STORIES OF TREASON.

FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.
*TEHERAN, Tuesday.*

The truth about Afghanistan is that, instead of Amanullah, as hitherto reported to be planning a huge attack to recapture Kabul, Bacha-Sakao, despite the wintry weather, has sent his forces across the Ghasni Pass, some of his detachments already having appeared within a hundred a twenty kilometres of Kandahar.

Deep snow is still preventing military operations, but Amanullah's control does not extend farther than Kalet, where his Minister of War is now making his general headquarters, and supply caravans are daily bringing what war material is available.

It is generally admitted that Bacha-Sakao possesses the real military strength of the country. He not only has soldiers, but virtually all the war supplies of the former Amanullah Government, including fifteen aeroplanes, most of which are reported to have been destroyed, but a few of which are known to be operating, spreading propaganda for the Kabul usurper.

**NO AEROPLANES.**

Abdul Whabd explained to me that the Afghan aviators were actually against King Habibullah—Bacha-Sakao—but they were forced to work for him, as he holds their wives, relatives, and friends as hostages during the flights.

Amanullah has not a single aeroplane. He has not even a wireless receiving set and has very little methods of communication.

Until my aeroplane made a special trip for him to Herat he did not even know what had been happening in this territory for weeks

Amanullah gave orders to his soldiers at Mukdir to fight Bacha-Sakao detachments, but they refused, declaring it was now the Ramazam (the Moslem fasting month), and they refused to fight during that time, and would decide what they would do later.

**THE TRIBAL FIGHTING MEN.**

Altogether Amanullah has less than two thousand dependable soldiers at Kandahar, but this is explained away by the potential fighting strength of the tribes, who, I was told, are the real masters of the country.

Even at Kandahar private citizens walk with rifles in their hands in the same way as the Englishman carries his walking stick.

Yet no one apparently knows who he is fighting for in the general mix-up.

**TREASON.**

Notwithstanding ex-Knig Amanullah's statements to me, I was privately told that he actually abdicated because his entire organisation at Kabul was honeycombed with treason. I had an example of treason in Kandahar. My aeroplane, when the first attempt was made to rush the King's sister and Queen Souriya's father and mother to Herat, was unable to make the trip owing to improper petrol.

The motor became over-heated after a ten-minutes' flight, and the aeroplane was forced to return. The passengers were forced to return to Kandahar, but the baggage remained in the aeroplane.

**PILOT'S SEARCH FOR PAPERS.**

One of Amanullah's trusted pilots, then at Kandahar, who was strutting about in a dapper leather coat and flying cap, although he had no aeroplane, asked me for a cigarette.

On the excuse that he wanted to smoke secretly, which is forbidden during Ramazan, he sneaked into the cabin. Instead of smoking, he broke open some of the baggage and made a frantic search.

This was observed through the pilot's seat. He did not touch the gold money there, but was obviously looking for papers.

**MOVING THE MONEY.**

Owing to the precarious situation at Kandahar, King Amanullah intends to move to Herat. His Minister for Foreign Affairs has already left, while gold and silver in possession of the King and Government are being daily moved from Kandahar to Herat or abroad, so that if further "abdications" are necessary Amanullah will not find himself destitute.

Altogether, I understand, Amanullah brought about forty-five thousand gold pounds with him from Kabul. He discontinued all public works there, and German engineers at Kandahar have been waiting some time for their salaries.

I was told at Kandahar that although the King lacks war materials and troops, lack of money is the only serious handicap, as the war with England a few years ago showed that the warlike tribesmen were able to withstand any attack of regular soldiers, and all that was necessary to purchase the support of the tribes was money.

**DELEGATIONS TO THE KING.**

While feverish preparations are being made to move the G.H.Q. to Herat, huge delegations are daily coming into Kandahar to pledge the support of their districts to Amanullah's cause.

In the Assembly Hall of the Palace over my guest room conferences were being held daily. With the heads of the various tribes, all in Afghan costumes, crouching around the floor in circles, Amanaullah, attired in modern military uniform, paced up and down explaining to them the situation and asking them if Afghanistan can accept a common robber as King.

Without exception all ate with Amanullah, dipping their fingers in a common bowl, which is still a sign of complete allegiance.

**KING'S GOOD SPIRITS**

Ex-King Amanullah himself is exceptionally pleased at his increasing political support, and, although he was depressed for weeks after his flight from Kabul, he is now showing higher spirits daily.

Queen Souriya is constantly encouraging her husband. It is untrue she has become the mother of her eighth child. This is not expected before another four months.

Although the private life of Amanullah is said to be according to most Western standards, he has become more careful not to offend the prejudices of the Afghans regarding the violation of traditional customs of the country. The female members of the Royal family do not now appear in public without their veils.

Amanullah himself insists upon observing the dictates of religion. Not a single drop of water or a bite of food passes his lips during the daylight. After the night repast he devotes hours to prayer.

In fact, so religious is the entire entourage that, even when Amanullah at six o'clock in the evening is about to step into a Rolls-Royce drawn up before the dilapidated door entering into the Court of the Governor's Palace, the Commander of the mounted guard lined up in a side street, wheels his horse about, and retires into a corner, where, after throwing down a blanket, he goes through a set of prayers, which, to the uninformed European, looks like so much calisthenics.

Whether due to the Ramazam or the tense feeling of uncertainty pervading the city, the feeling is imparted that the religious devotion to prayer is relied upon as much as military preparation to save the country for King Amanullah.

## RESCUES BY R.A.F.

### NEARLY 700 PERSONS EVACUATED.

FROM "THE TIMES" SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.
*ON THE FRONTIER, Tuesday.*

Sir Francis Humphrys, the British Minister to Afghanistan, who, with the remainder of his staff from the British Legation at Kabul, landed at Peshawar yesterday in the last machine of a flight of eight aeroplanes, which made what is presumably the final voyage of the evacuation, has been welcomed there by many soldier and civilian friends.

The Air Force may now regard their mission of mercy accomplished, with consummate skill and success.

Up to Sunday night, when the German, French and Italian representatives were rescued, they had brought from Kabul 545 souls in seventy-one trips undertaken for this purpose, while the final flights brings the total approximately to 600.

In the course of two months one Vickers-Victoria aeroplane was lost, and the engine of one D.H. machine was scrapped, but these incidents almost enhance the glory of their record.

In one case a Vickers-Victoria, with water in the petrol was landed with extraordinary airmanship on a small rock platform within a few yards of a two thousand feet precipice, while in another case, a machine riddled with fourteen bullets, was refitted with a fresh engine, brought from Peshawar, and reflown the following day.

Not a single life was lost during the whole two months' operations in appalling country.

Whatever failure there may be to appreciate this magnificent achievement elsewhere, there is no question of the gratitude of the representatives of foreign nations themselves.

The arrival of Sir Francis Humphrys happened to coincide within a few hours with the arrival at Peshawar of Nadir Khan. The latter remains at Peshawar resting quietly. To all comers he reiterates his ambition to prove a peacemaker in his distressed country.

He denies, no doubt sincerely—for his health is obviously unequal to the strain—that he himself is a claimant to the Throne. Nevertheless, his appearance on the scene is unquestionably a most important factor in the present situation as affecting the frontier province.

King Amanullah is believed to be still at Kandahar, though contemplating a further withdrawal to Herat, possibly leaving ex-King Inayatullah behind, as previously he had done in Kabul. It is interesting that his personal retreat towards the Russian border has been balanced by the prudent bestowal of his treasure in the hands of his agents in British territory.

Nadir Khan's plans are certain to influence his future movements, but no serious developments are likely, pending the simultaneous dispersal of the snows and the termination of the Moslem fast of Ramadan.

## STATEMENT IN THE COMMONS.

### HISTORIC ACHIEVEMENT.

Replying to the question by Commander Oliver Locker-Lampson (Con., Handsworth) with regard to the removal of British residents from Kabul, Earl Winterton (Under-Secretary for India) read the following telegram from Sir Francis Humphrys:—

"The Royal Air Force have performed an historic achievement. They have conveyed 568 persons in 82 aeroplanes, without a single mishap to passengers, since December 23rd, over mountainous country in the depth of winter at an average height of ten thousand feet. Conditions have always been difficult, and for the last two days almost insuperable, on account of the heavy fall of snow." (Cheers.)

Earl Winterton added that in the early days of the operations one machine was shot down over Kabul, though the pilot was, fortunately, unhurt, and had since rendered Sir Francis Humphrys invaluable assistance. The Royal Air Force *personnel* had throughout flown over the wild border country unarmed.

One machine had a forced landing through the engine actually freezing up whilst in flight, and its two occupants were for some days in the hands of tribesmen, though subsequently successfully evacuated by air. (Cheers.)

### FRENCH THANKS.

*PARIS, Tuesday.*

The French Government has instructed M. de Fleuriau, the French Ambassador in London, to thank the British Government for the evacuation by the Royal Air Force of members of the French colony in Kabul.

## BRITISH AIRMAN SAFE.

### A LANDING IN SICILY.

FROM REUTER'S CORRESPONDENT.
*TUNIS, Tuesday.*

The Naval authorities at Bizerta have been informed that the British airman, Major Sogen, who left here on Saturday morning to fly to Palermo, has been obliged to land at Catania, owing to the bad weather.

He will continue his flight to Palermo, and will afterwards leave for Rome.

### SIR W. ROWAN THOMSON.

Sir William Rowan Thomson, "The Gart," Callander, Perthshire, late of David Rowan and Company, marine engineers, Glasgow, died yesterday. He was a member of the Shipbuilding Advisory Committee of the Ministry of Shipping in 1916-1917, a member of the Shipbuilding Council 1917-1918, a Director of Auxiliary Ship Engineering, Admiralty, 1917-1918, and Chairman of the West of Scotland Munition Management Board. He was also a member of the Clyde Navigation Trust, and a Governor of the Royal Technical College, Glasgow.

## UNEMPLOYMENT.

### INSURANCE IN NORTHERN IRELAND.

### FINANCIAL RESOLUTION PASSED.

In the House of Commons yesterday, Mr. A. M. Samuel, Financial Secretary to the Treasury, moved a financial resolution, proposing to make permanent the arrangement of 1926 between the British Government and the Government of Northern Ireland in respect of unemployment insurance in Northern Ireland. Under the arrangement the Government of Northern Ireland undertook to repay by instalments the excess debt on the Northern Ireland Unemployment Insurance Fund, amounting to £3,424,000, and that would ultimately result in a relief of the charge on the British Exchequer of £113,000 a year. He said that unemployment in Northern Ireland had been persistently greater than in Great Britain, and Great Britain had assumed responsibility for two-thirds of the debt on the fund.

Mr. Snowden (Labour, Colne Valley) taunted Mr. Churchill with having left the proposal of the resolution to Mr. Samuel. Perhaps, he said, the courage of the Chancellor has now been fortified by the presence of the Prime Minister (who had just entered), for it may be that the Prime Minister has entered the House to prevent the Chancellor from repeating the humiliating spectacle of a week ago. (Labour laughter and cheers.)

Mr. Snowden then pointed out that the existing agreement did not expire until March, 1930, and he asked why the agreement was to be made permanent twelve months in advance. The explanation, he said, is not difficult to find. The Tory Party to-day is what it was when Lord George Hamilton said that it was the business of the Tory Party to look after its friends. (Laughter.) We have in this proposal a confession by the Government that they do not expect to be in office in March 1930, and no doubt under the importunities of the Ulster loyalists they are making this proposal now. We had an instance last week of the pressure which is being brought to bear on the British Government to hand over public money to their loyal friends in Ireland. The loyalty of the Irish Unionists is always measured by the amount of money they can extort from the British taxpayer. (Laughter.) The proposal, he added, was to hand over to Northern Ireland vast sums which might amount to a million pounds a year, without any control over the administration of the money. He moved an amendment, providing for "the repayment of any sums paid."

**PLENTY OF VENOM.**

Mr. Churchill said that Mr. Snowden had introduced the usual stream of charges and insinuations against the Government, and had imparted "plenty of venom, served up cold, and with an obvious lack of any real feeling behind what he said." Under the operation of un employment Insurance in Northern Ireland the people there were worse off than the corresponding people in Great Britain. "I am certain," Mr. Churchill proceeded, "that the Labour Party will make a mistake if, through prejudice against the Ulster Government, they take a wrong line in what is essentially a Labour question. If Mr. Snowden is always against Ulstermen politically, why should he make ground against the working class population and put them in an invidious position? What is this we hear of Labour's solidarity? Workers of the world, unite. (Laughter.) He says 'Workers of the world, unite, but as far as these Ulstermen are concerned I have a down on them.'"

Who will win the next election depends on processes not yet determined—(Labour laughter)—but it will not benefit the Labour Party for this small community in Northern Ireland to know that if by any chance Mr. Snowden and his colleagues become responsible they will not get fair treatment—that he would be eager to give them a kick, and see them come a cropper, and he would not be restrained in his malice by any consideration about the working-class population of this country.

**FREE STATE COINAGE.**

So far as I am concerned, continued Mr. Churchill, I claim to be impartial. It was only last week that I was scarified to taking a particular view upon an Irish matter, which I adhere to, although I submit to the views of others. (Derisive Labour cheers.). The House will have to wait no longer than to-morrow to hear me make an answer on the subject of coinage affecting the Irish Free State, which I have not the slightest doubt will bring upon me the reproaches of some members who represent Ulster. But I have been throughout earnestly desirous that in the settlement of all these Irish matters we should treat both Governments in such a way as to make a success of them. If ever there was a case in which we should be animated by a generous desire to help one of these Governments, it is this. (Ministerial cheers.)

Mr. Wheatley (Labour, Shettleston) said that he found himself, for once, not able to see eye to eye with "my friend and leader, Mr. Snowden." (Cheers and laughter.) "I hate," he proceeded, "the politics of the people of the North of Ireland; I detest the step they took when they insisted on partition. I believe, from my knowledge of Ireland, it is largely responsible for the present position, and I can see no prosperous future for Ireland until that step is redressed. The question, however, which we have to decide is not one which affects the political character of Northern Ireland at all, and I cannot accept the view that we should take vengeance on the working people of that country.

"I see no reason for opposing the proposal which the Government has made to-day. The people who will suffer are not the rich people in Ireland, but the quarter of a million of working people. I refuse to oppose the Government's proposal." (Ministerial cheers.)

Mr. Buchanan (Labour, Gorbals), in supporting the views expressed by Mr. Wheatley, said that he hoped that the Labour Party was not trying to get into power by making the conditions of the working class worse than at present.

The amendment was negatived by 215 votes to 110.

A further Labour amendment, limiting the operation of the agreement to March 31st, 1931, was similarly defeated, and the resolution moved by Mr. Samuel was agreed to without a division.

## ECHO OF STELLA MARIS MURDER TRIAL.

### BANKRUPT "TRIFLING WITH THE COURT."

The bankruptcy proceedings against Mr. Alfonso Francis Austin Smith, who was the leading figure in the sensational Stella Maris murder trial at Maidstone Assizes in October, 1926, and was acquitted, were again mentioned at Barnstaple Bankruptcy Court yesterday.

The Official Receiver said that Mr. Smith had attended at his office on February 5th for his preliminary examination. As Mr. Smith had not completed the forms for his statement of affairs, they were returned to him for completion. On February 21st the Official Receiver wrote to the debtor, reminding him of his public examination that day. That morning he received a letter from Mr. Smith, stating that he was ill with influenza, and adding that a doctor's certificate was being sent.

The Registrar said that he had received a similar letter from Mr. Smith.

On the application of the Official Receiver, the Registrar made an order that the debtor should, on or before March 5th, lodge in duplicate with the Official Receiver a statement of his affairs, and that the public examination should be adjourned to March 18th.

"If the order is not obeyed," added the Registrar, "I am quite prepared to issue a warrant for the debtor's arrest, as this is trifling with the Court."

## DRAINING OF LAKE NEMI.

### THE LATEST DISCOVERIES.

FROM REUTER'S CORRESPONDENT.
*ROME, Tuesday.*

The *Tribuna* announces that the lowering of the level of Lake Nemi as the result of the pumping operations has left high and dry a number of large square blocks of stone, indicating the presence of an old Roman road. A number of vases, a head of Medusa in terra-cotta, of very fine workmanship, and traces of the palaces of the emperors have also been discovered. The ruins of the little lake harbour are becoming more clearly visible every day.

## CLAIMS OF SOUTHERN LOYALISTS.

### MR. CHURCHILL'S STATEMENT.

The compensation of Irish loyalists and the recent developments of the subject were still fresh in members' minds when the House of Commons met yesterday. Mr Churchill faced a series of questions with defiant cheerfulness. Requests for information as to the total cost to the Exchequer of the *ex gratia* grants had been put down by Mr. Tom Williams (Labour, Don Valley), and Mr. Thurtle (Labour, Shoreditch).

Ironical Labour cheers greeted Mr. Churchill, who replied that the total amount so far paid in respect of recommendations by the Irish Grants Committee was £1,042,000. The additional sum required for payment in full of the recommendations already received was approximately £298,000. He was not in a position to give an accurate estimate of the total sum to which the Committee's recommendations would ultimately amount.

Mr. Tom Williams—Is it the intention of the Government to supply a list of the claims, with the amounts claimed, before the next supplementary estimate? (Labour cheers.)

Mr. Churchill—It is the first time I have heard the suggestion. (Ministerial cries of "Hear, hear.")

"In view of the debate on this question," Mr. Williams persisted, "will the right hon. gentleman consider the advisability of publishing a list forthwith of the amounts claimed?"

At this there were Labour cheers, but Mr. Churchill did not reply.

Major Colfox (Conservative, Dorset W.) rose, but Labour members shouted to the Chancellor, "Answer."

The Speaker tactfully intervened, and Major Colfox asked whether the Chancellor could say when the Committee would have finished its investigations, and when, therefore, the Government would know their total liability.

"No, sir," said Mr. Churchill.

Labour members renewed their chorus of "Answer," and Mr. Tom Williams demanded, "Are we not entitled to a reply?"

Mr. Churchill retorted that Mr. Williams's supplementary question raised a new issue to his question on the paper. "I am perfectly ready to answer," he added, "but I must have notice."

## BRITISH INDUSTRIES FAIR.

### FREE STATE EXHIBITS DOING WELL.

FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.
*LONDON, Tuesday.*

The White City, where the British Industries Fair is held, must have been one of the coldest places in London this morning, but the cold did not prevent an unusually large attendance. The number of buyers visiting the Fair this year has greatly exceeded any former record, and the business resulting should be remarkably good.

Since the opening of the Fair there have been many additions to the gas stoves scattered about the many halls; but, in face of the intense cold, they are almost useless. To-day nearly every stove was surrounded by people trying to get a little warmth, while chill breezes blew around them.

The Irish Free State exhibit in the section devoted to the Empire Marketing Board has done extremely well, and there are great hopes of good trading results. There has been much enquiry as to tinned milk, which seems to be regarded as a new departure, while all the eggs exhibited were quickly acquired by a great London store. The tweeds and woollens shown under the direction of Miss Brennan have aroused great interest, and the demand has exceeded the expectations of the Department of Agriculture. These were much admired by the Queen during her tour of inspection last week. The Queen also paid particular attention to the eggs, and appeared to be impressed by Mr. Amery's declaration, that they were the finest to be found, and that the Irish Free State was the first country to go in for grading.

Regarding the woollens, the samples shown come from many centres, including Pulathomas Knitting and Crochet Industry; Muings Knitting and Crochet Industry; Bangor-Erris Knitting and Crochet Industry; Geesin Crochet and Knitting Industry; Cargal Knitting Industry; Carndonagh Knitting Industry; Falcarragh Knitting Industry; the Templecrone Knitting Industry; Ardara, Co. Donegal (homespuns); Kenmare, Co. Kerry (homespuns); Lettermore Knitting Industry; Belmullet Knitting and Crochet Industry; Glengariff Knitting Industry; Bruckless Lace and Embroidery Industry; Ardara Lace and Embroidery Industry; Lackeen Lace Industry; Keel Knitting Industry, and Downings Knitting Industry.

**NORTHERN IRELAND EXHIBITS.**

The Northern Ireland exhibit has also been successful, and secured much commendation for the original manner in which the stand has been fitted and lighted. Business has been extremely good since the Fair opened. Amongst the Irish exhibitors is the firm of White, Tomkins and Courage, Limited, with a very fine and imposing stand. This firm, which has branches at Belfast, Tandragee, and Templemoyle, specialises in essential oils, and displays a great range of these, with fruit and flavouring essences, toffee flavourings, harmless food colours, and specialties for the aerated water, confectionery and allied trades. A feature is made of the non-spirituous essence used for boiled sweets, gums and jellies and pastilles. These essences are manufactured free from spirit by a secret process, and must not be confused with essences made from alcohol substitutes, while they are stronger than spirituous essences.

**WONDERFUL GAS RESULTS.**

One of the most interesting exhibits in the British Industries Fair, Birmingham, is the wonderful display of gas lighting shown on the stand of the Welsbach Light Co., Ltd. The chief feature of this exhibit is an actual lighthouse burner used in conjunction with a lens panel similar in every respect to those now in existence in the important lighthouses around the British Isles. The mantle in use in this burner is the largest in the world, and measures 9 inches in height. It is identical with those manufactured exclusively by the Welsbach Light Co., Ltd., for lighthouses, not only for the British Isles, but also for other parts of the world. The burner and mantle, in conjunction with the lens apparatus, gives the astounding illuminating power approximating to 78,000 British candles.

**CHINESE MARKET IN LINENS.**

A Chinese merchant who visited the British Industries Fair expressed the view that there is a chance for British manufacturers to develop an important business in China on lines suggested by the Prince of Wales last week. "The well-to-do Chinese are looking for a change from their own traditional silken garments," he said. "They will not tolerate artificial silk in any shape or form. These pale-coloured and printed linen goods that British manufacturers are showing in the London section are just the very thing fashionable Chinese want. There is a great future for manufacturers who are prepared to develop this market in the way suggested by the Prince of Wales—that is, to send out representatives, or managers, who can enter into negotiations personally with the Chinese merchants. The Chinese people would be only too glad to co-operate in starting a trade in British linen goods. Although there is a large demand for linen, we are reluctant to buy the Japanese material, which is practically the only kind available."

The Irish linen manufacturers, who are showing a co-operative display, have sold their complete exhibits, worth £1,200, to one firm.

Following the Prince of Wales's humorous comment on the anomaly of an automatic sunblind in England, the manufacturers have received inquiries from agencies in the United States, Czecho-Slovakia, Jamaica, Canada, Australia, and South Africa.

### COMING CONFERENCE OF LICENSED TRADE.

At yesterday's meeting of the committee of the Licensed Grocers' and Vintners' Protection Association of Ireland, presided over by the chairman, Mr. Michael Corbett, and attended by nearly all the members, the Chairman said that all arrangements were now complete for what he believed would be a very large and representative conference, to be held to-morrow (Thursday), the 28th inst.

Various suggestions had been received as items on the agenda, and the scope of the business under consideraflon would be very wide. The chief items would be the beer and spirit duties, the proposed Licensing Law (Amendment) Bill, and other items of a minor, but important, interest to the trade.

## U.S. MARKETS.

### A WIDESPREAD ADVANCE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)
*NEW YORK, Tuesday.*

Stocks opened irregular, and high money rates were again an adverse factor. Special buying occurred in Coppers, Oils and a few specialities, but the general list of issues was under pressure. The call money rate advanced from 8 to 9 p.c., and some bankers predict that it will reach 10 p.c. before the end of the week. Wall street has heard that some Federal reserve banks outside New York are using stronger language than that contained in the recent admonition to the effect that the volume of speculation credit must be curtailed. Coppers responded to the advance in the commodity, while some low and medium-priced Oils also were in brisk demand. United States Steel reached 190½ on reports that the directors will take action on the refunding plan to-day. Many declines of from 2 to 4 points in leading issues were erased in the final half hour of trading, when the spectacular advances of half a dozen easily-manipulated shares started a wide-spread advance. Adams Express soared 32 points, Radio Corporation 24, and Allis Chalmers and A. M. Byers 13 points. American Express, Commercial Solvents, Houston Oil of Texas, Loews Incorporated and Victor Talking Machine advanced 5 to 8 points. Anaconda Copper rose 4 points to 139½, a new high level. United States Steel and Bethlehem Steel finished at their day's low level as a result of renewed selling. The close was irregular. Government Bonds steady; Railroad Bonds easy. The day's sales amounted to 3,730,000 shares.

Money on call closed firm at 9½ p.c. asked and 9 p.c. bid. Business during the day ranged from 8 to 9 p.c., with 8 p.c. the ruling rate. The last loan was made at 9 p.c. Prime mercantile paper was quoted 5½ to 5¾ p.c. Sterling exchange steady. Silver advanced ½c. to 56¾.

Railroad Earnings.—January—Texas and Pacific, gross $3,761,000, increase $151,000; net $568,000, increase $27,000.

Union Pacific, gross $15,823,000, increase $831,000; net $2,959,000, increase $805,000.

Baltimore and Ohio, gross $18,767,000, increase $1,118,000; net $2,716,000, increase $808,000.

New York, Ontario and Western, gross $874,000, increase $93,000; net deficit $34,000, decrease $134,000.

Reading, gross $8,022,000, increase $594,000; net $1,345,000, increase $527,000.

Great Northern, gross $7,356,000, increase $414,000; net $259,000, decrease $118,000.

Southern Railway, gross $15,353,000, increase $675,000; net $2,802,000, increase $634,000.

Norfolk and Western, gross $9,036,000, increase $1,180,000; net $2,911,000, increase $1,126,000.

| | Tues. | Mon. |
|---|---|---|
| Call Money | 9th. 9¼c | 9th. 9¼c |
| Exchange on Lon.—60 days sight | 4.85⅛ | 4.85⅛ |
| Do. do. Demand Bills... | 4.84⅞ | 4.84⅞ |
| Cable Transfers | 4.85⅞ | 4.85⅞ |
| Do. Montreal | 4.87⅜ | 4.87⅜ |
| Exchange Paris cable | 3.90⅝ | 3.90¼ |

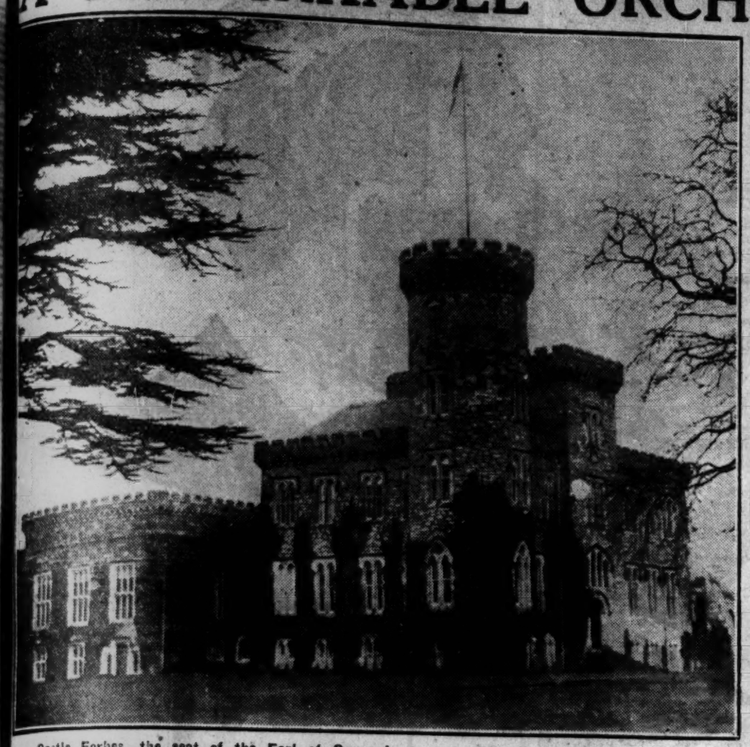
| Eng. Parity. | STOCKS. | Tues | Mon. |
|---|---|---|---|
| 205⅞ | Atchison, Topeka, Santa Fe ... | 199¾ | 201¼ |
| 100⅛ | Do. Preferred ... | 103½ | 103⅜ |
| 127⅜ | Baltimore and Ohio ... | 124 | 124 |
| 237⅛ | Canadian Pacific ... | 249½ | 250 |
| 37⅛ | Chicago Milwaukee & St. Paul | 36 | 36¼ |
| 90⅛ | Chicago and North-West ... | 88 | 88½ |
| 72⅛ | Erie Shares ... | 70 | 70⅛ |
| 63⅝ | Erie 1st Preferred ... | 61½ | 61½ |
| 145⅛ | Illinois Central ... | 141 | 141 |
| 151½ | Louisville and Nashville ... | 147 | 147¼ |
| 6⅛ | Mexican Nat. 1st Preferred... | 5⅞ | 5⅞ |
| 49⅛ | Missouri, Kansas, and Texas... | 45¼ | 48½ |
| 80⅞ | Missouri Pacific ... | 78 | 78½ |
| 197⅛ | New York Central & Hudson R | 191½ | 191 |
| 202⅛ | Norfolk and West Com. ... | 196½ | 196 |
| 109¼ | Northern Pacific Com. ... | 106 | 107 |
| 79⅞ | Pennsylvania Shares ... | 77½ | 77 |
| 110¼ | Reading Shares ... | 107 | 107 |
| 43⅝ | Do. Preferred ... | 42½ | 42 |
| 135¼ | Southern Pacific ... | 131¼ | 131⅝ |
| 151½ | Southern Railway ... | 147 | 149 |
| 229 | Union Pacific ... | 222¼ | 223 |
| — | Do. Preferred ... | — | 83½ |
| 120⅛ | American Can (New Stock) ... | 117⅛ | 116½ |
| 121⅝ | American Smelt. and Refining | 118 | 115¼ |
| 143¼ | Anaconda Copper ... | 139 | 137⅞ |
| 17⅛ | Anglo-American Oil ... | 17 | 17⅛ |
| 100¾ | Bethlehem Ste., Com. Stock... | 97¾ | 100½ |
| 32⅛ | Brit.-American Tobacco Coupon | 31¾ | 32¼ |
| 111⅛ | New York Consolidated Gas... | 108⅛ | 108⅛ |
| 240¼ | General Electric (New Stock)... | 230 | 239½ |
| 82⅛ | General Motors (New) ... | 80¼ | 80⅝ |
| 6⅝ | Inter. Mer. Marine Com. Certs | 6⅛ | 6⅛ |
| 44⅞ | Do. Pref. Certs. ... | 43½ | 43⅝ |
| 56⅛ | International Pet. of Canada... | 54½ | 53⅞ |
| 151½ | National Lead ... | 147 | 148 |
| 44⅛ | Pan-American Petroleum "B" | 43½ | 42 |
| 45⅞ | Shell Transport and Trading... | 44½ | 44⅝ |
| 28⅛ | Shell Union Oil ... | 27⅞ | 27¼ |
| 54⅛ | U.S. Rubber ... | 52⅜ | 53 |
| 192⅛ | United States Steel Common... | 188½ | 189⅛ |
| 146⅛ | Do. Preferred ... | 142 | 142 |
| — | Silver Commercial Bars ... | 56¾ | 56¼ |
| | BONDS | | |
| 93¼ | Atch. Top. New 4 ℅ Gen. Mort. | 90⅝ | 91 |
| 78⅛ | Erie Rail. Gen. 4 ℅ Lien Mor | 76⅝ | 77¼ |
| 96⅝ | Union Pacific 4 ℅ Bonds ... | 93½ | 93¾ |
| 111⅛ | U.S. Steel 2nd Mort. 5 ℅ Bonds | 105⅜ | 107½ |
| — | U.K. 5½ ℅ Bonds. 1929 ... | — | — |
| 107⅝ | Do. do. 1937 ... | 104 | 104½ |
| — | U.K. Funding Loan ... | — | — |
| 108⅞ | 7 ℅ German Loan ... | 102⅝ | 103½ |

* Asked; † Ex div.; ‡ Ex interest; ¶ Ex rights.

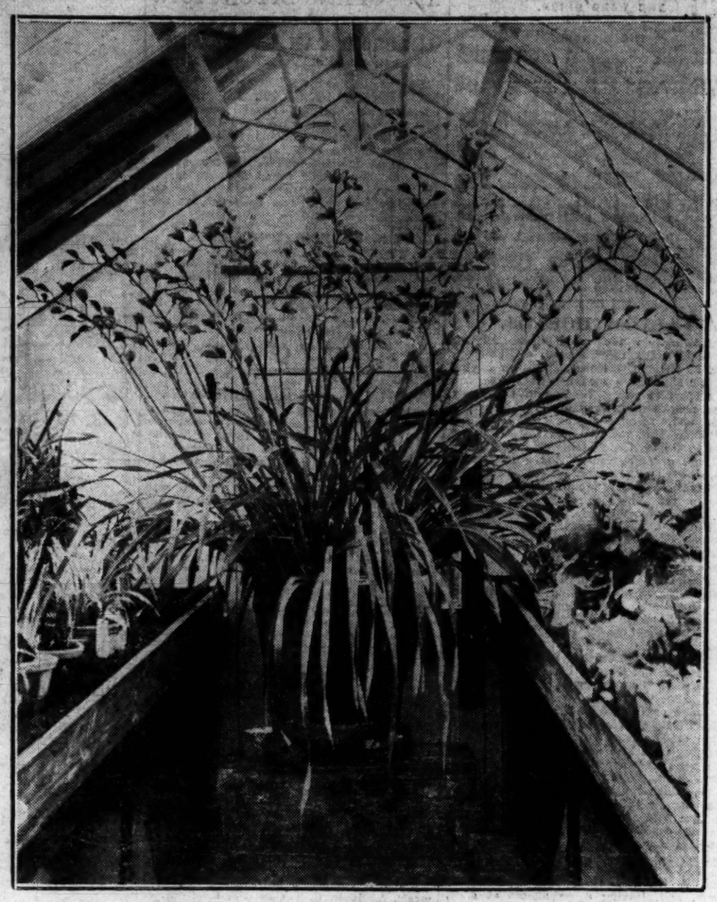
### MONTREAL STOCK EXCHANGE.

| Eng Equiv. | STOCKS AND SHARES. | Close Tues. | Close Mon. |
|---|---|---|---|
| 30⅝ | Abitibi Power & Paper Co., Ltd. | 29½ | 29½ |
| 17⅛ | Asbestos Corporation, Ltd. | 16⅝ | 17⅛ |
| 50⅝ | Do. Preferred ... | 49½ | 50 |
| 27½ | Brit. Columbia Packers, Ltd. | 27 | 27½ |
| 69⅛ | Brazilian T. L. & P. Co., Ltd. | 67⅝ | 67⅝ |
| 56½ | Brit. Columbia P. Corp., Ltd., A | 55½ | 55 |
| 37½ | Do. Do. B | 36¼ | 37 |
| 5⅛ | Brit. Empire Steel Corp., Ltd. | 5 | 5 |
| 35⅞ | Do. 1st Pref., Series B ... | 35 | 35 |
| 9⅝ | Do. 2nd Pref. ... | 9¼ | 9½ |
| 46½ | Brompton Pulp & Paper Co., Ltd | 45½ | 46¾ |
| 164⅝ | Calgary Power Co., Ltd ... | 160 | 160 |
| 199 | Canadian Car & Foundry Co., Ltd., Common ... | 155 | 156 |
| 176½ | Do. Preferred ... | 

# A REMARKABLE ORCHID : SCHOOL RUGBY.



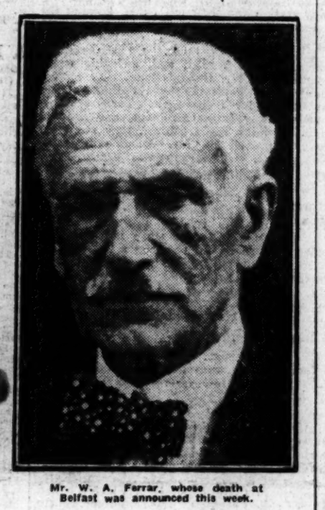
Castle Forbes, the seat of the Earl of Granard.



The "record" Cymbidium Orchid grown by the Countess of Granard at Castle Forbes, Co. Longford, and now in bloom. It is the first known Cymbidium to have 17 spikes. It has 245 flowers.

A striking ensemble in peach crepe-de-chine, the gown having a kilted skirt and finely pleated band at the waist, over which a smart tailored coat in cedar brown tweed is worn.

A line-out in the Senior Schools' Cup match between Blackrock and Wesley Colleges at Donnybrook yesterday.

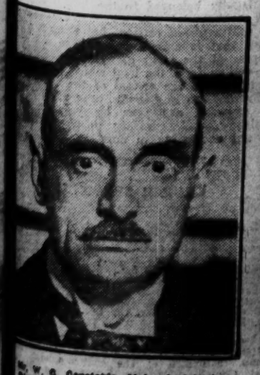


Mr. W. A. Ferrar, whose death at Belfast was announced this week.

The start of the Dublin University Inter-Club Steeplechase in College Park, Dublin.

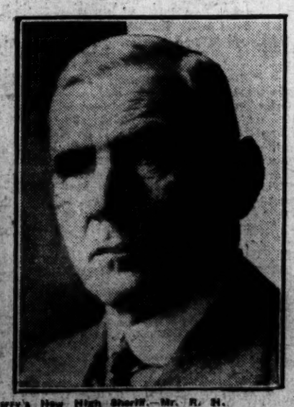
Mr. Michael Webster, of Barrow Lock, Carlow, who this week effected his fiftieth rescue.

The Dublin University Hockey Team, which met the Maids of the Mountain yesterday in the semi-final of the Senior Cup.



Mr. W. G. Constable, M.A., Assistant Director of the National Gallery, London, who is delivering the Mahaffy Lectures at Alexander College, Dublin.

Irish Retail Newsagents' Association's Meeting in the Cabin Restaurant, Talbot street, Dublin, last night. Sitting: Mr. J. Lane, Miss Quinn, Mr. J. Baggott, Mrs. Parsons (Chairman), Mr. A. Taylor, Miss Gregan, Mr. P. J. Carolan. Back Row includes:—Miss Smith, Mr. Moyer, Mr. M. Diffney, Mr. O'Reilly, Mr. D. Bridgman, Mrs. O'Flaherty, Mrs. Byrne.



Derry's New High Sheriff.—Mr. R. H. Smyth, the Chairman of Londonderry Harbour Board.


## Miss Florence Jack famous cookery expert

*recommends this excellent Pineapple Layer Cake*

"YOU'LL find this cake easy to make — and just delicious to taste —" says Miss Florence Jack, author of many well-known cookery books.

"But don't forget —" she adds — "that your baking powder is a supremely important ingredient."

That's why Miss Jack recommends Royal Baking Powder in this excellent new recipe. For Royal always leavens perfectly. Carefully manufactured from the purest ingredients, Royal is the dependable baking powder that never fails.

Housewives who take a pride in their homebaking won't risk failure with cheaper brands — they use Royal because they know they get the best baking powder and the best results. Ask your grocer for a tin of Royal today.

PINEAPPLE LAYER CAKE

4 eggs, ¼ lb. castor sugar, ¼ lb. pastry flour, 1 teaspoonful Royal Baking Powder, a pinch of salt, vanilla essence.

Butter two sandwich cake tins and dust them out with a mixture of flour and sugar. Separate the yolks from the whites of the eggs and put each into a medium-sized basin. Sieve the sugar on the top of the yolks and add the flavouring. Beat these together with a wire whisk for 10 minutes or until of a light and creamy consistency. Sieve the flour twice with the salt and Royal Baking Powder, and beat the whites of eggs to a stiff froth. Add flour and whites alternately to the creamed yolks and sugar, turning the mixture over and over as lightly as possible. Pour into the prepared tins, and bake in a moderate oven (320° F.) until well risen, lightly browned and firm to the touch. Then turn out on sugared paper to cool.

*Filling:* 1 dessertspoonful butter, 1 dessertspoonful cornflour, 1 teacupful syrup from tin, 2 yolks of eggs and 1 teacupful tinned pineapple.

Melt the butter and stir in cornflour. Add syrup and stir until boiling. Add the pineapple cut in fine shreds and simmer a few minutes. Remove from fire, stir in the yolks quickly and turn the mixture on to a plate to cool.

*White Icing:* 2 whites of eggs, 1 teaspoonful lemon juice, and icing sugar.

Whip the whites of eggs, stir in enough sieved icing sugar to make the mixture thick enough to spread, and add the lemon juice.

*To finish:* Split the cakes, spread them with the filling and pile up one on the top of the other. Spread a good coating of icing on the top and a lighter one on the sides. Score with the back of a fork, leave to set, and decorate with thin pieces of pineapple and glacé cherries cut in slices.

*Mail this coupon for a free copy of the new Royal Cookery Book*

Johnson Brothers, Dept. P 33,
23, Great Ship Street, Dublin.
Please send me a free copy of the new Royal Cookery Book for Ireland.

Name _____

Address _____

## SIGNALMAN'S ERROR.

### MOVING OF WRONG LEVER.

### PUT TRAIN IN PATH OF EXPRESS.

How a signalman, in a moment of forgetfulness, moved a lever that put a goods train in the path of an on-rushing London, Midland and Scottish express train with the result that a collision occurred, was described at the resumed inquest at Alfreton, Derbyshire, on Monday on George Bullock, aged 59, and Eric Simms, aged 31, both of Leeds, who were driver and fireman of the express respectively.

The accident occurred near Tibshelf on February 12, the express striking the freight train head-on.

Mr. Alfred Oldham, a signals inspector, said that the moving of a lever which should have been left alone sent the goods train on to the down passenger line, instead of on to the up passenger line. The signalman must have pulled this lever at the time he pulled the others. The signals were subsequently found to be in perfect working order.

James Frederick Cater, of Brockhurst street, Walsall, driver of the goods train, said that in the darkness he did not notice that they were on the wrong line until they got to Doe Hill Station, when he saw a network of rails between his train and the platform. He stopped and got off the footplate to warn the express. He ran in the direction of Tibshelf, but had not got very far when he saw the express approaching. In the excitement he got hold of the first lamp he could—a white lamp, but he did not think that the driver of the express saw it. He thought that the express was going at forty-five miles an hour at the time of the crash.

Cater added that he did not remember much about the collision, as something struck him on the head. When he recovered consciousness he was lying in the six-foot way.

**SIGNALMAN'S EVIDENCE.**

Henry Hammond, of Ashover Hay, near Chesterfield, the signalman, said that when he was instructed by the Westhouses Control Office, after 1 a.m., to set the goods train back off the goods line and send it up the main line, he asked where the express was, and was told that it was forty minutes late. He thought that there was plenty of time.

The Coroner—Did you put back levers 12, 13, and 14?—Yes, sir.

What did you do with No. 16?—I must have put back No. 16 as well.

You do not remember doing it?—No.

If you had attended No. 25 there would not have been an accident?—No.

Why did not you do it?—I was in a hurry to get the goods train out of the way.

Hammond said that as soon as the train had started he turned his back towards the train to make an entry in the book. When he turned again and saw the tail light of the train he thought that it was on the up passenger line, instead of which it was on the down line.

The jury returned the following verdict:—"We think that the signalman, Hammond, made a mistake in not sending the engine back beyond the ground point marked on the plan 25. Then No. 16 would not be operated. But we are quite satisfied that it was in a moment of forgetfulness, and that there was no gross negligence on his part. With regard to the goods train, we are satisfied that he went forward, not knowing that he was on the wrong line."

## QUAKER COUPLE'S DEATH.

Mr. and Mrs. William Mason, of Fair Havens, West Park, Leeds, prominent members of the Society of Friends, have died from influenza, and will be buried together to-day. Mrs. Mason was 79 years old and her husband 80. They would have celebrated their golden wedding next month.

At a meeting of Antrim County Council yesterday permission was granted to the Belfast and District Motor Cycle Club to hold a hill-climb for motor cycles at Red Brae, Carrickfergus, on Easter Monday.

## PUBLISHED WITHOUT AUTHORITY.

### DOCTOR'S LETTER IN BOOTH CORRESPONDENCE.

Dr. E. W. Milne, medical adviser to General Booth, made the following statement to a Press representative last night in reply to the correspondence published by Commander Eva Booth dealing with her request to see her brother before leaving for America.

"My attention has been drawn to the fact that Commander Eva Booth, who sails for the United States to-morrow, has issued for publication the correspondence which has passed between her and Mrs. Bramwell Booth with reference to her request to see her brother, General Booth. Among these letters is a private letter from myself to Mrs. Booth, which I had agreed that Mrs. Booth should show to Commander Booth, but for the publication of which no authority had been given either by Mrs. Booth or myself.

**REASON FOR HIS DECISION.**

"Commander Booth is distressed that I objected to her seeing her brother. For some months now I have urged that the General should be spared, as far as possible, any agitating or distressing interviews. As he knows that Commander Booth has been one of the prime movers in the agitation to depose him, and that his deposition on the grounds of physical incapacity was carried against all the medical evidence produced to the High Council, and also that his sister was a candidate for the vacancy caused by his deposition, it is obvious that a meeting with her could not be anything but deeply distressing to an old man who is suffering from a shattering blow delivered by those on whose loyalty he had always felt he could depend."

The Press Association learns that General Booth has not been told since the last meeting of the High Council of Commander Eva Booth's wish to see him.

## SIGNING WARRANTS.

### PEACE COMMISSIONERS' RIGHT.

At Raphoe District Court yesterday Mr. John Wray, solicitor, argued that an arrest warrant signed by a Peace Commissioner was irregular, and, therefore, the proceedings were irregular, and the prisoner was not before the Court at all. He held that only the District Justice could sign the warrant.

Superintendent Millard said that hundreds of warrants had been signed by a Peace Commissioner.

Justice Conner held that the Peace Commissioner had the right to sign the warrant, and that was one of their functions and reasons for being Peace Commissioners, and he held that the prisoner was properly before him.

## DEATH SENTENCE FOR WIFE MURDER.

### JUDGE THANKED BY PRISONER.

Sentence of death was passed by Mr. Justice Finlay, at the Manchester Assizes yesterday, on George Henry Cartledge (27), of Shaw, Oldham, for the murder of his wife, Ellen. The jury added a recommendation to mercy to their verdict.

After sentence had been passed, Cartledge said "Thank you, sir," turned around, and quietly walked below.

At the meeting of the Committee of Management of the Derry City and County Infirmary yesterday, it was decided to appeal to the Churches to again recognise the second Sunday in May as Hospital Sunday. The secretary said that last year sixty-four churches of all denominations took up collections for the hospital, and the sum of £564 13s. 2d. was realised.

# COURSING.

## NATIONAL MEETING.

### A SPLENDID CARD.

### HOPEFUL PROSPECTS.

By Our Special Correspondent.

*CLONMEL, Tuesday Night.*

A pleasant surprise was in store for those who travelled to Clonmel this morning. Leaving Dublin, snow was falling steadily, and as far as Ballybrophy the country was covered with a white mantle. The prospects for the National Meeting seemed as gloomy as were those for the Waterloo Cup on the Tuesday morning of our arrival at Liverpool, but before we reached Thurles all traces of snow had completely vanished and it was beautifully fine, though cold, in Clonmel—an extraordinary but welcome transformation. It is still very chilly and it may be that we will get the snow before long, but otherwise the prospects for the big meeting are alluring.

Never under the modern conditions have we had such a card as that which was drawn to-day, with the English course, Mr. E. Baxter, in the chair. There are 152 greyhounds entered for the five stakes, the prize money for which totals £1,600, and there is scarcely a dog of any note in the country whose name does not appear in the card on one of the three days. There are a few also from cross-Channel kennels on the spot to oppose the locals for the International Stakes, the best of them on form being Editor's Book, but I fancy that at Powerstown Park our "speed merchants" will more than hold their own.

The ground is in first-class order, and Mr. Morris assures me that the hares are regular "trimmers"; so that only a bad break in the weather can upset expectations of a very fine meeting.

No useful purpose would be served by a critical analysis of the chances of the favoured candidates for the big stake, for the simple reason that there is not a single puppy of the 64 that could be backed with any confidence. There are, however, a number whose chances look bright, among them being Kinneigh, Hydrangea, Port Side, Comrade, Kiwi, and My Courier, who are in the first 32, and Debonairly, Open Steak, Matt the Thresher and Wild Flirt in the lower half. Each of those mentioned strikes one as being a reasonably good investment, and even then it is quite possible that on Friday evening the lot may have been bowled over. However, from what I have seen I venture to suggest that Hydrangea and Wild Flirt will survive the first day, and that a good outsider will be Kinneigh.

THE DRAW.

NATIONAL BREEDERS' STAKE AND SAWTELL CUP.—For 64 puppies.

Mr. Stapleton's Star of Dawn agst. Mr. Leech's Lavity.
Mr. Mussen's Malapierurus agst. Mr. Sheehy's Saturday.
Mr. Mathew's Himself agst. Mr. Devine's Dark Tara.
Mr. Moloney's Loobe Bridge agst. Mr. Barry's Belmont Boy.
Mr. Hoctor's Campanmore agst. Mr. O'Shaughnessy's Odd Snowball.
Mrs. O'Gorman's Go Wright agst. Mr. McSweeney's Market Again.
Miss O'Carroll's Port Side agst. Mr. Campbell's Camp Chief.
Mr. Shaw's Slieve Bernagh agst. Mr. Nunan's Black Minor.
Mr. Foley's Faint Hope agst. Mr. Kearns' Kinneagh.
Mr. Stack's Shelbourne Surprise agst. Mrs. Martin's Model Image.
Mr. Harney's Hydrangea agst. Mr. Callanan's Lee Battler.
Mr. T. O'Sullivan's Off You Pop agst. Mr. Ryle's Solid One.
Mr. Kelly's Rebel Fire agst. Mr. Bridgeman's Mine Sweeper.
Mr. O'Donnell's Other Days agst. Mr. Humphrey's Comrade Kiwi.
Mr. Barry's Dick The Rover agst. Mr. Purtill's Police.
Mr. C. O'Sullivan's Southern Call agst. Mrs. Norris's My Courier.
Mrs. Darcy's Debonairly agst. Mr. Mulcrone's Blackrock Boy.
Mr. Kelleher's Tip Over Top agst. Mr. Joyce's Glanmore.
Mr. M. O'Connor's Portland's Sam agst. Mr. T. Doyle's Mulla Lad.
Mr. Sawtell's Melksham Eminence agst. Mr. O'Shea's Open Steak.
Mr. Morris's Matt the Thresher agst. Mr. Woulfe's Finuge Cross Again.
Mr. Brouder's Buckshaft agst. Mrs. Coghlan's Chrysostem.
Mr. Daly's Dutch Courage agst. Mr. O'Neill's Old Kit.
Mr. Lyng's Lenoir agst. Mr. Leahy's Bandit.
Mr. McDonagh's Kenvenah Lad agst. Mr. Mulligan's Guiding Jenny.
Mr. Mulhall's Molly Again agst. Mr. Comerford's Fear the Rambler.
Mr. Kearns' Kilmeague agst. Mr. Brady's Binnacle.
Mr. Wynne's Wild Flirt agst. Miss Foley's Fanny Fern.
Mr. Canavan's Tanicky agst. Mr. Nagle's Beaded Outcast.
Mr. Sweeney's Electric Current agst. Dr. Murphy's Meleskin Peggy.
Mr. Cronin's Romeo's Pet agst. Mr. Clynes's Duchess.
Mr. D'Arcy's Debonette agst. Miss Hiss's My Gazelle.

INTERNATIONAL CUP.—For 32 all-aged greyhounds, at £6 each.

Mr. O'Reilly's Benscrict agst. Mr. Bower's Fianna Leader.
Mr. Tobin's Minnesota agst. Mr. Harte's Hidden Maid.
Mr. Flynn's Figaro agst. Mr. Callaghan ns. High Extract.
Mr. Watte's Fanny Champion agst. Mr. Banks's Turco.
Mr. Darcy ns. Real Rustic agst. Mrs. L. Dixon ns. English Baron.
Mr. Frost ns. Knockhill agst. Mr. Noonan's Flight Commander.
Mr. Mathew's Mirabeau agst. Mr. Curran's Pegsee Dick.
Mr. Brennan's Diotrephes agst. Mr. O'Riordan's Winter Rambler.
Mr. Sawtell ns. Evening Rambler agst. Mr. Hartnett's Conquisador.
Mr. Bruton's Connaught Leader agst. Messrs. Kelly and Bartley's Roving Romany.
Mr. Clyne ns. Care Free agst. Mr. Nagle's Never Fear.
Mr. Rockett's Shawn O'Flynn agst. Mr. P. O'Brien's Ocean Blunder.
Dr. Pearson's Plaid Shawl agst. Mr. Gorm's Quickstep.
Mr. Baxter's Editor's Book agst. Mr. Mackesy's The Lamb.
Mr. Boland's Timber Topper agst. Mr. King's Windgap.
Mr. Shaw's Son of the Sea agst. Mr. Griffin ns. Qurit.

CLONMEL CUP.—For 32 puppies. Winner, £100 and Cup; second, £30; two dogs, £15 each; four dogs, £5 each.

Mr. O'Gorman's Kilcass Castle agst. Mr. Clancy's Cable Cracker.
Mr. Egan's Evening Dazzler agst. Mrs. Martin's Mastaden.
Mr. Howard's Dick the Guide agst. Mr. Walsh's Wild Warrior.
Mr. Foreman's Cock Robin agst. Mr. Smith's Skibbereen.
Mr. Foley's Funny Forecast agst. Mr. Morris's Mick and Main.
Mr. Shaw's Shiela na Gig agst. Mr. Kelleher's Top All.
Mr. Keenan's Swift Service agst. Mr. McKee's Brokenstown.
Mr. Hynes's Cutlet's Best agst. Mr. Gorman's Ballyonane.
Mr. Tynan's Tobique agst. Mr. O'Reilly's Ormac.
Mr. Peter Flynn's Keen Encounter agst. Mr. Sawtell's Melksham Enthusiastic.
Mr. Harte's Hidden Ranger agst. Mr. Walsh's Small Maine.
Mr. Doyle's Billy Dear agst. Mr. Myer's Mid-Tipperary.
Mrs. Burton's Floating Dick agst. Mr. John Flynn's Some Pep.
Mr. Myer's Dawn agst. Mr. O'Shea's Hetty Beck.
Mr. M. O'Reilly's Mary Long agst. Mrs. Kent's Kaverindo.
Mr. Sweeney's Electric Current agst. Dr. Murphy's Meleskin Peggy.
Mr. Cronin's Romeo's Pet agst. Mr. Clynes's Duchess.
Mr. Burden's Peggy Long agst. Mr. Clynes's Speed Limit.

ORDER OF RUNNING:

First Day—Twice through the National Breeders' Stakes.
Second Day—Twice through the National Breeders' Stakes, International Cup, Clonmel Cup; once through the Powerstown Park Stakes.
Third Day—Finish.

POWERSTOWN PARK STAKES (No. 1)—For 16 all-aged bitches. Winner, £50 and Cup; second, £20; two dogs, £5 each.

Mr. Cremin's Baby's Fancy agst. Mr. M'Ginn's Moselle.
Mrs. Taylor's Gift agst. Miss O'Reilly's Orbina.
Miss Quinlan's Guiding Spate agst. Miss Crew's Cora Quick.
Mr. Fitzgerald's Blossom Hill agst. Mr. O'Connor's Eeale Wave.
Mr. Kelly's Pearlon agst. Mr. Power's Jazzaway.
Miss Young's Nourmihal agst. Mr. Kennedy's Shadow.
Mr. Clarke's Fard agst. Mr. Pierce's Lucky Queenie.
Mr. Gorman's Green Gown agst. Mr. M'Carthy's Castle Fashion.

POWERSTOWN PARK STAKES (No. 2)—For 8 all-aged bitches. Winner, £30; second, £10.

Mr. Hoctor's Shreera Bog agst. Messrs. Benehan and Quin's Wise Widow.
Mr. Harvey's Head's First agst. Mr. O'Shea's Open Still.
Mr. Tubridy's Duty Free agst. Mr. Walsh's Nomin.
Mr. Prendergast's Marcia agst. Mr. Finn's Greenfield Maid.

### THE BETTING.

Mr. E. Baxter presided at the call-over of the National Breeders' Stake, held in the Courthouse, Clonmel, last night. Prices:—

LONG ODDS.

66 to 1 Star of Dawn.
50 to 1 Lavity.
33 to 1 Mistaperurus.
33 to 1 Saturday.
40 to 1 Himself.
80 to 1 Dark Tara.
50 to 1 Loobe Bridge.
30 to 1 Belmont Boy.
50 to 1 Campsmore.
33 to 1 Odd Snowball.
50 to 1 Go Wright.
40 to 1 Market Again.
20 to 1 Port Side.
33 to 1 Camp Chief.
33 to 1 Slieve Bernagh.
33 to 1 Black Minor.
16 to 1 Faint Hope, after 20 to 1 laid.
100 to 1 Kinneigh.
100 to 1 Shelbourne Surprise.
25 to 1 Model Image.
10 to 1 Hydrangea.
50 to 1 Lee Battler.
25 to 1 Off You Pop.
25 to 1 Solid One.
50 to 1 Rebel Fire.
25 to 1 Mine Sweeper.
25 to 1 Other Days.
25 to 1 Comrade Kiwi.
66 to 1 Dick the Rover.
100 to 1 Poteen.
100 to 1 Southern Call.
16 to 1 My Courier.
16 to 1 Debonairly.
50 to 1 Blackrock Boy.
50 to 1 Tip Over Top.
66 to 1 Glanmore.
33 to 1 Portland's Sam.
33 to 1 Mulla Lad.
33 to 1 Melksham Eminence.
20 to 1 Open Steak.
16 to 1 Matt the Thresher.
40 to 1 Buckshaft.
50 to 1 Chrysostem.
25 to 1 Dutch Courage.
50 to 1 Old Kit.
50 to 1 Lenoir.
66 to 1 Bandit.
40 to 1 Kevenagh Lad.
25 to 1 Guiding Jenny.
25 to 1 Molly Again.
100 to 1 Pay the Rambler.
50 to 1 Kilmeague.
33 to 1 Binnacle.
16 to 1 Wild Flirt.
33 to 1 Fanny Fern.
50 to 1 Tanicky.
33 to 1 Beaded Outcast.
50 to 1 Electric Current.
33 to 1 Meleskin Peggy.
66 to 1 Romeo's Pet.
25 to 1 Duchess.
16 to 1 Mimosa.
33 to 1 My Gazelle.

No betting Finuge Cross Again.

COURSING.—Notes of interest to all parts of Ireland and reports of all meetings appear in THE IRISH FIELD. Published every Saturday. On Sale at all Newsagents. Price 2d.—(Advt.)

# STILL NO RACING.

### HOPES FOR THURSDAY.

The Stewards inspected the Lingfield Park Race Course at noon yesterday, and, following the frost which had been in evidence during the night, they decided to postpone Wednesday's card until Thursday, and to abandon the second day's programme. Although racing would be impracticable in nearly every other district, the Lingfield Park course is so sheltered that it is hoped that racing will be possible there on Thursday, unless there is further frost to-night. A resumption of racing will be very welcome, as already this winter thirty-two days' programmes have been lost owing to adverse weather conditions, and there has been no racing at all since February 11th.

# STOPPAGE OF RACING.

### ARE FRESH FIXTURES DESIRABLE?

The present stoppage of racing due to the frosty conditions is playing havoc with the National Hunt fixture list in England, and is creating a situation which is daily becoming more serious for owners, trainers, jockeys, and all directly connected with the sport. It is now over a fortnight since the last meeting was held, and in all thirty-two days' programmes have been lost to racing during the current season.

Although there is jumping on and off during practically the whole of the year, it is only between November and March that the sport is at its height and commands extensive patronage. It is thus doubly unfortunate that such a long stoppage should have come at this time.

In the circumstances it has been suggested that the National Hunt Committee should grant some extra meetings to take the place partially of those which have been abandoned. Inquiries by a Press Association representative has revealed the fact that trainers generally would welcome such a step. The chief difficulty would probably be the arranging of the new fixtures, because once the flat racing season starts interest in National Hunt racing decreases. It would thus be little use arranging a fixture which would clash with a popular meeting on the flat.

There are, however, several Mondays during the year when there is no racing on the flat. These occur before various Newmarket meetings and also precede Epsom, June 4th; Ascot, June 18th; Goodwood, July 4th; York, August 27th; and Doncaster, September 10th. It is possible that these might be utilised if the National Hunt Committee and owners, trainers and jockeys thought such a venture would meet with success.

# SPORTING GOSSIP

### Heavy Snowfall at Newmarket.

Snow fell heavily at Newmarket yesterday and is lying to a depth of three inches on the Heath.

### Sirdar Singh Out of Great Metropolitan.

The scratching of Sirdar Singh out of all engagements at 9 a.m. yesterday includes the Great Metropolitan Stakes, Epsom.

### Closing of Entries.

Owners and trainers should note that the entries close to-day for all races at the Meath Hunt (Boyerstown) and Naas meetings and the Ward Hunt Cup at Fairyhouse.

### Snow Stops Hunting.

Yesterday's meet of the Whaddon 'Chase Foxhounds, which had been arranged to take place at Aston Clinton, was cancelled owing to a heavy fall of snow over the vale of Aylesbury and the surrounding district.

### A Doubtful "National" Runner.

It is feared The Gosling will not be able to run in the Grand National. He has developed leg trouble and is under veterinary treatment. His weight in the "National" is 10st. He did not finish in the race last year.

### Ruddyman Goes to Bognor.

Captain Powell has taken several of his horses from Aldbourne to Bognor to gallop on the sands. They include the Grand National candidates, Ruddyman and Overdraft. The other horses in the team are Toy Bell, Milltown II., Truthful James, Relation and Pamperer.

### Greyhound Racing Postponed.

The opening of the greyhound racing season in London has been postponed from March 1st to March 8th. As regards the provincial meetings, the opening depends entirely on the conditions at each centre, and it is left to each track to decide for itself whether to open on March 1st or later.

### Songe and the "Lincoln."

Captain O. Bell, the trainer of Lord Michelham's horse Songe, who was knocked out to 20 to 1 in the London betting call-over on the Lincolnshire Handicap on Monday, but returned to 16 to 1, states that there is nothing wrong with the horse except that he cannot be given enough work. There is a grave doubt about his being got ready in time. If, however, he is fit enough, Captain Bell considers he has a fair sporting chance.

### Irish Horses for India.

Frank Dale, a three years old gelding, by Franklin out of Dail; Weir Bank, a three years old colt, by Tetratema out of Stephie, and Franciscan, a four years old gelding, by Friar Marcus out of Picardy, left the Curragh yesterday for export to India. Frank Dale and Franciscan were in training with F. Grundy at Brownstown House, Curragh, and Weir Bank has been in the charge of the ex-jockey, T. Burns, at "Lumville," the Curragh.

### OFFICIAL SCRATCHINGS.

Panshurst Handicap Hurdle, Lingfield Park—Lacock.

Lingfield Park February Meeting engagements—The Tyke.

Fernhunters' Cup, National Hunt Meeting—May Crescent.

Open Selling Handicap Steeplechase, Grand Military Meeting—Dance of Death and Longstowe.

Box Hill Handicap Steeplechase, Gatwick—Confirmation.

Gatwick March Meeting engagements—The Tyke.

All engagements—Staff of Life, Feridoon, Cobra, Sirdar Singh, Prince Plunkett, Grand Wazir, and Red Runner.

# BILLIARDS.

### DAVIS V. NEWMAN.

Davis regained much lost ground in yesterday afternoon's session of his two-weeks' time-limit match with Newman at Thurston's Hall, London, and reduced his arrears to 446. He scored 962, as against Newman's 557. After adding 37 to his unfinished overnight break of 109, he further had items of 116, 127, and 572; while Newman had innings of 108, 263 and 159 (unfinished). Interval scores:—Newman (in play), 11,069; Davis, 10,623.

# HUNTING.

### APPOINTMENTS.

THE WARD UNION.

| February, Saturday, | Meet. | Hour. |
|---|---|---|
| March 2nd | Kilrue | 1.30 |

THE KILDARE.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Thursday, 28th | Rathfoyle | 11. 0 |
| Saturday, March 2nd | Courtown Gate | 11.30 |

THE MEATH.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Thursday, 28th | Slane | 11. 0 |
| Friday, March 1st | Dunsany | 11. 0 |

MEATH HOUNDS.—March—Monday, 4th, Bective House; Tuesday, 5th, Kilmoon; Thursday, 7th, Britas; Friday, 8th, Dunboyne; Monday, 11th, Bean Parc; Tuesday, 12th, Garradice; Wednesday, 13th, Carlanstown; Friday, 15th, Killeen. At 11.30.

DUHALLOW HOUNDS.—Change of Meet—Friday, March 1st, Milltown Cross, instead of Milford Cross. At 12 a.m.

FINGAL HARRIERS.—These hounds will have a lay-day at Fieldstown Bridge on Friday next, 1st March.

WARD UNION HOUNDS.—These hounds will not meet to-day.

QUEEN'S COUNTY HOUNDS.—March—Friday, 8th, Timahoe; Tuesday, 12th, Hollymount (for Timoney); Friday, 15th, Fairymount; Tuesday, 19th, Durrow. At 11.30.

### CARLOW HOUNDS.

Following on the rapid thaw, hunting operations were recommenced on Tuesday, 19th, at Kilcumney House, and after having enjoyed Mr. Ogle's kind hospitality, a good day's sport ensued. Finding in Kilcumney Brow, hounds went away over Mr. Lennan's land, and, turning right-handed short of Kilcumney Hill, marked their fox to ground close to Ballinkillin. Lorum was next tried, and here a "mountainy" fox was soon on foot. Leaving the covert behind and setting his mask straight for Mount Leinster, he ran through the centre of every field till his native hills were reached. Getting away well from Lorum, hounds raced over the valley beyond, with Corries' Cross on the left. Passing Ballinkillin on their right, and thence on straight, they crossed the Borris-Garryhill road, with Ballinree bog some distance to the left. Ascending the rising land ahead of them, they hunted up into the woods of Dunroe. Leaving Dunroe House on the right, they passed through the plantations, and, without dwelling here, they forced their fox out the further side. Ascending the foot-hills of Mount Leinster, this stout fox reached his destination shortly afterwards, and, finding the earths open, he got to ground on Cromwell's Gap, on the slopes of Knocksquire, thus ending what was a good gallop of 40 minutes over a fine line. To Carrigbeg from here was a long jog, but once there were were rewarded by a find, and a short, ringing hunt to ground in the Scalp Rocks, which finished.

Saturday, 23rd, Tullow Station.—Weather was fine and mild on Saturday last, and scenting conditions proving good, another first-class day's sport resulted. From the meet at Mr. Fenton's covert Grange Park was first drawn, and here hounds found at once. A fox was viewed coming into the covert, and, leaving again almost at once, hounds settled on to his line. They were speedily out of covert and running hard over the big pastures up to Grange House. Swinging right-handed from here, they crossed the Tullow-Tankardstown road close to the railway station (on their left), and, keeping the railway line a field on their left, ran on to Rathlyon, crossing some of the famous Tullow fences *en route*. On the railway their fox was headed, and, swinging right-handed over Mr. Gahan's land, they hunted hard across Pauleville by the Piers, facing as though for Lisbavagh. Turning right-handed away from this point, and heading back as if for Tankardstown, they ran their fox to ground on Mr. Keogh's farm at Tobinstown. Lisbavagh was drawn next, and from here some demesne hunting ensued. Foxes, however, proving disinclined to go far afield, a move was eventually made for Cod's Bog. Finding in the centre of the bog, hounds ran straight into the face of the wind for the next three miles over a splendid open line. Crossing a tributary of the Deereen they left Liscoleman and Knickeen Bridge on their right, and, keeping straight on, crossed the Liscoleman-Killinure road, thence up to Knocklow, and passing Knocklow House on their right, hounds were almost at Rath when they marked their fox to ground in a sewer just short of this point. This was a very fast 29 minutes. Rath, drawn blank, ended the day.

### FINGAL HARRIERS.

After a week in kennels owing to frost and snow bounds met at The Boot last week when a large field turned out. Scent was of a catchy nature all day, but with hares plentiful hounds were kept busy. We commenced proceedings in Collinstown, from which we had a nice gallop across by the aerodrome, where scent was foiled by a herd of cattle. Collinstown was again tried, and a smart hunt followed by the back of The Boot Inn to the Forest, and, crossing the road into Mr. Sneyd's farm, we ran into Moorstown, where scent failed. We had a nice hunt from Mrs. Monks' farm straight across Knocksedan and into Mr. H. Usher's stud farm at Brackenstown, out of which we had some stone-wall jumping, hounds running out of scent at Moorestown. The day finished with a run from Portmellick, across Harristown and Sandyhills to St. Margaret's.

Hounds met at Springhill on Friday, and had a good hunt from The Grallagh and on by Wyanstown to Malahow, where hounds were stopped owing to so many ewes and lambs being on the lands. We found again in Knocklyon; hounds going off at a great pace by Adamstown, and through Nutstown and Wyestown to Knockaneal, then on through Charstown and Tobercregan to Newtown, and to the village of Garristown, where hounds ran out of scent.

The point-to-point meeting takes place at The Rath, Kilsallaghan, on Monday next, for which there is a capital entry.

POINT-TO-POINT.
NEWMARKET FIELD BOOTS, CANVAS LEGS.
HUNTING BOOTS, RACING BOOTS.
Ladies' Riding Boots and Sports Footwear.
Repairs to Boots and Leggings neatly Executed.
WATKINS, 77-78 DAME STREET.
—(Advt.)

HUNTING.—Reports from the various Packs and List of Appointments appear in "THE IRISH FIELD"; also Provisional Dates of Point-to-Point Fixtures published every Saturday. Price 2d.—(Advt.)

# LAWN TENNIS.

### A MEETING OF CHAMPIONS.

Press Association Foreign Special.

*RIO DE JANEIRO, February 26.*

An international tournament, organised by the Rio de Janeiro Football Club, will be held here next October. Among the players who have been invited to take part are two British "stars," H. W. Austin and J. C. Gregory; H. Cochet, J. Borotra and R. Lacoste (France), and W. Tilden, F. Hunter, G. Lott and J. Hennessey (United States), are also expected to take part.

### MONTE CARLO PLAY.

### ENGLISH LADIES SUCCESSFUL.

*MONTE CARLO, Tuesday.*

Monte Carlo's tennis festival was continued to-day. Betty Nuthall appeared to be off form in the second round of the Ladies' Open Competition, and had some difficulty in winning the first set of her match against Mlle. Metaxa. The first round of the Beaumont Cup competition produced a close and exciting match between a French and a Swedish pair of ladies. Scores:—

Ladies' Open Competition.—Second Round—Miss Eileen Bennett (Great Britain) beat Mrs. Crawshay Williams—6-2, 6-0; Mrs. Covell (Great Britain) beat Mlle. Martin (France)—6-0, 6-1; Miss Betty Nuthall (Great Britain) beat Mlle. Metaxa—8-6, 6-3.

Beaumont Cup. — First Round—Mme. Lafaurie and the Marquise de Montebello (France) beat Mme. Poland and Mlle. Cedarschiold (Sweden)—7-5, 8-6.

Butler Trophy.—Second Round—Artens and Matejka (Austria) beat de Stefani and G. de Martino (Italy)—6-2, 4-6, 6-1; J. de Martino and Count de Minerbi (Italy) beat P. D. B. Spence and Jack Hillyard (Great Britain)—3-6, 6-4, 2-6, 6-4, 7-5; E. C. Peters and G. Lyttleton Rogers (Great Britain) beat Coen, jun., and Scovell (U.S.A.)—6-4, 1-6, 6-4, 5-7, 6-1; de Morpurgo and Del Bono (Italy) beat Du Plaix and Gallepe (France)—6-3, 1-6, 6-2, 6-3.

LEINSTER COUNCIL I.L.T.A. COACHING SCHEME.

Schools and Clubs are requested to submit, in writing, by 7th March, names and particulars of promising young players (either sex, under 18 years) to be tested for free coaching, to R. A. CECIL HARRETT, Holmpatrick, Skerries, Co. Dublin.—(Advt.)

Keep your friends abroad in touch with Irish Sporting affairs by subscribing for them to "THE IRISH FIELD." A copy of the paper will be sent regularly each week to any address on the following terms:—Yearly, 13/0; half-yearly, 6/6; post free, payable in advance. Head Office, 11 D'Olier street, Dublin.—(Advt.)

# RUGBY.

## AN OPEN SITUATION.

### IRELAND CAN STILL WIN.

Despite the unexpected defeat by Scotland last Saturday, Ireland can still win the championship, although it is far more likely that two or more countries will this season divide the honour. Should Ireland defeat Wales at Belfast next Saturday week, England defeat Scotland, and France account for England, the honour would then go exclusively to Ireland. The position is an extremely interesting and open one, as the following table shows:—

THE CHAMPIONSHIP TABLE.

| | P. | W. | L. | D. | F. | A. | Pts. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Ireland | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 19 | 21 | 4 |
| Scotland | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 29 | 24 | 4 |
| Wales | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 25 | 18 | 4 |
| England | 2 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 13 | 9 | 2 |
| France | 3 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 6 | 29 | 0 |

## SCHOOLS CUP TIES.

### WESLEY'S STURDY DEFENCE.

BLACKROCK COLLEGE 6 WESLEY COLLEGE 0

Blackrock College, the holders, passed into the third round of the Leinster Senior Schools Cup yesterday at the expense of Wesley College. Though the Williamstown boys only crossed the Wesley line twice the success of one goal and one try to nil was much more convincing than the score would convey.

For virtually all the time the Blackrock boys were on the aggressive, and nothing but a wonderful defence by the Wesleyans kept the line from being crossed. Time and again Healy and Fitzgerald, on their respective wings, were only stopped inches outside, while Maher also made many great efforts to get over, only to be pulled down a foot or so away.

Though Blackrock forwards may not have the dash of last season's pack, they are a very sturdy eight, and they were well backed up by right good backs, who run straight and handle cleverly. Maher and Gately were both good in the centre, while Healy ran with great determination on the right wing. O'Flynn was very nippy at the base of the scrum, and he had an able partner in Moloney. The best of the forwards were Lawlor, Traynor and O'Donnell. Ryan, at full-back, was not often tested, but anything which came his way he did well.

Wesley were little concerned in attack, but their defence was great, and in this phase of the play Armstrong, Sutton, Cornish, Good, Hanna (backs) and Kingston, Saul and Hynes (forwards) were most noticeable.

Blackrock got a score in each half. In the first period they did nearly all the pressing, and after fifteen minutes' play an excellent round of passing culminated in Healy going over for a try, despite a great effort to tackle by Armstrong.

The second try came early in the second half, and Healy was again the scorer, after several of his backs had handled. O'Flynn added the extra points.

Teams—

Blackrock College—M. P. Ryan; B. G. Fitzgerald, A. Maher, R. T. Gately, S. Healy, M. J. Moloney, P. J. O'Flynn; M. P. Lawlor, J. S. Traynor, T. O. O'Donnell, J. Kenny, F. O'Sullivan, B. Harnett, M. McCourt, T. Lahiffe.

Wesley College—J. H. Armstrong; W. M. Morris, D. W. Sutton, F. J. de Courcy, P. H. Cornish; G. Good, F. M. Hanna (capt.); W. D. B. Kingston, R. Clingan, H. F. Saul, C. J. Irwin, C. Stanton, A. R. Hynes, C. Good, W. E. Calcutt.

### A PROMISING JUNIOR SIDE.

| DOMINICAN COLLEGE (NEWBRIDGE) | | SANDFORD PARK SCHOOL | |
|---|---|---|---|
| | 14 | | 0 |

Having defeated Terenure College in the first round, the Dominican College, Newbridge, went a step further in the Junior Schools' Cup yesterday when, at Donnybrook, they defeated Sandford Park School by one goal and three tries (14 points) to nil.

The pitch, consequent upon the fall of snow in the morning, was very much on the heavy side, and the Newbridge boys, having the advantage in weight, had all the better of the game. Sandford Park at times put up many strong attacks, but they never really dangerous, and, on the general run of the play, Dominican College were well deserving of victory.

The Sandford side held their own well in the first half, and Newbridge only crossed over leading by three points. The try-getter was Graham, who crossed following a short passing movement. The second half was more of a one-sided nature. Newbridge were for the greater portion of the time on the attack, and tries were scored by Elmes, Ryan, and Graham, one of which the last-named converted.

For the winners, Watters, Elmes, Manning, and Graham (backs), and MacDermott, Bergin, and Mayo (forwards) were most noticeable; while on the Sandford Park side, Pilkington, Butler, Greene, and Kingston (backs), and Campbell, Mitchell, and Jolly (forwards) were the best.

Sandford Park—Pilkington; Butler, Campbell, Greene, Cope; Hogan, Clayton; Johnston, Meldon, Thorp, Jolley, Taylor, Campbell, Acton, Mitchell.

Newbridge College—Watters; Elmes, Dwyer, Manning, Ryan; Graham, Browne; McDermott (capt.), Mays, Bergin, Byrne, Fitzgerald, Canty, Delany, Magee.

### BANKERS' CUP.

MATCH PUT OFF.

The match in the Bankers' Institute Cup between Royal and Ulster Banks, fixed for Sydney Parade yesterday, fell through, neither team putting in an appearance.

### CARLOW "A" V. TEMPLEMORE.

Played at Templemore, and resulted in a win for Templemore by 5 tries (15 points) to 1 goal and 3 tries (14 points). The visitors were much below strength, fielding only seven of their regular team, and lost Trumble at full before half-time. Most of the scores came from back movements, and the game all through was opened in fine style by the respective forwards.

### TO-DAY'S FIXTURES.

Blackrock College 3rd v. Bective Rangers 3rd. Minor Cup. Donnybrook, 4.15.

C.I.C.C. v. Old Wesley 3rd A, Chalgrove terrace, S.C.R., 4 o'clock.

Carlow v. Enniscorthy. Carlow, 4 p.m.

Wanderers 2nd v. Dublin University 3rd. Lansdowne road, 4 p.m.

### TO-DAY'S TEAMS.

Blackrock College—J. Kneafsey; D. Doherty, J. Maher, P. Branagan, D. Ryan; B. MacManus, E. Martin; A. Farrell, L. Heffernan, M. Gleeson, P. McFeeley, C. McCorry, B. Gorevan, L. Hynes, P. J. Germans.

Wanderers 2nd—E. Vaughan; R. S. Gillett, C. E. Bowman, R. M. Saunders, J. E. Cleland; J. D. Mitchell, J. Gilmartin; G. McKinley, P. C. Fraser, C. S. Diggins, A. J. Gill, J. J. Camp, M. W. Dalton, D. W. Harris, J. McD. Hamill.

C.I.T.C.—W. Boyd; N. Halpin, J. C. Brennan, F. Gillespie, A. Dowda; J. McMillan, R. J. McMillan; G. Clarke, G. Coghlan, B. Hodgins, A. W. Kinch, G. K. Langley, J. McKittrick, W. W. Slack, E. T. Whittaker.

CARRICK-ON-SUIR v. WATERFORD COLLEGIANS.—Played at Carrick-on-Suir, and resulted in a win for the home side by 7 points to nil.

# ASSOCIATION.

### FREE STATE JUNIOR CUP.

At a meeting of the Junior Committee of the F.A.F.S., held last night, the draw for the F.S. Junior Cup (Sixth Round) resulted as follows:—

DUBLIN:
Dolphin United or Aberdeen v. Grangegorman or Tramway Athletic. Referee—Mr. Devine.
Rosaville v. Drogheda United. Referee—Mr. Quinn.
To be played on or before March 17th.

CORK:
Blackrock Rovers v. Freebooters. Referee—Mr. Fenton (Cork).
To be played on or before March 18th.

MIDLANDS:
Sligo Rovers or Athlone Hibernians a bye.

Players, reported by referees, were suspended as follows:—P. M'Kevitt (Carroll's Athletic), 2 weeks; J. Coote (do.), 1 week; W. Inglis (Ormeau) 12 months; M. Donohoe (St. James's United), 1 month; L. Carwood (do.), 2 weeks. Suspended until they appear before Committee—M. Fallon (Tramway) and M. M'Grath (Ranelagh).

The Selection Committee met subsequently, and picked the following teams for the final Trial—to be played at Rutland avenue on Saturday next at 2.30—for the selection of a team to meet the Scottish Juniors on March 9:—

Probables—Hegarty (St. Paul's); Hyland (Bray Wanderers), O'Brien (Ninian); O Loughlin (Distillery), Flanagan (Edenderry), Murray (Blackrock Hospital); Inglis (St. Barnabas'), Byrne (Kingswood) M'Carthy (Melrose Celtic), Graham (Ninian), Kavanagh (Haroldville).

Possibles—Burke (Baggotrath and Shelbourne); Nolan (B. and O.), M'Avelie (Chapelizod); B. Kinsella (Aberdeen), M'Guire (Bohemians), Kelleher (Rossville); Mackey (Rutland), H. Gill (Rossville), Walsh (St. Agatha's). Gill (Bohemians), Cannon (Blackrock Hospital).

Reserves—M'Fall (Talbot), Dagg (Bohemians), Ryan (Talbot), Monohan (Melrose Celtic), Simpson (St. Barnabas's).

Players are requested to notify the Secretary, F.A.I.F.S., 46 Mary street, if unable to play.

IRISH LEAGUE.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Larne | 4 | Cliftonville | 3 |

# ANGLING.

### LIFFEY SALMON FISHING.

The fishing this season so far, rods has yielded excellent results. Fish of over 20lbs. have been taken, and one splendid specimen scaled 32lbs. Drevne are still successful, but the prawn should do well in a week or so. The netting in the estuary has been poor owing to the high water, but at Islandbridge it has been quite up to the average for February. The restocking has produced a beautifully proportioned fish, quite unlike the old Liffey fish.

# SCULLING.

### THE WORLD'S CHAMPIONSHIP.

AN OFFER FROM AMERICA.

Bert Barry, the world's sculling champion, yesterday received a cable from Major Goodsell, of Australia, asking him to race for the championship in America. Goodsell states in the cablegram that he can offer Barry 3,000 dollars to race in California, and proposes that the race shall be held at San Francisco on or about July 4th.

# CRICKET.

## THE M.C.C. TOUR.

### MATCH DRAWN.

### FINE BOWLING BY FREEMAN.

Press Association Foreign Telegram.

*GOULBURN, N.S.W., Tuesday.*

As the position of the game indicated overnight, the pleasant two-day holiday match between the M.C.C. team and a Southern Districts XIII. ended here to-day in a draw. Freeman bowled with his usual crafty skill, and was mainly instrumental in dismissing the home side for the small total of 135, his eight wickets being obtained for a fraction over 8 runs each. In the tourists' second innings, in which the spectators were treated to the unusual sight of Larwood and Duckworth as the opening pair, Jardine hit with delightful freedom and seemed well set for his century when he declared the innings closed. The weather was brilliantly fine and very hot. Score:—

| First Innings. | M.C.C. | | Second Innings. | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Hobbs b Tickner | 54 | | | |
| D. R. Jardine b Lampe | 1 | not out | | 85 |
| Tyldesley c Allsopp b O'Connor | 33 | | | |
| Hendren run out | 19 | | | |
| Mead l.b.w. b Tickner | 0 | c | O'Connor b Hunt | 14 |
| Ames c O'Connor b Lampe | 94 | | | |
| Leyland c O'Connor b Lampe | 11 | c | Brown b Lampe | 14 |
| Larwood b Tickner | 5 | b | Hunt | 44 |
| Geary b Lampe | 34 | | | |
| Duckworth l.b.w. b Lampe | 0 | c | and b Hunt | 41 |
| Freeman not out | 0 | c | Allsopp b Bennetts | 27 |
| Extras | 4 | | Extras | 1 |
| Total | 250 | | Total (5 wkts.) | *236 |

*Innings declared.

Bowling—First Innings—M'Guirk, 0 for 57; Lampe, 5 for 46; Tickner, 3 for 48; O'Connor, 1 for 37; Bennetts, 0 for 16; S. M'Cabe, 0 for 15; Jackson, 0 for 23; Hunt 0 for 4.

Second Innings—Lampe, 1 for 49; M'Guirk, 0 for 19; Tickner, 0 for 43; O'Connor, 0 for 20; Hunt, 3 for 30; Jackson, 0 for 24; Webster, 0 for 15; Bennetts, 1 for 23; S. M'Cabe, 0 for 12.

SOUTHERN DISTRICTS XIII.

| First Inn

# THE PROSPERITY OF BELFAST.

## ACCOUNTANTS' VIEWS.

## LORD MAYOR'S APPEAL TO THE CITIZENS.

Mr. H. T. Montgomery, presiding last night at the annual dinner of the Belfast Society of Chartered Accountants, said that chartered accountants were personally interested in the prosperity of the district in which they lived. They got their bread and butter from it. He was pleased to see Mr. David Telford, Dublin, present, as no meeting of accountants in Ireland was complete without Mr. Telford. They were still one body in Ireland, and he was delighted to know that there was no danger of a split except in the language question. (Laughter.)

**PROGRESS IN TRADE.**

Mr. W. R. Rawlinson, proposing the toast of "The City of Belfast," said that the toast was formerly "The City and Trade of Belfast," and it was suggested that it was changed because there was no trade in Belfast. That was a proposition that he did not accept. Twelve months ago he spoke with optimism, and that had been justified, and he was still optimistic; but optimism was no good without honest endeavour behind it. For the past twenty years he had watched the trend of things in Belfast, both as an accountant and a citizen, and during that time there had been great progress, steady and accumulative.

Recently things had happened municipally which they all regretted, but they had served their purpose in one respect; they had taught them lessons which they as citizens needed; and, notwithstanding what had happened, they had well-meaning citizens who were willing to devote their energies to the city. A great many people dwelled too much on the errors of the past.

**LORD MAYOR'S HOPES.**

The Lord Mayor (Sir William Coates, Bart.), responding to the toast, said that it was his duty as a public representative to do all in his power to advance the best interests of the city, and for the past twenty-seven years he had endeavoured to do his part in the conduct of the affairs of the city. Belfast citizens from early times were characterised by determination and optimism in facing difficulties. Early inhabitants had many difficulties to overcome before the city attained its present position. At present they were determined to overcome their troubles caused by depression in trade and other causes. Signs of improvement were not wanting in more than one industry. Belfast, in his opinion, was still progressing, and its prosperity and social amenities were gradually increasing. The last year was satisfactory in regard to shipbuilding, though not, perhaps, as satisfactory as they might wish; but the present year opened with brighter prospects. The Northern Government was doing its part, and they all hoped that many more shipyard workers would be employed this year. A revival of the linen trade was most earnestly to be hoped for, important as it was to the city as a whole. Many civic improvements would be carried out during the coming year which would benefit unemployment and the community generally. It was satisfactory to him to announce a reduction of fourpence in the rates. It was a step in the right direction. It was to be hoped that all would unite together to help those responsible for the city in their endeavour to advance its welfare. They all had the city's good at heart.

I think that the time has come to call a halt to criticism of public bodies, he said. If those who criticised would come into public life themselves and help, it would be all to the good for them and the city, and the ratepayers generally. People seemed to forget that they were damaging their own city, and made their friends across the water hesitate about maintaining their business relations when they saw their own people not upholding the city. He hoped that they would all press forward to better things, and that Belfast would recover those prosperous times when the city's trade and commerce were the envy of the principal cities of the Kingdom

**OTHER TOASTS.**

Dr. R. W. Livingstone, Vice-Chancellor of Queen's University, proposed the toast of The Institute of Chartered Accountants in Ireland," and Mr. H. A. Muir responded.

Mr. F. G. Walsh proposed the toast of "Our Guests," and this was responded to by the Recorder (Judge Thompson), Mr. John G. H. Wilson, President of the Northern Law Society, and Mr. J. Macoun.

# COMPULSORY TILLAGE.

## A MEATH COUNTY COUNCIL SUGGESTION.

At the last meeting of the Meath County Council, Mr. James Beggan moved a resolution calling on the Government to start a five per cent. compulsory tillage scheme.

The Chairman (Mr. J. Quinn) said that this was a proposal which, so far as it would tend to increase the food supply of the country, and so lessen imports, he would be in favour of. Of course, there were things in the line of food supplies that they could not produce in quality equal to those of foreign countries. They could not produce as good a quality of wheat. Any increase of the acreage under tillage ought to assist in mitigating the evils of unemployment. What he objected to in the proposal was that it aimed at applying compulsion to any particular industry. The land of this county would scarcely have gone so completely into grass if tillage were a more economic proposition. To enforce a system of compulsory tillage it would be necessary to set up machinery to deal with it, and employ a whole host of inspectors continually meddling with people. Further, a guaranteed price would have to be ensured to farmers who sold their grain, so that they would not be working at a loss. If the Government threw out the suggestion to farmers, or made an appeal to them that it would be desirable in the interests of our food supply, and help to rectify our adverse balance of trade, to increase the acreage under tillage, it might be just as effective, and would cost the country nothing in administration.

Mr. J. Leonard said that they should wait until they had the report on tariffs from the Tariff Commission.

Mr. Biggin consented to withhold his motion.

# HOUSING SHORTAGE IN DUNDALK.

## 500 PEOPLE ON WAITING LIST.

At a conference in Dundalk on Monday night, composed of representatives of the Chamber of Commerce, the Urban Council, the Building Trades' Federation and the Trade and Labour Council, various suggestions were made to relieve the housing shortage in Dundalk, and, at the same time, give much-needed employment. The conference, which was called by the Trade and Labour Council, was presided over by Mr. F. Clarke.

It was stated that on the Urban Council books there was a waiting list of five hundred people, the great majority of whom were living either in rooms or in houses which had been condemned as insanitary many years ago.

The conference considered the suggestion that local brickworks should be re-opened. The great obstacle to the re-opening, it was said, was the preference being given of late (especially in Government housing schemes) to concrete houses.

A proposal was carried that the Urban Council should be asked to take a census of the people living in rooms and in insanitary dwellings, and that an effort be made to form these into a guild which would build houses for the members.

# SWEDISH SUBJECT'S LOST CERTIFICATE.

In the Raphoe District Court yesterday, Superintendent Millard, Raphoe, said that he had an application to go before the Court. Mr. Thorne, a Swedish subject, had lost his certificate of identity, and he had now to make a declaration to the effect that he had lost it and had failed to recover it after every possible search had been made, and to make application for a new one.

The Justice—So long as you are satisfied.

Superintendent Millard—I am satisfied; we know Mr. Thorne very well.

# THE NORTHERN PARLIAMENT.

(Continued from Page 7, Column 2.)

speeches from the Prime Minister, but far worse to have quoted violent speeches made by Mr. Winston Churchill. He should be the last to quote Mr. Winston Churchill to members of that House. It was one of the strangest things in politics, because when Mr. Churchill came to Belfast on one occasion he had to be guarded by military and police through the streets from the Prime Minister and his followers. Now Mr. Winston Churchill was quoted to them at the opening of a new Parliament and a new era. This was the man who threatened to bring in warships to blow up Belfast, and probably would have done so only he (Mr. Devlin) happened to be one of those who protested against it as a Belfast man.

**MR. DE VALERA'S ARREST.**

The reason this was quoted was to raise old passions, hatreds and old controversies which the country was anxious to forget. If anyone referred to the fact that the people were starving at present, they were met by the Government, saying: "Hush! Mr. de Valera is coming to open a bazaar. We will arrest him because he may blow up Northern Ireland on his way from the station to the bazaar." (Laughter.) The intelligence of the people of Northern Ireland was not so low as they took it to be.

It was part and parcel of the policy pursued by the Prime Minister in the past, and what he intended to pursue in the future, to keep alive the horrible religious dissensions in order that the Government, who had to appear before the judgment seat of an outraged electorate, might be able to slink back to Parliament.

**"NICE MAN TO BE PRIME MINISTER."**

"Everybody knew that when there was disorder you created it," declared Mr. Devlin, and added that the Prime Minister would not deny that when a large section of the innocent community were driven from their employment he went down and congratulated the perpetrators, and said that he rejoiced and was delighted at what was done.

The Prime Minister—If you refer to the shipyards, I say to-day I think they did quite right.

Mr. Devlin—I hope Mr. Winston Churchill will take note of that. This is a nice man to be a Prime Minister of any community, and this is the man who stands up here and talks about the restoration of order and the establishment of peace. Law and order was created in spite of you. If you tried to go down to the shipyards now and asked them to victimise their fellow-townsmen because of their religious or political views, you would find you had made a mistake.

**A SACKCLOTH OFFER.**

Proceeding, Mr. Devlin said that, with regard to building up industries, the Government had eight years to do this and had failed. The linen trade was in a position of great difficulty. The people were unemployed; the mills were either closed or on half-time, and people were starving. "If the Government will tell me one single thing they have done on their own initiative for helping unemployment," said Mr. Devlin, "I would stand in sackcloth outside the Unionist headquarters on the 14th May, 1929, on the eve of the general election." He alleged that when agonising cases of poverty and hunger were brought before the six Opposition members in Belfast, and when they sought an interview with the Prime Minister, he told them he was engaged.

The Prime Minister—I am always delighted to see members of Parliament of all sides of the House, but the question of outdoor relief was being settled at that time.

Mr. Beattie said that was not so, and that he explained the position at the time he made the request for the interview.

Mr. Devlin said that put a different complexion on the matter.

The Prime Minister—It does not matter. The whole thing was settled at that time.

Mr. Devlin—It was not settled until we threatened, and the Government immediately pushed on the Guardians. Referring to the abolition of proportional representation, he said that it would knock out a few Independents. No political party liked Independents.

**THE INDEPENDENTS.**

The Prime Minister—They seem to suit you all right.

Mr. Devlin—Their assistance was never sought by me. I have no doubt, if I did what you always suggest—brought in a bill to bring Northern Ireland into the Free State—not one of these Independents would vote for it.

Mr. Henderson—The Government would vote for it quicker.

Mr. Devlin said that proportional representation was being retained for the election of Queen's University members, but that it was not good enough for the working people.

"I am the gramaphone for the suffering masses of the people," declared Mr. Devlin, "and I would suggest to the Prime Minister, why does not he follow the example of the Prince of Wales and visit the houses of the people and see the poverty and starvation?"

**ALL-IRELAND PARLIAMENT CRY.**

The Prime Minister, he added, should drop the old cry of the North being forced into a Dublin Parliament, because nobody believed it. The Prime Minister himself recently at Bangor declared that nothing on earth could force them into a Dublin Parliament, and if that was so why on earth was he always talking about it?

Mr. Thomas Henderson (Independent Unionist) said that the Prime Minister was living in a fool's paradise. There were hangers-on expecting to get positions if they had proportional representation abolished. He strongly protested against any interference in the existing electoral system.

**INCITEMENT TO MURDER.**

He was absolutely astounded by the statement of the Prime Minister, and he saw the Minister of Labour turning white when he heard the Prime Minister agreeing that he would try to incite to have murder once again.

Mr. Grant—He never started murder.

Mr. Henderson said that the Prime Minister declared Independents were useful to Mr. Devlin. "We would be as useful to him (the Premier) he commented, if he did anything for the poor." If it had not been for the assistance given by the Belfast Corporation during the past eight years there would be no Government to-day. The Corporation prevented a revolution in Belfast by spending money to give employment.

**CREATING A BOGEY.**

The Minister of Labour—How much of that was the Government's money?

Mr. Henderson—You have given the people's money—60 per cent. of the amount spent in wages on relief work. The Prime Minister tried to create a bogey.

If Mr. Devlin or any member attempted to bring in a measure to put Ulster into the Free State he (Mr. Henderson) would oppose him. People were bordering on insanity as a result of starvation.

The debate was adjourned till to-morrow.

# THE KING'S SPEECH.

## OPENING OF NORTHERN PARLIAMENT.

FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.
*BELFAST, Tuesday.*

Owing to the illness of the Duke of Abercorn, Governor of Northern Ireland, the new session of the Six Counties Parliament was inaugurated to-day by a commission of Lords Justices, comprised of the Lord Chief Justice, Lord Justice Andrews and Colonel the Right Hon. R. D. Perceval Maxwell, D.S.O.

The King's Speech, which was read by the Lord Chief Justice, referred to the continued improvement in the shipbuilding industry, and mentioned that, although the linen trade had not recovered from a protracted period of depression, its condition during the past few months had been somewhat better. Other points in the speech were:—

**THE KING'S SPEECH.**

"I shall observe with interest the results of the change in the law relating to health insurance which came into operation at the beginning of this year, extending the free period of insurance of persons after they cease to be insurably employed, and enabling those who are insured and are over sixty years of age to qualify more easily for contributory old age pensions. Other provisions permit insured persons who cannot, by reason of poor health, gain admission to an approved society to participate more fully in the benefits provided by the Health Insurance Scheme.

**NEW ELECTION SYSTEM.**

"Proposals will be laid before you for the abolition of Proportional Representation in its application to elections to the House of Commons of Northern Ireland, and for the adoption of the principle of single-member constituencies.

"Proposals will also be laid before you for relieving productive industry of a substantial proportion of the rates which it at present has to bear in connection with the cost of Local Government services and for exempting agricultural land and farm buildings entirely from this burden."

**PUBLICITY CAMPAIGN.**

"The publicity campaign organised by the linen industry and assisted by substantial grants from public funds has been extended to cover the home and Dominion markets, in addition to those of the United States, to which it was confined in its initial stages. While it is yet too early to gauge the results which may attend the extension of the campaign to the home and Dominion markets, there is no reason to believe that they will prove less encouraging than those which have already disclosed themselves in the case of the United States. You will, accordingly, be asked to vote an additional sum towards this object for the year 1929-1930.

"An adequate sum will be placed on the estimates to establish and maintain a training centre associated with a new juvenile employment exchange, at which classes will be held for the benefit of young persons who are out of work."

# DROGHEDA MEAT FACTORY AFFAIRS.

## RECEIVER APPOINTED.

At yesterday's meeting of the Drogheda Harbour Board the following was read:—

"Irish Fresh Meat, Ltd., Drogheda.—Take notice that by Indenture dated 11th day of February, 1929, the Industrial Trust Co. of Ireland, Ltd., the Debenture holders, in pursuance of the powers contained in a mortgage dated 22nd day of October, 1927, and in a series of Debentures of the same date duly appointed me Receiver over all the lands, premises, property, assets, and undertakings of the above-mentioned company, with power to take possession of, collect, and get in the property charged in the said mortgage and Debentures, and to carry on the business of the company.

"And take further notice, that I have this day gone into possession of the lands, premises, property, and assets of the company, and that I shall not be responsible for payment for any goods ordered from this date except these in respect of which a written order is issued bearing my signature. To assist me in preparing a statement of affairs of the company, will you please, by return of post, furnish me with a detailed statement of any account due to you. If nothing due, please state so.

"Yours faithfully, Vincent Crowley, Receiver."

The Secretary to the Commissioners (Mr. Thomas Byrne) said that all their accounts were paid, and the Chairman (Mr. Moore) said that then it did not concern them.

# ILLICIT STILLS ON AN ISLAND.

## BIG HAUL BY MAYO GUARDS.

Lough Conn is a beautiful lake situated in North Mayo and surrounded on all sides by woods and mountains. At the Foxford end of the lake are several small islands, the largest of which is known as Glass Island. It is a mile from the mainland, and two miles from the well-known tourists' resort, Pontoon.

Week after week the Guards have raided the islands for illicit stills, but without result. One very rough day last week they manned their boat and rowed towards Glass Island in a roundabout way. As they were passing one of the smaller islands known as Billberry or Pig Island they saw three men rushing for a boat that was drawn up on the shore. The Guards also made for the boat, but the islanders pulled for the open lake, with the Guards' boat only a few lengths behind. The chase continued for some time, but the islanders got away.

The Guards returned to the island, and found two stills "working barrels of wash" in different stages of malting, and jars of poteen concealed with heather and moss. About thirty yards from the shore, in ten feet of water, they found three stills, two of which had never been used.

After several hours they came away with five complete stills and several spare parts, 400 gallons of wash, 11 barrels, seven jars of from two to ten gallons, and seven gallons of the illicit spirit.

# KNITTING DURING BUSINESS.

## WOMAN'S APPEAL TO WOMEN.

At the annual conference in Norwich of the Norfolk Federation of Women's Institutes, Evelyn Lady Suffield, the President, begged the women not to knit while business was going on. Women, she said, were coming into everything on the same terms as men, and men were entitled to complain when they saw women neglecting business in order to knit and sew. She was aware that the Chairman of the Norfolk County Council, Mr. Russel Colman, made a hobby of making nets, but he did not do it while the Council was sitting.

Thereupon the women put away their knitting needles, and the subsequent business was discussed briskly.

# FATAL MOTORING ACCIDENT.

## INQUEST ON SWORDS OLD MAN.

That death was due to heart failure, caused by congestion and pneumonia of the base of both lungs, accelerated by the injuries received when accidentally knocked down by a motor car in Swords on January 31st last, was the verdict returned by the jury at an inquest which was held by Dr. Mortimer Waters, Coroner for North County Dublin, at Taylor's licensed premises, Swords, yesterday, on the body of Thomas Mooney (85), of Swords, who died last Monday.

The jury added a rider exonerating the driver of the car, Mr. Charles E. Carson, Swords, from all blame.

Sergeant Michael Diffley, Swords, said that he identified the man because he believed that he had no living relative.

# VALUE OF PRESS ADVERTISING.

At a meeting of the Skerries Publicity Bureau last Monday night, the claims of various methods of publicity were discussed. Last year the Bureau published 5,000 illustrated guides advertising the attractions of Skerries a seaside resort. At this meeting opinions were asked as to the best advertising medium: posters, calendar, illustrated circular or Press advertising.

Mr. Joebges, Grand Hotel, stated that it was an established fact among business men that newspaper advertising was far and away the best, and he accordingly proposed that the Skerries Publicity Bureau should insert advertisements in the Press during the season.

The proposal was seconded by Mrs. Hartfort, Rockwell House, and carried unanimously.

Cheap Sunday railway trips will commence in March from Carlisle over the Waverley route to Glasgow, *via* Edinburgh, at a return fare of 5s. 6d., which works out to about one-fifth of a penny per mile, for a total distance of three hundred miles.

# NO SUBSIDY ON WHEAT.

## DRAFT REPORT FOR THE ECONOMIC COMMITTEE.

## COST TOO HIGH.

## WOULD REQUIRE A BIG STAFF OF OFFICIALS.

FROM OUR POLITICAL CORRESPONDENT.

I believe that the Economic Committee appointed by President Cosgrave to examine the economic situation in the Free State has recently been investigating a proposal for a subsidy on wheat, and that draft reports representing the views of sections of the Committee are now being prepared.

So far as I can ascertain, the findings of the Committee will eventuate in a majority report, subscribed and sponsored by the Government members of the Committee, and a minority report drafted by the Fianna Fail members of the Committee. The majority draft report already has been drawn up, and awaits consideration by the Committee.

The question at issue is discussed from the point of view of fixing a minimum price for home-grown wheat of the right quality for milling, and also of restricting flour imports by a tariff or otherwise. Having outlined the history of wheat-growing in Ireland and examined in detail considerations which influence the farmer in deciding what area he will put under wheat, this report, I understand, concludes that the production of wheat is relatively a more precarious undertaking than that of either oats or barley. It adds that, unless the price of live stock and of five stock commodities falls considerably in relation to wheat, the provision of a subsidy for wheat, save at a prohibitive cost, would not secure any considerable extension of wheat acreage.

The report also suggests that a subsidy for wheat would eventually lead to demands for similar subsidies in connection with other forms of agricultural production, and expresses the opinion that if the price of wheat were fixed at 30s. a barrel (the figure suggested by those in favour of a scheme of guaranteed prices) the increase in the area of wheat which would thereby be secured would be far short of that anticipated by them, and, moreover, the additional wheat would be grown almost entirely in substitution of oats and barley.

A subsidy for wheat grown for sale, it is added, would discourage the retention of wheat on the farm, a practice regarded by members of the Committee as highly undesirable.

It is also doubted whether much extra employment would result from a wheat subsidy, the argument that it would make the country self-supporting in an essential article of food being discounted by the point that the utmost that could be hoped for from the scheme would be a reduction of the present imports by 50 per cent.

In the event of the minimum price for Irish wheat being fixed at from 30s. to 32s. 6d. a barrel, the amount of the annual subsidy if 50 per cent. of the country's total requirements was home-grown would, it is stated, vary from £157,000 in the case of a subsidy of 3s. a barrel, to £935,000 in the case of a subsidy of 8s. 6d. a barrel, while the scheme would also involve the cost of collecting the home-grown wheat and distributing it in due proportion amongst the Irish mills.

Instead of the subsidy gradually decreasing, the greater its success the greater would be the amount to be paid by the community.

This takes no account of the administrative difficulties involved.

The establishment of a Wheat Control Board, with a large number of officials and stores, would be necessary, and some form of Government guarantee of capital and interest would be needed to inspire public confidence.

The Board would require to purchase the country's total requirements in respect of milling and seed wheat, and would have to purchase the imports of flour, which would still be necessary to supplement the home-grown supply.

Its annual purchase would be in the neighbourhood of £5,500,000. Finally its operations would probably mean that imported wheat and flour would have to be sold by the Board at a higher rate than the ordinary market price, and this would involve an increase in the price of flour and bread to the consumer.

It is expected that the Committee's report or reports on the proposal will be issued officially during the next few weeks.

# PUBLICAN KILLED BY MOTOR LORRY.

## DAMAGES FOR WIDOW AND CHILDREN.

An action for damages arising out of the death of an Aughnacloy publican, who was knocked down by a motor lorry, was listed for hearing in the King's Bench, Belfast, yesterday, before Mr. Justice Brown and a jury, in which the plaintiff was Mrs. Brigid Angela M'Kenna, widow, Aughnacloy, Co. Tyrone, and the defendant Robert Coulter, motor lorry proprietor, Ballymacateer, Armagh.

Mr. Murphy, K.C., announced that the case had been settled. The plaintiff was the widow of John M'Kenna, who died as the result of injuries received on 17th September. After very careful consideration of all the facts they had come to a settlement of £1,500 and costs. He asked his lordship to apportion the award.

His Lordship suggested £1,000 to the widow, £150 each to the two elder children, and £200 to the youngest.

Mr. Murphy said that would meet with his approval.

His Lordship accordingly gave judgment for £1,500 and costs, and apportioned the amount as stated.

# PROGRESSIVE SOCIETY.

## £13,921 RETURNED IN DIVIDENDS.

The continued progress of the Enniskillen Co-operative Society was referred to at the annual social reunion of the members, which this year was held in the Archdale Memorial Hall, Ballinamallard. Mr. Francis Clarke, president of the Ballinamallard branch, presided, and Mr. William J. McGuffin, J.P., president of the Belfast Society, gave an address.

Mr. Cahir Healy, M.P., who is chairman of the Enniskillen Society, said that the history of their society read like a romance. A few working men in 1911 started it with a capital of £150 and no experience of trade. To-day they had a capital of £6,351; they owned the freehold of their two splendid shops at Ballinamallard and Enniskillen, and had returned to the people the sum of £13,921 in dividends. In 1928 the profits were £631. There were members who had never paid in more than 1s. in cash, but who, by allowing their dividends on purchases to accumulate, had now over £60 to their credit.

Mr. W. H. West, J.P., congratulated the members on the wonderful success of their undertaking.

# BAIL REFUSED BY A WOMAN.

"I don't want bail. I am as well in jail," declared Aggie Spence, or Johnston, of no fixed abode, when, in the Belfast Custody Court yesterday, she was returned for trial at the next Commission on a charge of having maliciously broken a plate-glass window, valued at £8 8s. 3d., in the premises of Michael M'Keown, publican, 24 Millfield.

Evidence was given that the accused was "under the influence," and was refused drink by Mr. M'Keown on Monday evening. She then hurled a bottle through the window.

# IMPORTATION OF ELM TREES PROHIBITED.

Last night's *Dublin Gazette* announces that the Free State Department of Agriculture has prohibited the importation of living elm trees as from February 1st last, in order to prevent the introduction of elm tree pests.

# THE MECHANICAL PAINTER.

## A VISION OF THE NEAR FUTURE.

## WAGES IN THE DUBLIN AREA.

Yesterday the annual Convention of the National Association of Master Painters and Decorators of Ireland was opened at the Broadway Soda Fountain Parlour, Lower Sackville street, Dublin. In addition to the Irish members there were delegates present from England and Scotland.

To-day visitors and members will visit Kilruddery, Ashford, and other parts of County Wicklow.

Yesterday's programme included the annual general meeting, the distribution of prizes to painters' apprentices attending the Technical Schools, and a lecture by Mr. H. M. Dockrell.

In the unavoidable absence of the President (Mr. Edgar Keatinge), Mr. J. F. Keatinge presided at the annual general meeting.

**DELEGATES WELCOMED.**

Mr. Keatinge welcomed the many delegates, after which Mr. John Sibthorpe proposed that Mr. Norman Allen be elected President for the coming year.

Mr. H. M. Dockrell seconded, and Mr. Allen took the chair.

**NEW PRESIDENT'S ADDRESS.**

In the course of his inaugural address, Mr. Allen said that that day's Convention was the thirty-first session of the National Association of Master Painters and Decorators of Ireland. With regard to the craft to which they belonged, it was a comforting thought to realise that they were engaged in labour which was for the benefit of mankind. They were each and all making the world a brighter and more beautiful place than they had found it. There was always pleasure—if not always profit—in work well done. They might not all be able to leave to the world works of high artistic merit, but they might at least put quality and taste into their work. In the education and encouragement of the young craftsman great progress had been made, and the work of their apprentices fully justified the efforts of the Association.

Decorative art had undergone many changes, and some would regret that the modern tendency was against hand-work. The pencil was not often required, graining and marbling were considered old-fashioned; even stencilling threatened to become a lost art. Machine-made decoration, with plain painted woodwork, was seen everywhere. Mr. Allen went on to say that the age in which they lived was a commercial one, and difficult economic circumstances had tended to aggravate the decline in hand-produced and brain-produced decorations. It was not wise to fight against the spirit of the age. Modern methods of printing and scientific methods of manufacture had raised the standard of machine-made reproductions, so that it was possible to have artistic decorations reproduced and duplicated in great numbers at greatly reduced cost.

**PROGRESS ON TOP GEAR.**

There was everywhere abundant evidence that progress was driving on top gear; that they were in the midst of a vast transition, the true effects of which they could not focus, because they were too near. The whirligig of time brought many changes, and in their craft it was necessary to keep pace with them. Mechanical devices were making their way into their craft, and the development of electricity in their country was bound, sooner or later, to have its effect. It was childish to imagine their craft could resist the inroads of scientific invention. It did not require any great stretch of imagination to foresee the day when painters would arrive at a job equipped with small electrically-driven machines. Ceilings would be washed and coloured and walls stripped mechanically; woodwork would be rubbed down and walls glass-papered by revolving machinery. Painting would be done by spraying, broken colour effects would be obtained by mechanical means, and ornament would be applied by rollers or other devices. It would be said that machines could not work in confined spaces, but the difficulty would be met by simply applying the ornament to such spaces as the machine could reach.

While it was no harm for them to daily with imagination, it was essential for them to face facts and ensure that they were properly equipped to keep themselves and their craft up-to-date, in fullest sympathy with the progressive spirit which so prominently distinguished their age. (Applause.)

Mr. John R. Chappell, President of the National Federation of Master Painters of England and Wales, and Mr. Stuart Anderson, Glasgow, extended the greetings of their respective organisations to the Dublin Convention.

**THE REPORT.**

The Council's report for 1928, read by Mr. Howard J. Duncan, showed that there was a serious decline in membership during the last few years. During the past year their relations with their workers had been satisfactory, and no strike or lock-out had taken place. The present rates of wages were, however, uneconomic, and in the opinion of many the existing depression was largely due to that cause. In the Leinster area the matter was recently considered, and trade delegates invited to discuss it. There was, however, a disinclination on the part of the operatives to consider the cause, and, beyond a few Utopian suggestions, no solution was reached. The representatives of the Whiteners' Society admitted that wages were too high, and agreed that the solution lay in a reduction.

With a view to reviving their Association in Northern Ireland, it was considered advisable to take some steps for the re-constitution of their Belfast branch. Unfortunately their hopes in this direction were doomed to disappointment, as it was found to be impracticable to form an association. For many years the practice of employing master painters to carry out the painting and decorating portions of building contracts had fallen into abeyance, and builders had been doing most of this work themselves. The matter was at present under negotiation, and there was every reason to hope that, as a result, painting work would in future be separated from building.

**DUBLIN WAGES.**

Mr. Keatinge said that he believed they were paying higher wages in Dublin than were being paid in Great Britain. In this connection he then claimed that the cost of living was higher here than in England. He thought, however, it was a tribute to the fairness and foresight of their trade and the building trade that they had not sought to reduce wages during a period when the country was in a troubled state, and when a dislocation of the trade would have added to the difficulties of the situation.

On the motion of Mr. Orr, seconded by Mr. Dockrell, the report was unanimously adopted.

**OFFICERS ELECTED.**

The following officers were elected for the coming year:—Mr. Thomas Woods, senior vice-president; Miss Annie Maxwell, junior vice-president; Mr. Howard J. Duncan, secretary; Mr. John Sibthorpe, hon. treasurer; Mr. Charles Jones and Messrs. Woodworth and Son, F.C.A., auditors; Mr. John Sibthorpe, representative on International Materials Committee.

**THE EDUCATION COMMITTEE.**

In his report of the Committee of Education, Mr. J. F. Keatinge referred to the "scholarship" group of boys under instruction in the technical schools. The pupils in this class had to pass an examination in general knowledge to obtain admission, and they received not only free instruction, but a subsidy at the rate of 6s. a week for the first year, and 8s. a week for the second, from the Corporation of the Borough of Dublin. The Committee desired to express their gratitude to the City Commissioners for this most valuable contribution. The attendance of the boys in this group had been 100 per cent. In March of 1927 the entire senior class of ten boys passed into employment; in March, 1928, the class of eight boys were employed, and now, in February, 1929, the class consisted of seven boys, all of whom had qualified, and the Committee hoped before April that these seven boys would also be employed.

Last year a novelty in the teaching in the Dublin School was introduced—instruction in paper-hanging. It had proved a great success, the boys taking up the idea eagerly. A competition in trimming and hanging wallpaper was held, and the results were surprisingly good. The Committee of the Leinster area were so impressed with the competition that they have decided to hold one themselves and award prizes. The Committee desired to return their best thanks to the School authorities for their courtesy and kindness, particularly in the paper-hanging enterprise.

The report was adopted.

**THE APPRENTICES' COMPETITION.**

Members of the Association and visitors took much interest in the different specimens of work exhibited by the competitors who took part in the apprentices' competition, which was held in conjunction with the Convention. There were numerous examples of plain painting, enamelling, graining, marbling and lettering. Prizes were distributed to the successful competitors, all of whom are pupils of the Technical Schools.

Afterwards Mr. H. M. Dockrell delivered a lecture on "Amsterdam and the Olympic Games." He described his visit to Amsterdam with the Irish competitors, and with the aid of lantern slides gave an interesting account of the Dutch capital, referring chiefly to its famous buildings, its shipping industry, and its remarkable system of canals.

# THE IDEAL HOME EXHIBITION.

## EFFECTIVE IRISH DISPLAYS.

FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.
*LONDON, Tuesday.*

The Ideal Home Exhibition at Olympia was opened at noon to-day, when the Lord Mayor of London, who was accompanied by the Mayors of Kensington and Hammersmith, made a tour of one of the finest Exhibitions of this character yet seen. One feature is a collection of bedrooms of the ages, in which an attempt has been made to portray in panoramic form sleeping rooms from the earliest times, commencing with the cave of primitive woman. Egyptian, Greek, Japanese, Florentine, French, and Victorian bedrooms are all shown in succession, until the bedroom of the smart girl of to-day is reached. The modern bedroom has black enamelled walls, with a polished copper ceiling, and the fittings include a wireless set and a gramophone, in addition to the up-to-date furniture after the cubic style.

Another attraction is "My Ideal Room," a series of studios and studys to the designs of one well-known people, such as Lady Oxford, Lady Londonderry, Sir William Arbuthnot Lane, Sir William Orpen, Mr. Edmund Dulac, and Mr. William Morris. Lady Oxford's room is representative of the late Lord Oxford's library when he was Prime Minister. The decoration is cream, with chintz and loose covers to give a note of colour. The mahogany writing table is the main feature in the furnishing, with a simple Chippendale-design writing chair and a large settee, the whole presenting a room of dignity, but essentially a room for work.

Lady Londonderry's study is decorated and furnished as a study in a country house. The idea of the green wall decoration, simply panelled and relieved with patches of dull gold, is to confer the necessary air of restfulness, while crimson curtains give a note of richness. The room is furnished with choice pieces of furniture, reproductions of the period when walnut was the medium most favoured by English craftsmen. Sir William Orpen's studio is a replica on a smaller scale of his own, and has a rubber floor.

**THE GARDENS.**

The garden section of the exhibition is very beautiful, and includes some very fine specimen rock gardens, old Dutch gardens, with a great deal of topiary work. Many thousands of flowering bulbs have been used to decorate the gardens. One of the finest exhibits is the stand of the General Electric Company, where a marvellous range of electrical appliances is shown. All that is latest and best in electrical development is here, including a number of new electric cookers, fires, washers and fittings, such as self-protecting kettles, a dish-washing machine, a revolving ironer and a mechanical cream-maker.

The Empire Marketing Board has a beautiful hall, in which a great number of the Dominions are represented. Both the Irish Free State and Northern Ireland have stalls in this section, and, although the space is somewhat limited, they manage to make most effective displays of Irish produce.

# A MISSING £40 RING.

## CHARGE AGAINST NURSERY GOVERNESS.

In the Belfast Custody Court yesterday, Matilda Harvey, whose address was given as Twaddell avenue, was charged with the larceny of a diamond and platinum ring (value £40), a skunk fur, shoes, stockings, and other articles (value £30), the property of Mrs. Clara M. Wilson, of 105 Osborne Park.

Mrs. Wilson said that the accused was employed as a nursery governess from 15th November last till 4th inst., when she was dismissed. On November 29th the witness missed the ring and spoke to the accused, but she denied having seen it. In January she missed four pairs of silk stockings, and four pairs of shoes. When witness spoke to the prisoner about the shoes she said to the maid, "They would be no use to me, as I take sixes." The rang, stockings (value £4 10s.) and three pairs of gloves (15s. 6d.) had not been traced. She identified the other articles.

Mr. N. Tughan—Why did you go to the trouble of having the Plaza and the taxi searched the following day when you missed the ring?

Witness—I did not know I had anybody dishonest in my house at that time.

It was also stated by witness that the skunk fur was missed after the dismissal of the accused.

Detective Constable Burrowes said he went with accused to her house on 20th inst., when she gave him two pairs of gloves.

Mr. Tughan said the accused indignantly denied larceny of the ring.

Prisoner was returned for trial at the next Commission, bail being allowed.


The Drop Worth Drinking.

Mellowed and pure after 15 years in the wood, D.W.D. Whiskey well deserves its widespread popularity.

D.W.D. is not a blend but a pure whiskey with the distinctive flavour that a Pot Still alone can give.

With this bottle and the capsule intact the Distillers guarantee that the whiskey is pure and fully matured.

Treat yourself and your friends to D.W.D.—nothing could do more to promote goodwill.

MAKE A POINT OF GETTING D.W.D WHISKEY

PURE POT STILL

The Dublin Distillers Co., Ltd., Dublin.


# CAMBRIDGE UNION DEBATE.

## PUBLIC SCHOOLS AND CLASS DISTINCTION.

## VIEWS OF HARROW'S HEADMASTER.

Dr. Cyril Norwood, Headmaster of Harrow, was a speaker last night in a Cambridge Union debate on the motion—"That this House, believing that the present system of education in England must perpetuate class distinction, demands its reorganisation on a national basis."

The proposer, Mr. K. Adam, St. John's College, said that the public schools had diminished rather than increased the sympathy between the classes.

"The public schoolboy," he said, "comes into contact with the outside world only periodically and casually. So you find the public schoolboy meeting the boy from a different class, and finding between him and that boy no common interest whatever. That explains, to my mind, the failure in their primary functions of such institutions as the Duke of York's camp."

Dr. Norwood, in opposing the resolution, said that old public schools had provided the most original and successful contributions which had been made to education in England. He believed that mass production was the last thing that ought to be introduced in any part of education. Under the system advocated in the resolution there would be no best schools, and that equality of opportunity for which we were told we must strive would be destroyed. "Why," he asked, "is it necessary for all the monkeys in the forest to have tails of exactly the same length?" Eton and the great English boarding schools at the present moment were bursting with initiative and life.

The motion was carried by two votes—237 for, and 235 against.

# MILK PRICES.

## RETAILERS' 140 PER CENT. PROFIT.

At a meeting of the Dundalk and District Cow-testing Association in Dundalk yesterday, Mr. J. J. Russell, Sub-Sheriff, who presided, said that at the present time people in Dublin were paying 2s. 4d. per gallon for milk which was being sold by Louth farmers to the retailers at 1s. per gallon. The retailers were thus making 140 per cent. profit, while the people who did all the work in the production were getting very little for all their labours. He thought that the time was ripe when the farmers should follow the example of those around London, who were now arranging to act as retailers, and thus reap a decent profit for their own produce. He could never understand why there was not a creamery started in County Louth, where they had splendid land, and good farmers who grew roots and other crops for winter feeding.

Mr. Dooley, of the Department of Agriculture, said that in most of the creameries there was provision made only for summer work. The amount of milk available during the winter months would not pay the costs of working. The Irish creameries were now developing a very fine business in cream with the London trade.

Major Pyke-Fortescue said that it did seem strange that at the moment in the Irish towns Australian and New Zealand butter could be bought at a lower sum than Irish creamery could be purchased, but the fact was that the Australians had such an enormous surplus that they sold it at just what paid them.

A committee was appointed to formulate a scheme for prizes for the best milking herds in the county.

# THEFT OF FURS IN BELFAST.

Found guilty of having stolen three furs worth £18 18s., the property of Edward H. Parks, of Queen street, Belfast, Patrick Lally, of no fixed address, and Edward Gilkinson, of Donegall road, were put forward for sentence at the Belfast City Commission yesterday.

Lord Justice Andrews said he would record a sentence against Gilkinson of six months' imprisonment with hard labour, not to operate if he keeps the peace for two years. Lally, who had an extremely bad record, was sentenced to twelve months' impris

# FINANCIAL NEWS AND NOTES.

## TONE AND COMMENT.

### DUBLIN IRREGULAR.

**GUINNESS £1 UNITS BUOYANT.**

There was only a very moderate amount of dealing on the Dublin Stock Exchange yesterday, with a considerable share of irregularity in price movements. The official listing of Guinness shares as £1 units was followed by a material improvement in market value, and the best prices of the day were at the close. Another feature was the further marked strength of Bank of Ireland Stock on buying orders following the slump at end of last week. The demand for Government National 5 per cent. Sterling Loan was continued, and Land Bonds were very firm. Bank of Ireland Stock further rallied 3 points. Guinness Ordinary Stock in London and £10 shares here—now dealt in as £1 units in both centres—met with heavy support, and the price was carried up to 86s. at the close, or equal to 42½ x.d. for the old £10 shares, a rise of 1½ on the day. Among Rails some irregularity was shown in Great Southern Pre-Ordinary issues. Ordinary and Guaranteed Stocks were neglected. Trams were very idle. Alliance Gas were less firm. There was nearly general sale pressure for Manufacturing Industrials. Coats were offered all day, and both the Ordinary and "B" Preference gave way. Courtaulds opened bid for and higher, but then selling pressure came forward, and the price fell steadily. Dunlop Rubbers were a very dull market. Imperial Chemicals were heavily sold, and Margarines were also realised very freely. Burke and Irish-American Oil Preference were easier. Fords Motors, Leyland Motors and Rolls-Royce were bid for.

## LONDON QUIET.

### SOME INDUSTRIAL SECTIONS HEAVY.

Quiet conditions again characterised the majority of sections of the London Stock Markets yesterday, and quotations were lowered in many instances. There were, however, a few outstanding features. Rolls Royce rising smartly on strong American buying, while Leyland Motors were another good spot. A feature in the Brewery section was the commencement of dealings in Guinness as £1 units, quotations ranging from 85s. to 85s. 9d. Westminster Banks were also quoted in their reduced form of £1 at between 80s. and 81s. 3d. There was not a great deal going on in the Gilt-edged section, hope of an early reduction in the Bank rate having vanished, while there is even talk of dearer money. As a consequence quotations were lowered in several directions. The 5½ per cent. Conversion Loan was quoted ex the dividend at 76¾. Quiet conditions ruled in Foreign Government stocks, and despite the paucity of interest, a steady tone ruled, and for the most part the overnight levels were repeated. Home Rails continued in a neglected condition, and lower values were refunded in a number of directions. An easier tendency also developed in Colonial and Foreign Rails, but actual price movements were few, and, with the exception of United Havana, of little consequence.

With a very few exceptions, the Industrial markets displayed an easier tendency, and losses of a more or less substantial nature were recorded in several sections. Motor descriptions, however, provided a bright exception, Rolls Royce going forward smartly on strong American buying, while Leylands and Napiers were other firm spots. Talking Machine issues remained a heavy market, though there was some recovery in the afternoon; and Tobaccos were dull. Gas and Electrical issues also made a dull showing, and Shipping issues went off here and there. Miscellaneous Industrials were mostly easier, Triplex Safety Glass, Molasses and Margarine Unions being all lower. Rubbers opened on a distinctly weaker note, but finished above the worst. Mines as a whole made an irregular showing, though Coppers attracted renewed support at higher levels.

**CABLE AND WIRELESS MERGER.**

Mr. Veniott, the Canadian Postmaster-General, stated in the House of Commons that negotiations were proceeding for the sale of the Pacific cable to the Communications Company. He said the recommendations of the Imperial Wireless Cable Conference, 1928, had been accepted in general by the Government. The Labour members announced that they intended to bring before the House later the question of the proposed cable merger.

**LEGAL TENDER NOTE FUND.**

Last week the Currency Commission issued £132,285 new legal tender notes, making the total now in issue £5,741,762, and made up as follows:—10s. notes, £2,647,752; £1, £2,507,425; £5, £1,968,332; £10, £580,310; £20, £10,000; £50, £3,750; £100, £4,000.

**CELANESE YARN PRICES ADVANCED.**

The prices of British Celanese warp yarns on beams of 40, 75, 100 and 120 denier have been advanced by 1s. per lb. as from February 25; other qualities remain unchanged.


BANKS

THE STANDARD BANK OF SOUTH AFRICA, LIMITED.

Bankers to the Imperial Government in South Africa; and to the Governments of Northern Rhodesia, Southern Rhodesia, Nyasaland, and Tanganyika.

AUTHORISED CAPITAL ..... £10,000,000
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL ..... £8,916,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL ..... £2,229,165
RESERVE FUND ..... £2,893,335
UNCALLED CAPITAL ..... £6,657,495
£11,609,995

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The Bank has over 350 Branches in Africa, and Agents and Correspondents throughout the World. The closest touch with Trade and Industrial conditions is maintained, with special attention to Commercial and Credit Intelligence. This service is available to Exporters, Importers and others wishing to develop trade between South and East Africa, the United States of America and the Continent of Europe.

The Standard Bank Monthly Review is sent post free on application. It gives the latest information in all South and East African matters of Trade and Commercial interest.

BERTRAM LOWNDES, London Manager.


**COMPANY NOTICES.**

BELFAST AND COUNTY DOWN RAILWAY COMPANY.

Notice is hereby given that the ORDINARY ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the Proprietors of this Company will be held at the Company's Terminus, QUEEN'S QUAY, BELFAST, on THURSDAY, the 28th day of FEBRUARY, 1929, at half-past eleven o'clock in the forenoon, to transact the general business of the Company.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company WILL BE CLOSED ON AND FROM THURSDAY, the 14th day of FEBRUARY, 1929, until after the Meeting.

(By Order of the Directors)
H. E. MELLOR, Secretary.
Queen's quay, Belfast, 4th February, 1929.

THE BRITISH SOUTH AFRICA COMPANY.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to holders of this Company's Share Warrants to Bearer that a dividend of 1/3 per share and a bonus of 3d. per share, both less income tax at 3/3 in the £, have been declared payable upon the shares of the Company on 7th March, 1929. Coupon No. 6 attached to Share Warrants will be payable accordingly on and after that date at the Westminster Bank, Limited, Bartholomew Lane, London, E.C.2. Coupons cannot be accepted by the post, but must be presented at the Office of the Bank either by the holder or his agent.

Listing Forms may be obtained from the said Bank.

Coupons must be left three clear days for examination.

By Order of the Board,
PERCY L. BAINES Secretary.
Rhodesia House, 2 London Wall Buildings, London, E.C.2, 26th February, 1929.

## INDUSTRIAL MARKET.

### THE NEW BUSINESS IN GUINNESS SHARES.

**ROLLS ROYCE A BRIGHT SPOT.**

In sympathy with the general trend, a heavy tendency developed in most sections of the Industrial market yesterday. There was no pressure to sell, but, with few supporting orders to hand, values were allowed to slip back. Motor shares provided an exception, Rolls-Royce made the best showing in response to buying on American account. Breweries were dull, except for Guinness, which changed hands freely in their new form as £1 units.

For reasons stated, Rolls-Royce went ahead to the extent of 5s. 6d. to 55s. Napiers well maintained their advance of Monday at 55s., after being up to 66s. 3d. Leylands also received good support, and put on 1s. to 36s.

The Brewery market commenced dealing in Guinness Ord. Stock of £1 units. The opening quotation was 85s., but after changing hands up to 85s. 9d. they eased to 84s. 4½d. The final price is equivalent to approximately 422, so there is thus a gain of 7 points on the day. Elsewhere changes were generally in a downward direction. Watney Defd. at 63s. 6d. and Allsopps at 34s. 3d. were 6d. easier.

Land and Investment descriptions were dull and values were generally lower, and an easier tendency prevailed among Cement shares.

A little selling of the chief Shipping shares was sufficient to bring back quotations, although in no case was the fall at all serious. P. and O. Defd. were most affected, with a decline of 6d. at 66s. 6d., after marking between 68s. and 67s. Among Insurance shares the only change of note was in Alliance, which at 21½ were ½ off. Banks were also rather quiet, but the tone was quite steady.

Under the lead of "A" Bats 2" and "Imps" tobacco shares moved towards lower levels. The former fell ¼ to 6½, and the latter were finally 3s. 9d. lower at 125s.

The Canadian-American group moved within narrow limits and finished with little change. Little disposition was seen to give fresh support to Nickel issues. Iron and Steel shares seemed in uncertain mood.

Cable securities were fairly steady, but the Wireless section generally lost ground. Marconi Ord. finished 1s. 6d. down at 78s., and the Pref. ½ lower at 4¾, while Marconi Marines shed a similar fraction at 3⅝. Canadian Marconis also came on offer around 30s. Radio Corporations reflected Wall Street advices, closing at 7¾.

There were more sellers than buyers about for Electricals, and as a result prices were mostly down on balance. In the Gas section some profit-taking was also witnessed. Imperial Continental fell back 25 to 390.

Margarine Unions dipped on one occasion to 69s., but rallied later to 70s., the Unies also moving in similar fashion and closing at the same figure.

The Mechanical Music department moved irregularly. Columbia Graphophones opened lower at 14½, but strengthened later to 14¾. Gramophones (H.M.V.) weakened ¼ to 133. Victors closed 2 up at 156. With regard to the last-named Monday next is the last day for deposits of common stock under the offer of the Radio Corporation of America. Metropoles gave way to 18s. 9d.

Most of the leading Art Silk shares were marked down, including Courtaulds, which were offered at the close around 4½. All the Celanese issues gave way. Both Viyella Ord. and Deferred declined 1s. 3d. to 30s. and 20s., respectively. British Enka lost a similar amount at 25s.

A few supporting orders trickled in from the North for Fine Spinners, which closed 6d. better at 63s.; but the rest of the Textile division displayed hesitation. Bleachers reacted to 33s. 6d., and Sewing Cottons lost the turn at 21½. Listers closed steady at 238.

The Swedish group suffered a setback in the absence of further supporting orders. Kreuger and Toll reacted ¼ to 40½; Swedish Match "B" Shares ¼ to 25⅝. United Molasses slipped away to the extent of ¼ to 7⅞. Imperial Chemicals were subject to end-account sales, the Ord. falling away 1s. 1½d. to 41s. 9d., and the Deferred 4½d. to 14s. 9d. Duriops continued dull at 24s.

**RECENT ISSUES.**

A dull tone characterised the Automatic Machine group, prices being marked down all round. Associated at 12s. 9d.; I.C.C. at 2s. back 3d.; Super Automatic at 2s. 9d. came back 3d.; while Turners at 7s. 7½d., Westerns at 2s. 10½d. and Automatic Confections at 3d. were 1½d. off. Acetate Products Ord. fell 1s. to 6s., and Gordon (England) lost a similar amount at 5s. 6d. dis.; while Decca Record shed 9d. at 3l. dis., Embassy Wine and Club at 7s. 9d., Frenlins at 25s. 3d. and Vitamins Bemax Certificates at 15s. declined 6d.; while losses of 3d. were sustained by Symphony Gramophone at 2s. 6d., Komposili at 5s. 4½d., Fourwheel Jacks at 1s. 3d., and British Tintex at 5s. 9d. Pye Radio Preferred came back 3d. to 6d. dis., but the Deferred were 6d. better at 3s. 9d.

**OIL SHARES DULL.**

In common with most other sections of the Stock Exchange, the Oil share market developed a dull tendency yesterday. It was noticeable, however, that unlike the rest, this department was not subjected to any heavy selling pressure. Rather, it should be stated, that prices generally eased owing to lack of interest, for public business remained negligible, while professionals appeared disinclined to enter upon new commitments to any appreciable extent. Advices received overnight from New York in regard to the course of oil shares in that centre were not helpful, prices showing irregularity. Price movements finally recorded were mostly adverse, but the losses were generally of small amount. A firm exception was provided by Tocuyo Oilfields of Venezuela, which continued in demand.

**RUBBER SHARES EASIER.**

A quieter and easier tendency prevailed in the commodity market, and as a consequence share values also displayed an easier appearance, while business showed signs of falling off. In the commodity market spot and February quoted 1s. 1¾d., 1s. 1¼d. and 1s. 1¼d. per lb., and July to September went from 1s. 1¾d. to 1s. 1¾d. per lb.

### INSURANCE SHARES.

BUSINESS DONE IN LONDON.—Alliance, 21¾; Atlas, 15¼; 5s. 11s.; Commercial Union, 28¾; Employers' Liability, 82/-, 6d.; General Accident, 153; 9s. Guardian, 114, 5s.; London and Lancashire Fire, 52, 5s.; London Assurance, 12; North British and Mercantile, 38¼; Phœnix, 153⅝, 5s.; do. (£1 fully paid), 102½; Prudential, 26¼, 1s.; Royal Exchange, 64; Royal Insurance, 229½, 5s.; Sun Insurance, 41½; Sun Life, 55½; Yorkshire, 16s., 2s. 6d.

BUSINESS DONE IN LIVERPOOL.—Alliance Assurance, 21¾; Atlas Assurance, 15¾; 12; Eagle Star and British Dominion, 133; Federated Employers, 68/3½; London and Lancashire, 51⅛; Northern Assurance, £17-16/6; 18; Phœnix Assurance, 153⅝; Royal Insurance, 87s., 2/3.

### METROPOLE HOTELS COMPANY (IRELAND), LIMITED.

The annual general meeting of shareholders was held yesterday at the Grosvenor Hotel, Westland row, Dublin, the directors present being Mr. Harold Mitchell and Mr. R. Noel Mitchell. There was a small attendance of shareholders.

Mr. Harold Mitchell occupied the chair in the absence of Sir Thomas W. Robinson, who was unable to attend. The chairman proposed the adoption of the report and statement of accounts for the year ended 31st December, 1928, which was passed unanimously. A dividend of 6 per cent., less income tax, was declared.

The retiring director, Mr. R. Noel Mitchell, and the retiring auditor, Mr. Thomas Geoghegan, were re-elected.

The proceedings terminated with a vote of thanks, proposed by Mr. Stritch and seconded by Mr. Maguire, to the directors and staff for their zealous attention to the company's business during the year under review.

### DUBLIN SHIPPING REPORT.

Barometer, at 5 p.m.—29.70.
Wind and weather, at 5 p.m.—S.S.E., light breeze, dull and overcast.

Foreign Arrival.—S.S. Belhaven, of Kenny (N.I.), 3,760 tons register (Captain Lavelle), from Baltimore and New York, via Glasgow and Belfast, with general cargo; discharging, at Transit Sheds, Alexandra Basin.

Coastwise Arrivals.—S.S. Lady Limerick, from Liverpool, with passengers and goods; ss. Silver Dawn, and ss. South Stack, from Holyhead, with goods; ss. Lady Wicklow, from Manchester, with goods; ss. Torsa, from Liverpool, with goods; ss. Ashwell, from Liverpool, with coals; ss. Fintan, from Garston, with coals; ss. Silverfield, from Preston, with coals; ss. Mayflower, from Preston, with coals; ss. Heatherfield, from Liverpool, with coals; ss. Ardrossan, from Ardrossan, with coals.

## LATEST CLOSING AND STREET PRICES.

### BRITISH FUNDS, ETC.

| | Closing. | Rise or fall. |
|---|---|---|
| Consols 2½ % | 55 | 55⅛ |
| Do. 4% | 85½ | 86 |
| War Loan, 5% | 97½ | 98⅛ |
| Do. 3½% | 101⅛ | 101¾ |
| Do. 4% (Tax Free) | 101¼ | 101⅝ |
| Funding Loan | 88¼ | 89¼ |
| Victory Bonds | 91¾ | 92¼ |
| 3½% Conversion Loan | 76½ | 77⅛ |
| 4½% Conversion Loan | 98 | 99 |
| 4½% Treasury Bonds | 97 | 97½ |
| Irish Land 2½% | 58 | 59 |
| India 3½% | 69 | 70 |
| Do. 3½% | 69 | 70 |
| Do. 4½% | 91 | 92 |
| Local Loans | 100⅛ | 101⅛ |
| Indian 3½% | 64 | 65 |
| | 107 | 109 |

### COLONIAL GOVERNMENT STOCKS.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Australian Com. 5 p.c. | 98 | 100 |
| Do. do. 6 p.c. | 100 | 102 |
| British Columbia 4½ p.c. 1941 | 94 | 96 |
| Canada 4 p.c. 1940-60 | 89 | 91 |
| Cape 3½ p.c. Cons. | 80 | 82 |
| Ceylon 6 p.c. | 98 | 99 |
| N.S.W. 4½ p.c. 1935-45 | 90 | 92 |
| Do. 5 p.c. 1945-65 | 97 | 99 |
| Do. 6½ p.c. 1930-40 | 100 | 102 |
| New Zealand 4 p.c. Cons. '29 | 100 | 102 |
| Nigeria 6 p.c. | 101 | 103 |
| Queensland 5½ p.c. 1926-29 | 112 | 114 |
| Do. 6 p.c. 1940-60 | 109 | 101 |
| South African 5 p.c. 1933-43 | 97 | 99 |
| Do. 6 p.c. | 100 | 100 |
| South Australian 5 p.c. 1932-42 | 101 | 103 |
| Do., 5½ p.c. | 97 | 99 |
| Victoria 5 p.c. 1932-42 | 100 | 102 |
| Do. 5 p.c. 1945-75 | 97 | 99 |
| Western Australian 5 p.c., 1936-45 | 97 | 99 |
| Do. 6 p.c. 1960-80 | 99 | 101 |

### COLONIAL AND FOREIGN RAILS.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Antofagasta (T. shares) | 93 | 97 |
| Argentine Ord. | 93 | 93 |
| Buenos Ayres Gt. Sthn. | 93½ | 93½ |
| Buenos Ayres Pacific | 106½ | 106½ |
| Buenos Ayres and W. | 100½ | 101 |
| Campinas National Gua' | 94½ | 96½ |
| Central Argentine | 87 | 88 |
| Do. Def. | 258 | 260 |
| Central Uruguay | 97 | 99 |
| Do. Def. | 97 | 99 |
| Cordoba Central | 98½ | 99½ |
| Do. 1st Pref. | 97 | 98 |
| Do. 2nd Pref. | 95 | 97 |
| Do. 4 p.c. Deb. Pref. | 98 | 100 |
| Do. 4 p.c. Perp. Deb. | 100 | 102 |
| Do. 4 p.c. 2nd Pref. | 80 | 82 |
| Metropolitan | 50 | 54 |
| Mexican Rails | 54½ | 56½ |
| Do. 8 p.c. Pref. | 14 | 16 |
| Do. 4 p.c. Pref. | 6d. | 9d. |
| San Paulo (Ord. Pref.) | 7 | 9 |
| United Havana | 206 | 211 |
| | 30⅛ | 31⅛ |

### BANKS.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Anglo-South American | 14⅝ | 15⅝ |
| Bank of Australasia | 260 | 264 |
| Bank of England | 77 | 77 |
| Bank of Ireland | 48¼ | 49⅛ |
| Bank of New South Wales | 32 | 32½ |
| Bank of New Zealand | 60·0 | 62·0 |
| Barclay's "A" Shares | 71⅞ | 81⅜ |
| British Overseas | 88 | 89 |
| Canadian of Commerce | 78 | 81 |
| Chartered of India | 70 | 72 |
| Hong, Kong and Shanghai | 21¾ | 22¼ |
| Lloyds | 63 | 64 |
| Martins | 63·3 | 64·3 |
| Midland | 73⅜ | 75⅜ |
| National Discount | 91 | 93 |
| National Provincial (£24 pd.) | 16 | 16½ |
| Royal of Canada | 133½ | 135½ |
| Standard of South Africa | 74½ | 76½ |
| Union of Australia | 15½ | 16 |
| Westminster Bank (£1) | 15 | 15½ |
| | 4 | 4⅛ |

### FOREIGN BONDS.

M.U. Feb. 18.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| 100⅛ | Argentine 5 p.c., 1886 | 100 | 102 |
| 85⅜ | Do. 4 p.c. Reconstruction | 85 | 86 |
| 93 | Do. 5 p.c., 1909 | 96 | 98 |
| 101½ | Austrian 4 p.c. Guar. | 101 | 103 |
| 101½ | Belgian 4 p.c. | 101 | 103 |
| 101½ | Brazil 6½ p.c. S. Rds. '27 | 102 | 104 |
| 99¼ | Do. Funding, 1908 | 98 | 103 |
| 87¾ | Do. 5 p.c. do., 1914 | 86 | 88 |
| 79¾ | Chinese 6 p.c., 1898 | 78 | 80 |
| 90 | Do. 5½ p.c., 1912 | 87 | 90 |
| 68 | Do. 5 p.c. Reorg. 1913 | 47 | 49 |
| 67 | Do. Imp. Rs. 6 p.c. Gld. | 66 | 68 |
| 113 | Czecho-Slovakia Bonds | 79 | 82 |
| 104⅝ | Egyptian Unified | 102⅞ | 104⅛ |
| 99 | French Loan | 84 | 86 |
| 17⅜ | Do. 4 p.c. | 19¼ | 19⅝ |
| 103⅝ | German 7 p.c. | 17 | 17½ |
| 18⅜ | Do. 5½ p.c. | 105 | 106 |
| 27 | Italian 5 p.c. | 100½ | 101½ |
| 24 | Japan 4 p.c., 1905 | 84 | 86 |
| 38 | Mexican 5 p.c. '99 | 24 | 26 |
| 57⅛ | Do. 6 p.c. 1913 Treas. | 36 | 38 |
| 97½ | Peruvian Corporation | 19½ | 20⅛ |
| 97½ | Do. Pref. | 97 | 98 |
| 97½ | Do. Deb. | 98 | 99 |
| 42 | Poland 7 p.c. Sterling | 101 | 103 |
| | Portuguese 3 p.c. | 42 | 43 |
| 22¼ | Spanish 4 p.c. | 41 | 43 |
| | Turkish Unified | 22¼ | 23¼ |

### BRITISH RAILS.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| 83¼ | Great Western | 82½ | 83 |
| | Do. 5 p.c. Pref. | 95 | 97 |
| 55¼ | Ldn. Mid. & Scot. Ord. | 54 | 55 |
| — | Do. 4 p.c. Pref. | 74 | 75 |
| — | Do. 5 p.c. Red. Pref. | 95 | 97 |
| — | Do. 4 p.c. Deb. Pref. | 93 | 95 |
| 22¾ | Ldn. North-East. 5 p.c. Pref. Ord. | 98 | 100 |
| 111⅜ | Do. Def. Ord. | 23⅛ | 24½ |
| — | Do. 4 p.c. 1st Pref. | 11½ | 12 |
| — | Do. 4 p.c. 2nd Pref. | 63½ | 65½ |
| — | Metropolitan | 54½ | 56½ |
| — | Metropolitan District | 64 | 65 |
| — | Southern Pref. Ord. | 80 | 81 |
| 32⅛ | Do. Def. Ord. | 98 | 100 |
| — | Do. 5 p.c. Pref. | 100 | 102 |
| — | Underground Elec. (£1). | 25·0 | 26·0 |
| 23/32 | Do. Income Bonds | 120 | 122 |
| 124 | | 121 | 122 |

### AMERICAN RAILS.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| — | Atchison | 206 | 208 |
| — | Chesapeake | 222 | 224 |
| 68⅛ | Chicago Milwaukee New | 37¼ | 37⅝ |
| — | Erie | 72 | 74 |
| — | Do. 1st Pref. | 62 | 64 |
| — | New York Ontario | 29 | 31 |
| 151 | Pennsylvania | 79 | 81⅞ |
| — | Southern Common | 133 | 135 |
| 225 | Southern Pacific | 135 | 137⅜ |
| — | Union Pacific | 229 | 232 |

### BREWERIES AND DISTILLERIES.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| 32/6 | Allsopp £1 Shares | 33/6 | 35/9 |
| 73 3 | Bass Ratcliff Ord. | 3⅝ | 7⅛ |
| 17/0 | Brewers of Vancouver | 15/9 | 16·3 |
| 54/0 | City of London Dist. Def. | 10/6 | 11/6 |
| 75/0 | Courage Ord. | 70/0 | 79/0 |
| 70/0 | Distillers Ord. | 3⅝ | 4¼ |
| — | Guinness Ord. (£1 units) | 74·0 | 4¼ |
| 74/0 | Hoare and Co. | 3⅞ | 4⅛ |
| 60/6 | Ind. Coope Ord. | 57/6 | 3/6 |
| — | South African Breweries | 2/8 | 3 |
| 64/6 | Walker (Jno.) Pref. | 23/6 | 24/6 |
| — | Watney, Combe Def. (£1) | 63/0 | 64·0 |

### ELECTRIC SUPPLY.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| — | Bournemouth and Poole | 68/0 | 70/0 |
| 25/6 | Charing Cross | 26·0 | 27·0 |
| — | Chelsea Ord. | 26·0 | 27·0 |
| 32/0 | City of London | 26·0 | 27·0 |
| 52/6 | County of London | 31·3 | 33/6 |
| — | Lancashire | 30·0 | 31·0 |
| — | London Electric | 27·3 | 28·3 |
| — | Metropolitan | 45·0 | 45·6 |
| — | Newcastle | 25·9 | 26·9 |
| — | S. Wales & Mon. | 27·0 | 28·0 |
| — | South London | 26·6 | 27·6 |
| — | Westminster | 26·6 | 27·6 |
| — | Whitehall Tav. Pref. | 23·3 | 24·9 |

### IRON, COAL AND STEEL.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| 8/9 | Amal. Anthracite | | |
| 9/0 | Armstrong (W. G.) | 9/0 | 9/6 |
| 70/6 | Babcock-Wilcox Ord. | 69/6 | 70/6 |
| 4/3 | Baldwins | 4/1½ | 4/3½ |
| 8/6 | Brown (John) | 7/9 | 8/9 |
| 2/6 | Dorman, Long | 2/6 | 2/9 |
| 11/9 | Cammell, Laird | 11·3 | 11·9 |
| 60/0 | Cory (William) | 10/6 | 11/6 |
| 70/0 | Derman Long | 59/6 | 60/6 |
| 24/0 | Ebbw Vale | 20/0 | 20/3 |
| 5/3 | Pease and Partners | 5/0 | 5/6 |
| 17/6 | South Durham Steel | 15/6 | 16/6 |
| — | Siemens | 78/6 | 79/6 |
| 14/10 | Vickers Ord. | 11/3 | 11/9 |

### INSURANCE.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| 22 | Alliance £20 (£2 4/- p.) | 21 | 22 |
| 14¼ | Atl £5 (£1 p.) | 15 | 16 |
| 27 | Com. Un. (£2 p.) | 26¼ | 29½ |
| 134 | Eagle Star Ord £3 | 130 | 134 |
| 79·0 | Employers' £1 (5/- p.) | 78·0 | 80·0 |
| 14½ | Gen. Accdt. £5 (£1 p.) | 14¾ | 15¾ |
| 11⅞ | Guardian £3 (10/- p.) | 11 | 12 |
| 11 | Ld. & Lan. Fire £5 (£1 p.) | 10½ | 11½ |
| 36⅛ | Ld. Ass. £25 (£1 p.) | 31⅞ | 32⅞ |
| 17 | N.B. & Mer. £5 (£1 p.) | 11¼ | 12¼ |
| 37⅞ | Northern £10 (£1 p.) | 37½ | 38½ |
| 183½ | Phœnix £10 (£1 p.) | 17½ | 18½ |
| 15¾ | Do. do. (5/- p.) | 15 | 16 |
| 26⅞ | Prudential | 15¾ | 16¾ |
| 24 | Do. "B" £1 (4/- p.) | 26 | 27 |
| 6⅝ | Royal Exchange | 2⅞ | 3⅛ |
| 8¾ | Royal Ins. £1 (7/- p.) | 6¾ | 7¼ |
| 41 | Sun Ins. £10 (£2 p.) | 8⅝ | 9⅛ |
| 47 | Sun Life £10 | 41 | 43 |
| 16⅞ | Yorkshire £5 (10/- p.) | 15½ | 16½ |

### LAND AND INVESTMENT.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| 53/0 | Argentine Land Invest. | 25¼ | 3 |
| 32⅝ | Do. Southern Land | 10⅛ | 11⅛ |
| — | City San Paulo Impts. | 21/9 | 22·3 |
| 27/9 | Forestal Land | 27/0 | 27/10½ |
| 6 | Hutchison's Bay Ord. | 27/10½ | 27/10½ |
| 17/6 | Hyderabad Deccan | 5⅞ | 6 |
| 7/6 | Pekin Syndicate | 15½ | 17⅜ |
| 8/0 | Rio de Janeiro | 7/7½ | 8 |
| 4/6 | Sudan Plantations | 3/7½ | 3/9 |
| — | | 4¼ | 4⅜ |

### NEWSPAPERS.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| 2¾ | Asso Newspapers Def (5/-) | 2 | 2½ |
| 2½ | Allied News Ord. | 2⅛ | 2⅜ |
| — | Amal. Press (New) | 27/6 | 28/6 |
| 4⅝ | Daily Mail Trust | 4⅝ | 23·6 |
| 34 6 | Daily Mirror Ord (5/- sh.) | 4⅝ | 4⅞ |
| — | Financial Newspapers | 32/10½ | 33 4½ |
| — | Illustrated Newspapers | 20·3 | 21·3 |
| 4½ | Sunday Pictorial Ord. | 4½ | 4⅝ |

### NITRATES.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| 7¼ | Alianza | 6½ | 7½ |
| 16/0 | Lagunas Nitrate | 15·0 | 17·0 |
| 3⅝ | Lautaro Nitrate | 3⅜ | 3⅝ |
| — | Liverpool Nitrate | 18/0 | 21/0 |
| 22/0 | Sena Tamarugal | 18/0 | 21/0 |
| 8/8 | Rosario Nitrate | 27/0 | 29/0 |
| 7/4 | Santiago Nitrate | 7·0 | 9·0 |
| 11/0 | Tarapaca Nitrate | 10/0 | 11/0 |

### PROVINCIAL EXCHANGES.

BIRMINGHAM.—Rolls Royce a strong feature, rising 4/6 to 54/-. Leylands advanced to 36/6. Guys flat, 23/9. Austin Heavies 16/1½; but Pre rose to 9/-. Bluemels, 46/-; Components, 10/9; Dennis, 68/6; Enfields, 22/9; Humbers, 20/6; Lucas, 85/3; Mandslags, 26/6; Napier, 65/-; Rovers, 9/7½; Singer, 38/-; Swifts, 4/1½; Standard, 8/3; Triumphs, 18/3; Dunlops, 23/10½; Tilling Stevens, 13/6.

MANCHESTER.—Textiles more active; tone firmer. Bleachers, 33/-33/6; Calicos, 27/-27/6; Cottons, 54/6-55/6; Spinners, 48/6-63/-; Webbers, 7/3-7/6; Coats, 66/6-67/6; Combs, 24/6-25/6; Cottons, 85/9-86/-; Rayons, 30/-; Turner and Newall, 51/6; do. Def., 20/-; Celanese, 24/3; do. Pref., 12/3.

## LONDON MINING MARKET DISAPPOINTING.

### PRICES EASIER IN MOST DEPARTMENTS.

Somewhat quieter conditions prevailed in the Stock Exchange at the opening yesterday, and advantage was taken of the opportunity by speculators to attack some of those counters which have recently been prominently on the up grade. Mines suffered with other things, and the Kaffir section gave a rather poor account of itself. Not only was there a little selling here, but the Cape and Paris were inclined to offer shares where they did anything at all. Anglo-American had to face profit-taking and receded the turn, and "Johnnies," Amalgamated Mining Trust, Goldfields and Mozambique were all easier. Among the shares which are usually dealt in at the Cape, Modder East, Springs Mines and Sub Nigel were marked down, the last-named being particularly dull. The Rhodesian department was affected by the change of sentiment, and during the early hours some substantial losses were shown. Later an improving tendency became noticeable, and some recovery was witnessed, but even so the majority of changes on the day were against holders. There was persistent offering of Chartered, despite the very satisfactory statements made at the meeting. N'Changa suffered from profit-taking, and Bwana M'Kubwa were dullish, despite the latest news from the property. Among Diamonds De Beers and Jagersfontein receded on profit-taking, but Consolidated Diamond, after an early decline, rallied to the previous level, and Angola were marked up. The price of tin dropped back £1 to £220 12s. 6d. per ton, and the share market was dull and lifeless. Among Australians Lake View and Star were marked down rather sharply, and Horseshoe Preferred lost the turn. The terms of the proposed fusion should be made known some time to-day. They had been expected yesterday, and some disappointment was felt in the market at their non-appearance. Although the price of copper jumped up £1 10s. to £79 15s. per ton, Tintos suffered with others Internationals and fell back substantially. Mount Lyell and Messina, however, improved. Elsewhere Ellyou were something of a feature, but Burma further receded, and San Francisco, Tigon and one or two others weakened. Closing prices:—

### SOUTH AFRICAN.

M.U. Feb. 18.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| 24/6 | Afric. & Eur. | 23·6 | 24·0 |
| 28/0 | Amal. Mx. Tst. | 27·0 | 28·0 |
| 2 | Anglo-A. Co. | 2 | 2 |
| 26·0 | Anglo-Fr'ch | 25·6 | 26·0 |
| 4⅝ | Brakpan | 4⅜ | 4⅝ |
| 19 | Cent. Mining | 18½ | 19 |
| 21 | City Deep | 4 | 4 |
| 2 | Con. Goldfds | 2 | 2 |
| 17⅛ | Cons. M. Reef | 16/8 | 17·0 |
| 19·3 | Cons. M. Sel. | 20/0 | 20·6 |
| 3¼ | Crown Mines | 3 | 3 |
| 17 | Durban Deep | 1 | 1 |
| 14/3 | E. Rand Prop. | 13·3 | 13·9 |
| 1 | Geduld | 1 | 1 |
| 4/6 | Gen. Mining | 4/3 | 4/4 |
| 1 | Gen. Mines | 1 | 1 |
| 2 | Glynn's Ltd. | 2 | 2 |
| 1 | Govt. M. (M) | 1 | 1 |
| 1·0 | Henden Plat. | 1·0 | 1·0 |
| 3·3 | Henderson's | 3·0 | 3·6 |
| 49·3 | Johannesb. | 50·0 | 50·6 |
| 3·0 | Kleinfontein | 2·7 | 3·0 |
| 21·9 | Knight's | 21·0 | 21·6 |
| 1 | Langlaagte | 1 | 1 |
| 8·6 | Ladeny's Fb. | 3/10 | 4/4 |
| 6 | Meyer & Char. | 5 | 6 |
| 6⅝ | Modderfontein | 6 | 6 |
| 23/9 | Modder B. | 23/0 | 24·3 |
| 12/6 | Modder Deep | 11/3 | 11/6 |
| 1 | Nourse Mines | 1 | 1 |
| 1 | New G. Areas | 1 | 1 |
| 5·6 | Nigel | 5/4 | 5/9 |
| 8·3 | Ophirs | 8/3 | 8/9 |
| 5·3 | Ocean's Con. | 4/6 | 5/3 |
| 4·6 | Rolgeit Trust. | 4/1 | 4/4 |
| 1 | Rand Mines | 1 | 1 |
| 2/6 | Randfontein | 2/6 | 2/9 |
| 7·0 | Robinson Dep. | 6·7 | 7·0 |
| 1 | Rose Deep | 1 | 1 |
| 5·0 | Simmer & J. | 5/3 | 5/6 |
| 2·0 | Simmer & P. | 2·0 | 2·3 |
| 1 | Spaarwater | 1 | 1 |
| 13·6 | S.A. Towns | 13·3 | 13·9 |
| 47/3 | Springs | 47/0 | 47/3 |
| 1 | Stk.-W. Area | 1 | 1 |
| 2 | Stk.-W. Ld. | 2 | 2 |
| 3¼ | Trans. Cons. | 3 | 3 |
| 3¼ | Trans. Del. | 3 | 3 |
| 2 | Trans. Gold. | 2 | 2 |
| 12·6 | Trans. Devel. | 12·6 | 13·0 |
| 4 | Union Corp. | 4 | 4 |
| 1 | Van Ryn | 1 | 1 |
| 2·0 | Do. Deep | 2·0 | 2·6 |
| 2·6 | Vereeniging | 2·6 | 2·6 |
| 3/4 | Vlakfontein | 3/4 | 3/6 |
| 11·6 | Vlakfontein Deep | 11·6 | 11·6 |
| 12·6 | West Rand | 10·9 | 11·3 |
| 4·6 | West Springs | 4·3 | 4·9 |
| 4·6 | Wit. Deep | 4·6 | 5·0 |

### RHODESIAN.

M.U. Feb. 18.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| 10/9 | Bechuana Ex | 10/9 | 11/3 |
| 9/9 | Beira T. Shs. | 1·3 | 1·3 |
| 20/6 | B. M'Kubwa | 21·0 | 21·3 |
| 17/6 | Cam & Motor | 15/- | 17/3 |
| 28/11 | Char. B.S.A. | 30/11 | 30/4 |
| 1·0 | Falcon | 0/10 | 1/4 |
| 5/6 | Falkn Gold | 6·0 | 7·0 |
| 11·3 | Globe & Phœ | 10·9 | 11·3 |
| 11/6 | Gold F. Rho. | 11 | 11·9 |
| 1⅜ | Longly Reef | 1 | 1 |
| 1 | Rezende

COMPANY MEETING.

## BOVRIL, LIMITED.

### MAKING THE BEST OF "BOTH HEMISPHERES."

### BOVRIL CHAIRMAN'S NOVEL SUGGESTION.

Presiding at the third-second annual general meeting of Bovril, Limited, held yesterday at River Plate House, London, the Chairman, Sir George Lawson Johnston, said that Mr. Hoover's remarks in the Argentine with regard to the "two countries studying satisfactory solutions" made him feel that there was one feature of this question that might be studied to advantage by the meat-importing countries which also had pastoral industries of their own, and it was this—the countries that produced more cattle than they could consume were, in the Southern Hemisphere, South America, South Africa, Australia. Those that consumed more beef than they could produce domestically were countries of the Northern Hemisphere, Europe and America. The seasons were, of course, reversed in the Northern and Southern Hemispheres. It was more economical in this country to fatten cattle on grass in the summer than to feed them on cake, etc., in the winter.

HELPING THE HOME PRODUCER.

Would it not be wise to arrange matters so that in the Northern Hemisphere the plenitude of beef sent in from the home pastures during autumn should be temporarily relieved from foreign competition? On the other hand, when winter had ended, right through spring into summer, when they wanted to keep their stock on their home pastures ripening, the butchers might have their fill of imported meat, and that time would coincide with the period of the year when the Argentine fat cattle were available and should be got away before their winter comes.

GROWING BOVRIL EXPORTS.

During the war the export of Bovril was restricted; for a period it was prohibited. However, with a special effort in 1919 they got their export sales up to pre-war figures. Each year since 1919 had shown an increased export of Bovril over its predecessor. 1928 again showed this continued advance in their exports.

WISDOM IN ADVERTISING.

He had mentioned that they had spent less on advertising last year than usual. Nevertheless, he thought they managed to get their views through to the public satisfactorily. It was not exactly how much you spent on advertising that counted—anyone could waste money on it—but how effective you were. Bad advertising was a waste of money to the advertiser, and the papers must appreciate people who could advertise well enough to get results. If profits were not earned the advertising could not last. Probably the most certain way to waste money was to attempt to advertise a bad article. If your product did not advertise itself to the consumer and his friends once they had used it, your advertising expenditure was not likely to be very lucrative.

BOVRIL AMONG THE PHILISTINES; OR SAMSON'S SECRET.

In a competition recently promoted by the *Daily Mail* to encourage amateur advertisers, no fewer than 3,600 entries for Bovril advertisements were sent in. Some of the suggestions they had used in their publicity work, some they had not, although they had given a good deal of private amusement. One suggestion, accompanied by an appropriate sketch, showed a Bovril bottle knocking the letter "l" out of the word "influenza." Another design depicted Samson reclining in his tent asleep, with Delilah standing beside him holding a large bottle of Bovril in her hand listening to the voice of a Philistine outside urging her to "leave his hair, Delilah, but take his Bovril."

A WIRELESS FAUX PAS.

There had never been a time when more nonsense about nutrition and foods and bodybuilding was talked and written and published than at the present. Pseudo-science abounded and faddism was rampant. Only the other day he came upon what he would respectfully designate a bit of rather mischievous nonsense uttered by a learned professor—on the wireless, too—which should not, he would venture to say, be used for broadcasting questionable statements which might be injurious to trade and to public health. The learned professor, referring to meat extracts, in what was scarcely scientific language, "damned the lot," and absolutely denied that they had any body-building power. Well, the learned professor must have taken rather a narrow view of body-building, and then falling back on crude and somewhat antiquated house-building analogy, must have riveted his eyes on the bricks, ignoring the plan, the mortar, the scaffolding, the human skill of many different kinds that went to the erection of the structure. That Bovril was a brick he could not deny; for it carried protein, but it was much more than that. Bovril was not only a food, but an assimilator and an accessory food factor, and the learned professor must have been ignorant of, or must have overlooked, the experiments of the late Professor Thompson, of Trinity College, Dublin, and of Mr. Caldwell and Mr. Wallace, who came definitely to the conclusion that Bovril had both an indirect and a direct nutritive value, the former being due to a better digestion and absorption of the food to which Bovril was added, the latter to a retention of nitrogen, which was furnished in part by the Bovril and part by the ordinary food. They had demonstrated that the addition of Bovril to the food of animals and men was invariably followed by a decisive increase of weight.

HOW MANY VITAMINS IN A TEASPOON

The pronouncement of the learned professor on which he was commenting was, he thought, peculiarly inopportune and inappropriate at this moment, when this country, and, indeed, all Europe were being harried by a disastrous epidemic, in which he did not hesitate to affirm that hundreds of thousands of sufferers had found relief and sustenance and help in meat extracts, while hundreds of thousands more had, by a timely resort to them at the first initial symptom, warded off or modified an attack.

Body-building was a very comprehensive term and daily became more so. The vitamins were body-builders, for their entire withdrawal from the diet would check growth and lead to degenerative changes and disease and death, but he defied the learned professor to tell him how much of any one of them he found in a teaspoonful or a teacupful of any kind of food.

The popular faith in their product as a body-builder was illustrated by a letter they had just received from Messrs. Barnaby and Sons, the well-known motor car manufacturers of Hull. They advertised recently for "body-builders," and received, amongst others, the following reply:—

"With reference to your advertisement in to-night's Hull Daily Mail I beg to inform you that it is Bovril you want."

He himself had just learned from their greatest pharmacologist that there was a radio-active substance in the body which was essential to life, and that potassium, which was certainly taken in with food, and is present in Bovril, emitted beta rays without which the heart could not function. Even ultra-violet rays were body-builders.

The Chairman moved the adoption of the accounts and the payment of the dividends, and this was seconded by the Vice-Chairman, the Duke of Atholl, and unanimously approved.

SIR CRICHTON-BROWNE'S ADDRESS.

Sir James Crichton-Browne, M.D., F.R.S., said the shareholders must be gratified to note that the sales had maintained a high level through the period of acute industrial depression through which the country was passing. If the people could be weighed as well as counted, he was sure some national loss of flesh would be disclosed with, perhaps, some deferred effects of an unfavourable kind on the national health, for, as Sir George Newman, the Chief Medical Officer of the Ministry of Health, had just said in his report—and no higher authority could be quoted—"Nutrition is the one thing needful."

At a time like the present, when incomes had been reduced, and the country was being harried by a disastrous epidemic, it was of the utmost importance that every ounce of food taken should yield its full contribution to nutrition and to body-building, and hence the value of the service that Bovril as a body-builder could render.

COMPANY MEETING.

## THE LONDON BORDER AND GENERAL TRUST LIMITED.

### BUILDING UP STRONG RESERVES—THE INVESTMENTS.

### THE HON. J. MONCRIEFF BALFOUR'S ADDRESS.

The first ordinary general meeting of the London Border and General Trust, Ltd., was held yesterday at the registered offices of the company, No. 53 Cornhill, London, E.C.

The Hon. James Moncrieff Balfour, O.B.E., Chairman of the company, presided.

The representative of the Secretaries (Trust Secretaries, Ltd.), having read the notice convening the meeting and the report of the auditors,

The Chairman said: Gentlemen,—As you are aware the 150,000 shares of £10 each, which constitute the company's capital, were offered for subscription on 30th January, 1928, and fully subscribed. The shares were paid up in instalments over the ensuing six months, and from 1st August last, were divided into £900,000 of 5 p.c. Cumulative Preference Stock and £600,000 of Ordinary Stock.

Before dealing with the accounts I should like to emphasise that of necessity the first period in the existence of a company such as ours must be abnormal, seeing that the whole capital was only available for six months, and cannot be regarded in any way as a true indication of what may be anticipated in future years. The investment of our funds has necessarily been a gradual process, from which it follows that we have not received a full year's return from many of our investments during the period covered by the accounts. No credit has been taken in the accounts for the very considerable sum represented by dividends and interest accrued, while, on the other hand, all interest on loans which accrued during the period has been debited to revenue as have the full management expenses for the period covered by the accounts.

THE BALANCE SHEET.

Turning to the balance sheet you will observe that on the credit side your investments stand at £1,822,645, sundry debtors and sales for future settlement at £22,779 and cash £7,115. On the debit side, we have our capital of £1,500,000, loans from bankers of £272,100, capital reserve account £11,380, Preference Stock dividend accrued £18,000, and sundry creditors and purchases for future settlement £19,235, leaving a balance of revenue of £31,824. The item for bank loans may appear to you to be somewhat large, but it is necessary to keep in view that so far the company has not issued any Debenture Stock, and that the bank loan to some extent takes the place of money borrowed on debenture. In this connection I may mention that your directors hope shortly to place a line of Debenture Stock on satisfactory terms.

INCOME AND ALLOCATIONS.

From the revenue account you will observe that our total income amounted to £66,585. Deducting therefrom management expenses, which include directors' fees, secretaries' salaries, office rent and expenses, amounting to £7,141, other expenses £304, and interest £9,315, we are left with a balance of £49,824. After deducting from this the sum of £18,000 required to pay the dividend on the 5 p.c. Cumulative Preference Stock, there remains, as I have already stated, £31,824. This your directors propose, subject to your approval, should be applied in paying a dividend on the Ordinary Stock at the rate of 5 p.c., less income tax, from the date of creation of the stock, which will absorb £12,000, in transferring to general reserve £15,000, and to capital reserve account £619, leaving £4,204 to be carried forward. From these figures you will observe that it would have been possible to pay a considerably larger dividend on the Ordinary Stock, but, as the ultimate prosperity of a compan such as ours depends very materially upon the strength of its reserves. I feel assured that you will concur with your directors in holding that an early beginning in building up such reserves is essential.

Changes in investments have resulted in a surplus of £38,254, of which £26,874 has been applied in writing off the whole of the preliminary expenses. The balance of £11,380, along with the amount transferred from revenue to capital reserve account, will bring that account up to £12,000, so that, in all, in the course of the first year reserve funds totalling £27,000 will have been established, in addition to writing off a practically identical amount of preliminary expenses.

VALUE OF INVESTMENTS.

This brings me to the question of the value of your investments. As you are aware, there is a wide divergency of practice among companies such as ours regarding the amount of information which should be disclosed to the shareholders. Your Board feel very strongly that you are entitled to know how your money has been invested and to such information as will enable you to estimate with approximate accuracy the value of your stock. We, therefore, propose to publish a list of the company's holdings, along with classified summaries thereof. Taking the value of securities quoted on recognised Stock Exchanges—and over 98 per cent. of your investments are so quoted—and placing what, in the opinion of the Board, is a conservative value on the unquoted securities, the value of your assets shows a surplus over capital reserve funds, borrowed moneys and the amount carried forward.

THE FUNCTIONS OF AN INVESTMENT TRUST.

Since this is our first annual meeting, it may not be out of place if I attempt to explain briefly what, in your directors' opinion, are the functions of an investment trust company, seeing that the term is at times very loosely applied. The primary business of an investment trust company proper is the investment of the funds in such a way that, by judicious distribution, by limiting risks in any one direction, and by utilising the special opportunities available to companies such as ours, a higher income return may be obtained on the money than is available to the ordinary investor with corresponding safety. Of course, in conducting such a business we must of necessity, as favourable opportunities arise, vary the company's holdings in order that your funds may be at all times utilised in the most profitable manner, but this is entirely subsidiary to and arises from our main business, and any profits on such realisations are automatically transferred to reserve fund, our revenue being derived entirely from interest and dividends on the company's investments. I need hardly say that it is upon these lines that your directors conduct this company, our primary concerns being capital, security and revenue. There are, however, other classes of companies which are frequently described as investment trusts. Some of these are, for all practical purposes, issuing houses, being concerned with the marketing of securities, while others conduct the business of finance companies, trading in securities and treating all profits on such trading as revenue. Both these classes of companies may be, and very often are, extremely successful, but it is hardly necessary for me to point out that, from the very nature of their business, they must of necessity be classed in a much more speculative class than the investment trust proper, as they are much more liable to suffer during periods of financial depression. The term is also applied at times to companies formed to acquire the shares of other undertakings, and which are, in fact, purely holding companies; while, in addition, from time to time companies have been formed which might not unfairly be described as relief funds. While these first three classes of companies all perform useful functions, I would submit that they cannot be regarded as investment trusts, and that the use of the term, as applied to them, is a misnomer.

I now beg to move:—"That the directors' report and statements of accounts be and are hereby received and adopted, and that a dividend for the six months ended 31st January, 1929, at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum on the Ordinary Stock be and is hereby declared payable to the Ordinary stock holders on the register of members at this date."

I will now ask Mr. Tilley to second the resolution, and, before putting it to the meeting, will endeavour to reply to any questions which may be asked.

Mr. George Tilley, F.F.I., seconded the motion, which was carried unanimously, in the absence of question or comment.

The retiring director (the Hon. James Moncrieff Balfour) and the auditors (Messrs. Spicer and Pegler) having been re-elected, a vote of thanks to the chairman, hearty vote of thanks to the chairman, directors and staff closed the meeting.

COMPANY MEETING.

## THE BRITISH SOUTH AFRICA COMPANY.

### IMPROVED RESULTS AND OUTLOOK.

The annual general meeting of the British South Africa Company was held yesterday at the Cannon Street Hotel, London, E.C.

The Marquess of Winchester presided, in the absence, through indisposition, of the President of the company (Sir Henry Birchenough, Bt., K.C.M.G.), and read the speech which Sir Henry had prepared. In the course of this he stated that the profit for the year was £569,920—£43,005 more than the previous year. The directors were again recommending a dividend of 1s. 3d. per share and a bonus of 3d. per share. This would absorb £550,269—that was £24,639 more than the previous year, as the Board were passing on to the shareholders Dominion income tax relief to the extent of 9d. in the £—and would leave a sum of £544,186 to be carried forward, which was also slightly in excess of last year's amount. The company's investments amounted to £6,332,272, which was £303,369 more than the corresponding figure of the previous year. The published or brokers' quotations in respect of £6,066,168 of their investments were largely in excess of the figure at which they stood in the books, and they now showed an even larger appreciation.

The profit and loss account showed that £417,618 had been received from dividends and interest, as against £391,238 the previous year—which he thought would be regarded as a satisfactory increase—and £86,858 from profit on sale and redemption of investments and shares. The net receipts from mineral rights yielded £93,260, against £86,380, and the net profit on estates had increased from £9,472 to £34,450. He thought shareholders would agree that the company had had a satisfactory year. Their financial position was stronger than ever. They had an abundance of liquid capital available for any undertakings within their sphere which the Board considered offered sufficient promise.

THE ESTATES.

Dealing with the company's estates, the President said he would like to correct a false impression which obtained a certain currency in Southern Rhodesia when they sold the Rhodesdale estate and transferred the Nuanetsi and Shangani ranches to the Rhodesia Land, Cattle, and Ranching Corporation. It was thought by many in Southern Rhodesia that they were dissociating themselves from the agricultural development of the Colony, in which in earlier years they had taken so leading a part. This was in no sense the case. It was true that for reasons which the Board found convincing they thought that the great areas of land the company possessed, and in particular the Shangani and Nuanetsi ranches, would be more rapidly developed—to the advantage of the company and to the advantage of Southern Rhodesia—if they were under the management of a separate company with long experience and intimate connection with ranching the disposal of cattle. But in making the transfer they retained one-third interest in the share capital of the new company, and their interest in cattle-raising, therefore, remained a very large one. Meanwhile they had retained under their own control, and had continued to develop actively and progressively, their Citruz estates at Mazoe, the Premier and Sinoia, which represented by far the most important single agricultural undertaking in Southern Rhodesia.

RAILWAY PROGRESS.

The President proceeded to deal with the company's interests in the Rhodesian railway system, which was represented by their shareholding in the Rhodesia Railways Trust, which itself held practically the whole of the share capital of the Rhodesia and Mashonaland Railway Companies. He pointed out that the increased production of the territory required an outlet for its exports for the markets that it had to reach, and the nearest Rhodesian outlet was the Portuguese port of Beira, served by the lines of the Beira Railway Company. These lines passed through a country subjected to severe inundations from flooding rivers. The port itself had in recent years hardly kept pace with its increase in business. The Beira companies were on the point of completing works at a cost of approximately £800,000, which it was believed would ensure the free, uninterrupted passage of exports down to the port, where facilities for handling these exports were being greatly improved by the provision of a deep water wharf and other extensions.

He was confident that by these means, and by the steady and uninterrupted execution of the large programme for the improvement of the permanent way throughout the system and the provision of an adequate equipment of engines and rolling stock, the whole railway system of Rhodesia was being developed and expanded to enable it to meet all the demands that might be made upon it to the satisfaction of the Government and the inhabitants of the territories it served.

In his references to the company's mineral rights the President pointed out that their revenues from royalties must ever be the solid foundation of their mining business.

The report and accounts were unanimously adopted.

## STONE AGE RAZOR

### DISCOVERED IN SOMME EXCAVATIONS.

Many museum drawings representing Neolithic men with shaggy beards are threatened by the latest French archæological discovery. A Stone Age instrument hailed as the "ancestor of the razor" has been discovered by M. Dharvent, the scientist, in excavations at Moutieres-les-Amiens, in the Somme.

The instrument is a short and decidedly dull knife of unpolished stone, but differing from similar instruments previously found in the peculiar angle at which the handle is fashioned. It obviously was fashioned for none of the ordinary usages attributed to Stone Age tools found in abundance in the neighbourhood.

Scientists who have seen it have been unable to imagine any more plausible use for the instrument than as a razor.

## BLINDNESS SCOURGE.

### EYE DISEASES INCREASE IN RUSSIA.

Steps are being taken to provide the 340,000 blind persons in Russia with food, work, and proper medical treatment.

The majority of the blind are found in the various national autonomous republics constituting the Soviet Union, where diseases of the eye are ever on the increase. The Chuvash Republic had registered in 1927 40,000 cases of trachoma, against 20,000 in 1921. In some remote districts the disease had stricken about 70 per cent. of the population. The result is that about 300 out of every 10,000 inhabitants are blind.

One of the first concrete measures of relief had been a decree ordering republics to set aside sums from local budgets for building workshops and maintaining those already in existence.

The Government also issued an appeal to the public for voluntary assistance.

## ROMAN ALPHABET.

### MOVEMENT IN JAPAN FOR ITS ADOPTION.

A movement is again on foot in Osaka to reform the Japanese system of writing. The leaders of the movement say that the example of President Kemal in Turkey should provide an impetus for linguistic reform in Japan.

Japanese is written in a combination of Chinese ideographs and phonetic syllables peculiar to Japan. It is estimated that a knowledge of 3,000 characters is necessary to read the newspapers with ease.

For many years there has been a movement aimed at adopting the Roman alphabet, to be fitted phonetically to Japanese words. Such writing, known as "Romaji," already has very limited use. Owing to conservatism in Government and cultural circles alike, there seems little prospect of its general adoption.

On Tuesday morning in the townland of Mullanbuoy, Castlefin, a fire broke out in the shop of Mrs. Mary Mullen. Volunteers and the Civic Guards assisted in saving the furniture and shop goods.

# PRODUCE AND FOOD MARKETS.

***Salford—Cattle on easier side, and Sheep and Lamb prices maintained. Leeds—Cattle slow trade. Dublin—Butter fluctuating; Eggs steadier, but tending lower; Poultry trade active for everything choice; Fruit slow sale; Vegetables dearer, on bad weather; Potatoes in abundant supply, but prime sorts scarce; Fish in good supply; Grain quiet and nominal; Hay and Straw moderate quantities at varying prices. Rubber easier. Copper dearer. Tin lower.***

CATTLE.

**SALFORD.**—On offer: Beasts 1,299, increase 471; sheep and lambs 5,786, increase 1,14; dairy cows 81, increase 28. Irish entries included 533 fat cattle, 203 more; 83 sheep and lambs, 83 more; 75 dairy cows, 22 more. Taken all round quality of fat cattle fairly satisfactory, but owing, no doubt, to increased supply buyers showed disposition to act cautiously, and prices were rather on easy side. Slow trade for sheep and lambs, but late rates maintained. Best English quoted 10¾d., with a few Norfolks 10½d. to 10¾d.; best Irish 9¾d. to 10¼., secondary grades 8½d. to 9¾d.; good fat young cows around 7¼d., choice light sheep 1/2½, stronger sorts around 1/3; ewes 10¼d., best lambs 1/5, others around 1/4. Cows suitable for dairy purposes showed firmer tendency at £18 to £28 per head.

**LEEDS.**—On offer, 691 beasts, English and Scotch heifers and bullocks 91d., secondary quality 9d.; cows and bulls 7d. to 8d.; slow trade. Sheep, 1,938; hoggets and small sheep 1/3, medium 1/2, ewes 7d. to 9d., tups 6d.

DONNELLY LIMITED.

PIGS.

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Under | 4 stone | ..... | 84/- per cwt., dead-weight | |
| " | 5 " | ..... | 90/- " | " |
| " | 6 " | ..... | 94/- " | " |
| " | 7 " | ..... | 88/- " | " |
| " | 10 " | ..... | 86/- " | " |
| " | 13 " | ..... | 86/- " | " |
| " | 14 " | ..... | 80/- " | " |
| " | 16 " | ..... | 76/- " | " |
| Sows | | ..... | 60/- " | " |

—(Advt.)

GRAIN.

**DUBLIN GRAIN.**—Practically nothing passing in grain worth featuring. Irish wheat nominally 25/- to 26/6 per barrel, white oats 16/- to 17/6, blacks 14/9 to 15/6 per barrel.

**FLOATING GRAIN CARGOES.—BALTIC.**—WHEAT—The cargo market developed further weakness on pressure to sell Plate descriptions, with Canadians also more freely offered. Buyers continued indifferent, and prices were marked down 3d. to 6d. per quarter; white Pacific April quoted 47/9, No. 1 Northern Manitoba afloat 51/-, No. 2 do. 49/9, No. 3 48/3, No. 4 Manitoba 46/6, Roasfe (64lbs.) afloat 45/10½ loading, also Manitoba afloat 44/6, Barl (65½lbs.) March 45/9, Entre Rios (64½lbs.) afloat 44/3. Australian afloat also loading 47/9 per 480lbs. Parcels were poor request and 3d. quarter declines. MAIZE—Irregular quiet, but sellers required full rates owing to reports of rain impeding harvest operations in Argentina. Plate, March new crop sellers 42/6, April clearances 41/7½, April-May 38/9, May-June 38/6. Parcels steadier, and in better request; Danube, March-April sold 39/10½ to 39/9, April 38/6, May-June 38/-, No. 2 white fist African July-August sellers 37/6, No. 6 yellow do. 37/3 per 480lbs. BARLEY—Parcels quiet, and values nominal. Cargoes of No. 3 Canadian Western February sellers 35/3. No. do. 34/3, Canadian feed 21/6, No. 2 Federal American 35/6, Plate 6-Row 35/6, Danube March 53/- per 400lbs. OATS inactive; Plate February-March 24/9, mixed feed February 20/6 per 320lbs.

**LIVERPOOL CORN.**—The weakness in Winnipeg and Chicago was reflected here, and forward delivries of WHEAT gave way from the outset, and a sharp decline was at one time recorded, though final rates showed a moderate recovery from the worst point on spasmodic covering movement. Cif. parcels wheat not traded in and prices nominally 3d. to 7½d. per qr. lower. C.i.f. parcels MAIZE River Plate to sail 10th March sold at 42/6, and mixed American February 40/- per qr. Wheat on the spot quiet and easier. Maize spot parcels quiet at 9/4 per central for River Plate. FLOUR quiet and officially unchanged. Graded wheat futures gave way, with slight fluctuations, until 3d. to 1d. per central decline had been registered, but improved later, closing steady at 1d. to 1d. under Monday night. River Plate maize options closed 1d. lower to 1d. dearer. American mixed closed 2d. to 1d. lower.

PROVISIONS.

**LIVERPOOL.—BACON.**—Continental descriptions are firm at the official prices, and with the return of wintry weather more inquiry is experienced, while Irish remains scarce and firm at late rates, and American long clear dearer up to 85/- to 90/-, and Cumberland is now on market at 92/- to 96/- per cwt. HAMS continue firm with a fair inquiry, and long cut raised 1/- to 103/-, 10/6- per cwt., shoulders also firm and late prices fully maintained. LARD on the spot quietly steady at recent currencies for both prime steam and refined American, and generally quiet. CHEESE generally quiet. New Zealand attracting most attention. BUTTER in only moderate request, and Danish reduced 2/- to 192/-, 136/-, per cwt., Irish steady, Irish fresh been offered at 17/- to 18/6, and duck 16/9 to 18/- per 120.

**MANCHESTER.** — BUTTER — Shipments of Danish and Swedish produce to Northern ports for week ended February 23rd, not including Gothenburg, totalled 25,043 casts (decrease 1,633 casts). Market opened quiet and fairly steady although the general position was somewhat uncertain. Choicest qualities quoted:—Danish 193/- to 195/-, special dairies extra; Swedish 186/- to 188/-, Continental nominal. New Zealand 186/-, Australian 184/- to 186/-. BACON—Shipments of Danish and Swedish 6,703 bales (increase 1,615). Stocks in warehouses nominal. In Colonial New Zealand steadier; white 87/- to 88/-, coloured 88/- to 89/-, Canadian fancy white 106/- to 108/-, coloured 104/- to 106/-. No makes of Irish. HAMS—Shipments, Danish and Swedish 614 cases (decrease 120 cases); scarcity continues, supplies still insufficient to meet demand. Irish selected 19/6, selected 18/6, mediums 17/-, duck 19/-; Dutch, all browns, 21/-, 15½lbs. 19/-, Belgian, 15½lb. 19/-, Egyptians 11/-.

**DUBLIN FRUIT AND VEGETABLES.**—Imported fruits, etc., slow sale. Jaffa oranges 24/- to 26/- per case, Floridas 22/6 to 24/-, Valencias 15/- to 25/-, 240's 20/- to 35/- per case; black grapes 5/- to 5/6, lemons 22/- to 25/- per case, Cape peaches 7/- to 10/-, pears 7/- to 7/6, plums 5/6 to 10/- per case, Greening apples 35/- to 37/6 per barrel, russets 35/- to 37/6 and 40/-, Ben Davis 22/6 to 30/-, per case, apples 14/- to 17/6 and 19/-; cainos, 4's 17/- to 18/- per case, 5's 20/- to 21/-, bags 18/- to 19/-; Egyptian rhubarb 2/9 to 3/3 per dozen, Irish apples 2/- to 3/-, and selected 5/- to 5/6 per box, etc., bags 3/- to 5/-, barrels 6/- to 10/-, extras 14/- to 17/-, and on stock lines 20/- to 21/-. Market for vegetables affected by snow and bad weather, but cabbage and cauliflowers plentiful, being loaded yesterday. Cabbage was cautiously bid for and ruled dearer, but cauliflowers more irregular. Cabbage, York 20/- to 30/-, Savoys 11/- to 15/- and 25/-, and extras 35/- per load; Swede turnips 1/4 to 1/8 per cwt., mangolds 1/6 per cwt., scallions 4d. to 6d. per bundle, cauliflowers 1/6 to 1/9, and best 2/- to 3/- per dozen; parsley 2/6 to 5/- per bag, parsnips 4/- to 5/- per bag, sprouts 2/- to 4/6 per 20lbs., celery 1/- to 2/6, 4/- and 4/6 per dozen, white turnips 3d. to 6d. per bundle.

**DUBLIN POTATO.**—Supplies of potatoes continues very large, in fact, abundant quantities are being pressed for sale in the North. However, really prime table potatoes are difficult to obtain and values take a wide range. City prices may now be reckoned as from 3/6 to 5/- and 5/6 per cwt., while some special lots of Skerries and Champions are held in a few hands around 6/- per cwt.

**DUBLIN POULTRY.**—Supplies of poultry im proving. Trade active for everything, especially choice plump chickens. Choice geese and wanted. Choice chickens 1/6 to 1/8 per lb., rough 1/- to 1/2 per lb.; prime turkeys 1/- to 1/3 per lb., fat young ducks 5/- to 4/- each, second 3/- to 3/6, old ducks 1/6 to 2/6; choice young fat hens and plump tender fowl 2/6 to 3/- and 3/6, others 1/6 to 2/-; rabbits 1/7 to 1/10 each.

**DUBLIN BUTTER AND EGG.**—Butter markets in first hands show a vibrating disposition. Colonial London prices dropped 4/- per cwt. at end of last week, but this week have recovered a couple of shillings on some revival in either Continental or Canadian offtake from London reserves. Danish advices just to hand indicate a further easing in values for near shipments. Very little Irish creams or farmers' butter on market. Dublin spot prices:—Irish creams 1/8½ to 1/9, Danish 1/8½ to 1/9, New Zealand and Australian 1/7 to 1/7½ per lb., farmers' butter 1/2 to 1/4 and 1/6 per lb. EGG supplies recently have shown further improvement with a decreasing influence on markets. However, at the moment there is a temporary check in the acute downward trend in values, due to climatic conditions. Selected case arrivals of hen eggs 16/- to 17/-, extra selected 17/9 to 18/3 per 120, mediums 14/9 to 15/6, seconds 14/-, smalls 12/3 up; duck eggs 17/- to 17/6 and 18/6 per 120.

**CORK BUTTER.**—The market continues unchanged. Creameries 196/- to 200/- per cwt.

**DUBLIN FISH.**—Market offered is generally good supply of fish from country and local sources, including 8 packages salmon, 7 chests lobsters, 230 boxes of sturf from three steam trawls, and 20 boxes herrings. Trade all round good, except for soles, which were a poor sale. Salmon 2/9 to 3/2 per lb.; best lobsters 25/- to 30/- per 1/2, seconds 15/- to 20/-, others 7/6 to 10/-, and 12/6 per lot; turbot 1/- to 15/- and 18/-, brill 6d. to 5/- each; best soles 20/- to 27/6 per 9 pairs, mediums 10/- to 15/-, slips 2/6 to 5/- per lot, half-boxes plaice 20/- to 70/-, white soles 25/- to 42/-, whiting 15/- to 20/-, codfish 25/- to 65/-, haddocks 20/- to 40/-, pollock 15/- to 25/-, ling 7/- to 20/-, ray 15/- to 25/-, conger eels 12/6 to 20/-, ray 15/- to 20/-, and 25/-, gurnard 5/- to 7/6, herrings 20/- to 22/6.

**BILLINGSGATE FISH.**—Fair supplies; steady demand. Soles 12d. to 15d., slips 10d. to 12d. per lb.; live eels 10/- to 28/-, dead 8/- to 24/- per draught; turbot 16/- to 20/-, brill 10/- to 12/-, plaice 7/- to 13/-, halibut 15/- to 17/-, lemon soles 14/- to 18/-, whitches 7/- to 12/-, cod 4/- to 6/-, whiting 3/- to 5/-, hake 10/- to 12/-, skate 5/- to 8/-, haddocks 6/ to 10/- per stone.

**MANCHESTER MEAT.**—Home-killed beef: Sides 7½d. to 9d.; mutton 1/-, lambs 1/1 to 1/2, sows 8½d. to 9d.; pigs 9½d. to 1/-. Chilled beef—Hind quarters 5½d. to 6½d., fore quarters 4d. to 5d. Frozen beef—Hind quarters 4½d. to 5d., fore quarters 3½d. to 4½d. Mutton—Wethers 5d. to 6½d., ewes 4½d. to 5½d., lambs 7½d. to 10½d.

PRODUCE.

**LONDON.**—SUGAR—Prices for all spot goods unaltered, with an improved demand for both British refined and home-grown granulated. Terminal sections also in fair business, especially in the raw market. March raws sold 8/5½ to 8/6, May 8/9½ to 8/10½, Aug. 9/3½ to 9/4½ to 9/5½, Dec. 9/6 to 9/6½; white May sold 11/9½ to 11/10¼, Aug. 12/2½, Dec. 12/4½. COFFEE—Market quite steady, with fair inquiries for spot lots. COCOA—Accra f.f.f. March-May sold 46/6, Feb. Terminal easier; April sold 50/6, March 45/6, July 52/6, Sept. 53/3 to 53/4½. Day's sales, 190 tons. TEA—Ceylon auctions of 25,807 packages came to a fairly spirited market, and all the finer liquoring qualities cleared at firm prices. Amongst leaf teas, orange Pekoes were well sought after, partly by export buyers. Common and stalky kinds ruled frequently easier. Pekoe sold 1/2 to 2/1, broken ditto 1/3 to 1,11½, orange 1/4½ to 2/2, and broken orange 1/0½ to 2/4 per lb. in bond. BEANS—Madagascar buttery new crop spot London sold 44/-. SPICE—Pepper market easier forward: Lampong Jan.-March sellers 1/4, March-May 1/3½, May-July 1/3½, Aug.-Oct. 1/4½; Muntok white Jan.-March 2/3½, March-May 2/3½, Aug.-Oct. 1/10½. Cloves—Dec.-Feb. 1/4½, March-May sold 1/4½. JUTE—Market easier; firsts Feb.-March sold £34 15/-, £34 17/6 and £34 15/-, March-April £33 5/-, April-May £33 17/6; lightings March-April sold £33 7/6, April-May £33 17/6. HEMP—Manila firm; fair inquiries for all April-June quoted £37 10/- and £ £35 5/-.

RUBBER—Market quieter and a shade easier. Sheet spot and Feb. sold 1/1½ to 1/1¾ and 1/1¾, April-June 1/1½ to 1/1¾, July-Sept. 1/1¾ to 1/1¾, Oct.-Dec. 1/2½ to 1/2¾. SHELLAC firm; fair T.N. spot 197/6, March to 1/1¾. SHELLAC firm; fair T.N. spot 197/6, March sold 191/-, 192/-, May 193/6 to 194/-, Aug. 197/-. OILS—Linseed quiet; spot quoted 30/6, March-April 29/3, May-Aug. 29/4½, Sept.-Dec. 29/10½. Rape steady; crude spot 42/6, refined 44/6. Cotton quiet; crude Egyptian spot 28/6, common edible 34/-, decolorised 36/-. Cocoanut inactive; Ceylon spot drums odorised 36/-. Palm steady; Galle ditto 36/3. Soya dull; Oriental Feb.-March bulk 30/9, deodorised spot 41/-. Linseed spot 33/-. Chinawood slow; Hankow barrels extracted spot 73/6, afloat and Feb.-March 72/-. Turpentine easier; American spot 48/- and March to June 48/3. Resin quiet; American spot 15/6. TALLOW—Market easier; Plate to Hull afloat £15 17/6, March-April £15 17/6, April-May £15 18/9, May-June £16, June-July £16 1/3; Calcutta to London new crop April-May £19. Rapeseed quietly steady; Turin to Hull-Continent Feb.-March and March-April £18 15/-. Cottonseed firmer and sellers more reserved on stimulating advices from Alexandria; Egyptian Mask to Hull Feb.-March and April £16 5/-, white ditto £9 16/3; Bombay March-April £8 12/6. Groundnuts dull and easy, with sellers prominent; Unrecognised matchined March-April £19 5/-, April-May £19 7/6, May-June £19 10/-, June-July £19 12/6; bold Bombay March-April £18 18/-, and Gambia ditto £14 17/6. Castorseed quiet; Bombay March-April £18 15/-. Soya dull; Manchurian Feb.-March, also April, £11 8/-. Gingellyseed steady; Chinese March-April £22 12/6, April-May and May-June £22 10/-, and East African Feb.-March £21 12/6 per ton.

**LIVERPOOL.**—CANE SUGAR quiet, with sellers of basis 96 deg. pol. parcels April shipment at 9/4½ per cwt. c.i.f. to U.K. COCOA—West African on spot steady but inactive; fine fermented Accra on spot quoted 50/- in bond; Forward main crop very steady; sellers fair fermented Accra kinds 46/6 March-May and 47/- per cwt. April-June shipment f.o.b. D channel. COFFEE—Irregular. RICE—Burmah No. 2 on spot without change at 15/9, and forward arrivals new crop continue at 13/6 per cwt. c.i.f. terms. OILCAKES—The demand is very moderate, but prices continue very steady for all imported brands. American linseed March-April and Bombay expeller February-March shipments held for £12 c.i.f., with River Plate March shipment unchanged at £12 5/- c.i.f. Forward arrivals Egyptian undecorticated cottonseed still quoted £7 12/6 ex ship terms. Burmah groundnut to arrive at £8 12/6 40 per cent. and £8 10/- 37 per cent. c.i.f. American cottonseed meals spasmodic offered to arrive, and values remain nominal. Liverpool makes of palm kernel steady at £8 15/- sweetened crushed meals, £9 10/- cakes, and £9 15/- per ton crushed meals ex mills. RUBBER—Para hard fine spot firm, 1/1½; plantation buyers spot 1/1½, April-June 1/1½, July-September 1/1½, October-December 1/2½.

**LIVERPOOL AGRICULTURAL PRODUCE.**—A good supply of farm produce was offered at yesterday's market and made the following prices:—Potatoes, Great Scotia 4/- to 5/-, Kerr's pink 4/- to 5/-, King Edward (Lincoln) 6/3 to 6/6, King Edward (Irish) 6/3, Irish red soil 4/6 to 5/- per cwt. Spring cabbage 3/6, ordinary cabbage 1/6 per doz. Rhubarb 2/6 per doz. stalks, Brussels sprouts 3d. per lb. Carrots (washed) 8/- to 9/-, Swedes 3/6, parsnips 9/-, beetroots 6/- per cwt. French lettuce 4/- per doz. Leeks 1/6, mint 3/- per doz. bunches.

**LIVERPOOL.**—SUGAR — The following are Messrs. Tate and Lyle, Ltd. quotations:—Crystals—No. 1, 25/3, small No. 1 24/9, No. 2 23/6, bright 23/4½, granulated—Standard 23/6, No. 1 23/4½, coarse 23/7½, the 23/7½, ex refinery Liverpool, 1½ per cent. discount. Cubes, ex refinery in London, No. 1 25/9, H.T.S. 28/6. Afternoon (as 25/-, less 1½ per cent. discount.

**GLASGOW IRON AND STEEL.**—Trading continues on satisfactory lines. Orders are not of great volume, but demand is steady and plant generally is steadily occupied. Continuation of the ironworks dispute is responsible for some firmness in malleable iron, but there is no apparent shortage. Continental steel is combined with shortage of scrap, is advancing manufacturers' costs, and both rerolled and sheet trade shows increasing firmness in prices.

MISCELLANEOUS.

**LIVERPOOL COTTON.**—American futures met with good support during the forenoon and at the close values ranged 22 to 14 points higher. Closing quotations:—Sales 12,000 bales (exports 100). American Fair Middling sp

## ANDREW J. KEOGH'S SALES

AT 10 LOWER ORMOND QUAY,
FRIDAY, 8TH MARCH, 1929, AT 1.30.

SIX-DAY LICENSED PREMISES,

### 11 CRANE LANE (ONE DOOR FROM DAME STREET).

TOGETHER WITH THE ADJOINING BUSINESS PROPERTY, 10 CRANE LANE
(Per Instructions of the Owner).

Held under lease for 99 years from 1910 at the yearly rent of £85. The licensed portion consists of a neatly-planned spirit bar, with cellarage; five residential apartments, to which there is separate entrance. No. 10 Crane Lane is sub-let at £50 yearly, tenant paying taxes. The Property has been recently decorated and is in good order.

Conditions of Sale from JAMES G. O'CONNOR, Solicitor, 9 Clare street.

WILLIAM C. CRIMMINS, Deceased. EXECUTOR'S SALE.

### OLD-ESTABLISHED RETAIL LICENSED PREMISES.

### 61 PIMLICO (CORNER OF BRAITHWAITE STREET).

LEASE 500 YEARS, SUBJECT TO £30 PER YEAR.

Comprises spacious and well-appointed shop, porter and whiskey store, goods entrance from Braithwaite street. There is limestone base to shop front (53 feet in width), which has two plate-glass windows. The Dwelling, which consists of two sittingrooms, three bedrooms, and kitchen, is entered by separate hallway.

The above occupies a good trading position, being remotely placed from other licensed premises.

Conditions of Sale from Messrs. KEATING & KEATING, Solicitors, 130 St. Stephen's Green.

**ANDREW J. KEOGH,** AUCTIONEER, 10 LR. ORMOND QUAY.

SALE THIS DAY (WEDNESDAY), 27TH FEBRUARY, 1929.

## BUILDER'S RETIRING SALE

AT 22 CARYSFORT AVENUE, BLACKROCK.

A RARE OPPORTUNITY FOR BUILDERS.

ENTIRE BUILDER'S EFFECTS.

JOHN J. CONNOLLY has been instructed by Owner, who is retiring from business, to SELL by PUBLIC AUCTION, ON THE PREMISES, as above, THE ENTIRE BUILDER'S EFFECTS, chiefly comprising:—Large quantity of 1½, 2 and 3in. Planks; Scaffolding Poles, Put-logs, Ladders, 45, 35, 30, and others; Painters' Trestles, 4, 6, 8 and 10ft.; Building Trestles, 2, 3 and 4ft.; Galvanised Iron, Concrete Boards, Window Sills, Door Steps, Cast Iron Column, large quantity of good Building Stones, Rods, Oil Manipulences, 6 James' Benches, 1 Pair Sash Cramps, 4cwt. Weight Machine, Hand Mortise Machine, large quantity Door Mouldings, New Doors; Mahogany, Pitch Pine, and other Sheeting; Sash Stuff, New Window Frames, Sashes, complete; 2 Grinding Stones, miscellaneous lot of Timber.

IRONMONGERY, Gas Fittings, Hinges, Screws, Nails, Moulding Planes, large quantity of Carpenter's and General Tools; Drain Smoke Test and Plugs, Lead Piping, Plumbers' Fittings, Chimney Pots, Flue Liners, Bricks; Ridge, Floor, and Enamel Tiles, Gutters, Down Pipes and Fittings, 1-ton Block and Falls, Forge and Anvil, GIN WHEELS and 150ft. Rope, Wire Scaffolding Ropes, Builder's Screen, quantity Doors and Sashes, Sash Weights, Slates, Hand Cart, Wheel Barrows, &c.

All of which will be ON VIEW UP TO HOUR OF SALE. SALE AT 12 NOON TO-DAY.

YARD AND WORKSHOPS TO LET.

**JOHN J. CONNOLLY, P.C.,** AUCTIONEER AND VALUER,
11 MAIN STREET, BLACKROCK. TEL.—22.

SALE THIS DAY AT 12 O'CLOCK.

### ADAM'S SALEROOMS,

19 STEPHEN'S GREEN, NORTH.

TO-DAY (WEDNESDAY), 27th FEBRUARY,
And TO-MORROW (Thursday), at 12 o'clock sharp,

AUCTION SALE OF ANTIQUE AND MODERN FURNITURE, OLD CHINA, WATERFORD GLASS, PICTURES, SILVER and PLATED WARE, etc., comprising briefly:—Old China—Pair Chelsea Figures, Dresden and other Vases; Old Masonstone Dinner Service, 144 Pieces; Painted Dessert Service, Tea and Coffee ditto, Bohemian Glass Luster, Old Waterford Cut Glass, Empire and Ormolu Clocks and Vases, Silver, Old Sheffield Plated Ware, Trinkets, Chippendale China Cabinet, Antique Mah. Slope-front secretary, and 3-Tier Circular Waiters; Pair French Fauteuils, Sheraton and Antique Hall Chairs, Torchere, Queen Anne Mirror, Antique Nelson Lattice-Door Bookcase, Antique Nelson Mah. Sideboard, Crutch Toilet Glass and Barometer, Antique Mah. Fretwork Card, Wine, Work, Occasional Tables; Chesterfield Suites and Couches, Divan, Easy and Occasional Chairs; Overmantels, Old Oil Paintings, 19th Century Portrait of Lady, Bathpiece, etc.; Walnut and Mah. Mirror-back Sideboards and Waiters; Hall Stands, Plant Pedestals, Davenport, Knechole Writing Table, Marble Group, Brass Fenders and Brasses, Axminster and Persian Carpets and Rugs, Linen, Books, Inlaid Sheraton and Satin Walnut Bedroom Suites; Mah. Mirror-door Wardrobes, Chests Drawers, Toilet Table and Glasses, Good Iron Bedsteads, Furniture Presses, Ottoman Couches, Mah. and B. and I. Bedsteads; Spring and Hair Mattresses and Bedding, Kitchen Dresser and Furniture, Garden Bench and Wheelbarrow, etc; also new CLOTHING, being part of a retailer's stock and comprising:—Ladies' and Children's Coats, Dresses, Capes, Hats, Boots and Shoes, Dress Lengths, Sealskin Coat, Gent.'s Suits, Boots and Shoes, Pullovers, Cardigans, etc. On View To-day, 10 till 12. Sale To-day (Wednesday) and following day. Purchasers to pay 5 per cent. Auction Fees.

**JAMES ADAM & SONS,**
Auctioneers and Appraisers,
17 MERRION ROW and 19 STEPHEN'S GREEN.

### "CHRISTIES,"

FEBRUARY 28 to MARCH 15th.

AUCTIONS IN LONDON,

FULL PARTICULARS IN ADVT. ON PAGE 5.

COUNTY DUBLIN.

### GRAZING LANDS TO BE LET BY PRIVATE TREATY.

104 ACRES AT PARLICKSTOWN,
MILLTIMBER.

### G. H. LENNON, M.I.A.A.,

Auctioneer and Valuer,
29 PRUSSIA STREET, DUBLIN.

### GRAZING LANDS TO LET.

45 ACRES ..... HOLLYWOODRATH.
16 ACRES ..... BALLYMUN.
28 ACRES ..... BATTERSTOWN.
45 ACRES ..... CLOGHRAN.
Rents, Etc., on Application.

### CRAIGIE BROS.,

37 PRUSSIA STREET, DUBLIN.

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THE MANAGER.

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S.S. HILDEBRAND .....From Liverpool, Mar. 13.
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SIX WEEKS' CRUISES:
1,000 MILES UP THE AMAZON.
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For Fares and Accommodation apply—
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TO
WATERFORD AND CORK
EVERY WEDNESDAY.
Goods carried subject to Company's conditions of transport.
LOADING BERTH:
30/31 GEORGE'S QUAY.

### DOMESTICS CONTINUED FROM PAGE 2.

TRUSTWORTHY General, Protestant, plain cooking, washing; small family, city; wages £26; recommended.—P 1372, this office.

TWO Friends seek places together as General (£30) and Children's Nurse; can be highly recommended; city, suburbs.—P 1215, this office.

TWO Sisters want situations, one as General and one as Children's Nurse; Rathgar district; good references. Address "Z 2554, Girls," this office.

YOUNG Girl wishes to be trained as General, with some experience.—Esther Fraser, Rathnew.

### HOUSE AND PARLOURMAIDS DISENGAGED.

EXPERIENCED Parlourmaid disengaged; town or country; good references.—P 1287, this office. 25 E

HEAD Housemaid wishes place; suburbs preferred; excellent references.—P 958, this office.

HOUSE Parlourmaid seeks place temporarily; good references.—P 1331, this office. 26 D

HOUSE Parlourmaid disengaged, good appearance and manners; also young Nurse Housemaid; would go to be trained House Parlourmaid.—Winnett's, Dalkey.

NOTICE.

IN addressing envelopes covering replies to advertisers in this paper great care should be taken to include the catch word, when same is given, after the Office Number, thus:—"Z 20, Housemaid," should be carefully written upon the envelope. T

LADY recommends respectable Girl, 21, as Housemaid; excellent needlewoman; disengaged March 22nd; England preferred.—P 1343, this office. 26 F

MRS. Lindsay can recommend a House Parlourmaid. Apply to-day, 3 to 6, to 88 Lower Leeson street.

YOUNG House Parlourmaid seeks place, city, suburbs; highly recommended.—P 1320, this office.

YOUNG Housemaid seeks place, city, suburbs; recommended.—P 1268, this office.

YOUNG country Girl wishes to train as House Parlourmaid.—P 1218, this office.

YOUNG House Parlourmaid seeks place, suburbs; well recommended.—P 1329, this office.

### NURSES DISENGAGED

LADY Nurse seeks place; excellent references; £36-£40; one or two children.—Matron, Irish Times Registry.

YOUNG (Protestant) Nurse seeks place, city, suburbs; highly recommended.—P 1325, this office. 26 F

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ESTABLISHED 1815. 'Phones: 48 and 49.

**RATHFARNHAM—ON 6 ACRES**—ATTRACTIVE DETACHED RESIDENCE, in perfect order. Contains:—Three fine reception rooms, conservatory, 4 bedrooms, dressingroom, bathroom and lavatory (h. and c.); usual domestic offices, coach-house, new stables; garden, tennis court, paddock and gate lodge. Particulars Battersby and Co., Agents.

**SYDNEY PARADE**—CHARMING DETACHED RESIDENCE ON ONE ACRE; modern, built without basement. Contains:—Three reception and 5 bed rooms, maids' rooms, 2 bathrooms and lavatories (h. and c.), domestic offices, electric light; fine garden, tennis court, vinery, peach-house, garage. Every modern convenience and in perfect order. Particulars Battersby and Co., Agents.

**FURNISHED HOUSE WANTED,** within 6 miles of city, on about 50 acres, GENTLEMAN'S RESIDENCE, for 3 months from 1st June. Send full particulars to Battersby and Co., Agents.

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## Doing Good

*TO-MORROW the Special Farming Page of the "Irish Times" will contain articles on Importance of Good SEEDING, Hints on HATCHING, Crop Varieties to Grow, Etc. The value of the "Irish Times" Farming Pages is widely acknowledged. Get the paper TO-MORROW.*

## To Farmers

### ROWAN'S SIX SHADED BEGONIAS

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SINGLES for Bedding, separate colours ..... 3/6 dozen.
DOUBLES for Bedding or Pots, separate colours ..... 6/6 dozen.
Buy early these unrivalled Tubers.
Post Free.
Write for 84-page Art Catalogue.

**M. ROWAN & CO.,**
Seed, Bulb, and Plant Merchants,
51, 52 Capel Street, Dublin.

### GARDEN, FARM, BEES, ETC.

EARLY PEAS.

Writing on this subject in the *Weekly Irish Times*, the Gardening Correspondent says:—

Possibly an early dwarf kind was sown in autumn to advance the crop; if not, Little Marvel or Peter Pan might be sown on a border, if possible a warm border, to hurry them up, and, as either rarely exceed eighteen inches high, the drill can be drawn that distance apart. And we have great esteem for these dwarf varieties which avoid the worry of staking. However, we have in such kinds as Admiral Beatty, Onward, the Pilot, second early varieties of high quality for sowing in drills three feet apart, and have managed to avoid staking by running a couple of strings along the lines as support. For the latest it would be hard to beat Autocrat or the Gladstone, both of medium heiglat, and all that a late variety should be for quantity and quality.

A—DRUMMOND'S 1929 Garden Seed Catalogue of vegetable and flower seeds, potatoes, manures, insecticides, horticultural tools and sundries, now published. Copies sent post free on application.—W. Drummond and Sons, Ltd., 57 and 58 Dawson street, Dublin.

AT Drummond's—Procure Begonias for starting under glass, to plant on in May or June, from 3/- dozen; Gladiolus, for cutting, in separate colours, from 1/6 down, 10/6 100.—Drummond's, Ltd., 58 Dawson street, Dublin. 7 T

AT Drummond's—Select your Lawn Mower from large stocks of the leading manufacturers.—Drummond's, Ltd., 58 Dawson street, Dublin. 7 T

AT Drummond's—For renovating or laying down Lawn Tennis Courts, Croquet Lawns, Bowling Greens, etc., procure Drummond's Special Lawn Grass Seed; No. 1 5/-, No. 2 2/6, No. 3 2/- per lb.—Drummond's, 58 Dawson st., Dublin. 7 T

A DRESSING of Drummond's Special Lawn Manure, 4 ounces to the square yard, should be applied when renovating your Tennis Courts, Lawns, etc.; 5/6 per stone, 2/6 per cwt.—Drummond's, 58 Dawson street, Dublin. 7 T

A CERTAIN Remedy—Use Drummond's Weed and Moss Killer; 1 ounce to the square yard, for eradicating Daisies, Plaintains, Dandelions, etc.; 7lb 2/6, 14lb 4/-, 28lb 7/-, half cwt. 13/-, one cwt. 24/-.—Drummond's, 58 Dawson street, Dublin. 7 T

ALL Lawn Mower Repairs promptly and efficiently executed. Our vans collect and deliver.—The Dairy Engineering Co., Ltd., 21-22 Bachelor's Walk, Dublin. 21 D

ARRAN Consul Potatoes, certified, Ware, £4 10/- ton; Seed £5 10/-.—Sir Samuel Kelly, Gilford, Co. Down. 28

BRADSHAW, Attane, and 15 Parliament street—Fruit Trees: Black and Red Currants, Gooseberries, 6 dozen 2/-; Ornamental Trees and Flowering Shrubs, 12 for 7/6; 50 strong Flowering Plants for your border, 5/6; Cupressus Macrocarpa, 3 years old, transplanted, 1/- each; Standard Rose Bushes, Red, etc., 4/- to 6/- 100; Forget-me-Not same price. 24 C

BRADSHAW—Bargains in Plants; over 200,000 to select from. 24 C

BRADSHAW—Cabbage: Best Early York, Brussels Sprouts, Lettuce, and Tripoli Onions, 2/3 100. All Plants guaranteed full flowering size and cannot be beaten. Carriage paid on all orders. 24 C

BROCCOLI, "May Queen"—We have been selecting this superb strain for seven years and now offer the seed in our own grounds. It is now recognised as the finest Broccoli in cultivation for size and quality. To be had only from us. Price, packet 1/6, large packet 2/6, ounce 5/-, post free.—Browne, Thompson and Co., Seedsmen, Cork. 26 F

CHOICEST Seeds for vegetable and flower Seeds, my own famous Exhibition strains I specialise in Garden Peas, Cauliflower, Onion, Broccoli, Sweet Peas, Asters, Antirrhinum. Catalogue on application.—Dugan, Seedsman, Carlow. 22 C

CHOICEST Sweet Peas from my Gold Medal collection, 6 varieties 1/2, 12 2/-, 24 3/6, 50 5/-; all exhibition sorts, post free.—Dugan, Seedsman, Carlow. 22 C

CHOICEST Fruit Trees—Apples, Pears, Plums, many in fruiting condition, bushes 2/6 and 3/6.—Dugan, Carlow 22 C

CHOICEST Fruit Trees, trained for wall or espaliers, Apples, Pears, Plums, 6/6, 7/6, 8/6 each.—Dugan. 22 C

CHOICEST Cauliflower, Dugan's Sensation, 50 2/3, 100 4/-; Onion Sets, best Onion in existence, plant now, per lb. 2/6 free.—Dugan, Carlow. 22 C

CHOICEST Phlox, same as awarded Medal, Royal Dublin Show, all colours, named, 3 2/9, 6 5/-, 12 9/6, free.—Dugan. 22 C

CHOICEST Michaelmas Daisies, the best collection in the country, 50 varieties, named, see catalogue, same price as Phlox.—Dugan, Carlow. 22 C

CHOICEST Double Pyrethrum, strong named, 4 feet, dozen 10/-; Thuja Gigantea, magnificent stuff, 5 to 4 feet, dozen 12/-.—Dugan. 22 C

CHOICEST Rambling Roses, strong named, carriage paid, 5 4/6, 6 6/-, 12 14/-.—Dugan, Carlow. 22 C

CHOICEST Laurel, strong, 5/- dozen, extra strong and bushy 7/6 dozen, 2 year old 2/6 dozen.—Dugan. 22 C

CHOICEST Thorn Quicks, 3 year 50/-, 4 year 40/-, 1,000.—Dugan, Carlow. 22 C

CABBAGE Plants, leading varieties, 10/- 1,000; Cauliflowers, Early London, 5/- 100.—Gray, Kilcoole, Co. Wicklow. 25 E

CABBAGE Growers—Don't pay absurd, ridiculous prices. I specialise and grow acres on virgin soil from Sutton's Seeds only, and challenge Ireland to produce healthier or stronger plants: 3d. hundred, 6.6 thousand, on rail.—Pearl, Kanturkeny. 26 F

DOUBLE Snowdrops, 24 flowering bulbs, 1/3; Double Primrose, "Early Sulphur," flowering roots, 3d. each, free.—Osborne, Kilbarrack, Drogheda.

FOREST Trees—Plant now, extra fine Larch, 3-4 feet, £1 per 100; Sitka Spruce, 2 feet, 15/- per 100; Seed Potatoes, King Edward and Great Scot, certified pure, £7 per ton.—Hardy, Darifield, Loughrea. 25 C

FLOWER Pots and every description of Horticultural Pottery of very superior quality, and made in Free Siele; favourable terms to nurseries and the trade.—Owen, Potteries, Enniscorthy. 26 X

GALVANISED Wire Netting, Garden Arches, Espalier Trellis, Tanalised Stakes, Rabbit Nets.—Staveley's Stores, 137 Parnell street, Dublin. 12 23

GREENHOUSES, Frames, Lights for Sale; Painting, Glazing, Repairs.—Byrne, 1 Barrow street. 22 C

POTATOES—All the evidence available so far goes to show that there is a very good chance of our immune second early seedling Alennah proving to be the long looked for immune British Queen. For prices and particulars write Manager, Lissadell, Sligo. 17 S

POTATOES—Seed Potatoes, early and late varieties, in stock; quality and value guaranteed.—W. H. Darker and Son, 21 Great Strand street, Dublin. X

SCHIROTTI'S, flowering this autumn, 50 post free, 2/-.—Briscoe, Valeview, Enniskerry. 26 F

WANTED, St. Bridgid Anemone Seed; state lowest price, per lb. or oz.—Bradshaw, 18 Parliament street. 24 C

12 GOOD modern Dwarf Roses, our selection, 13/- per doz., post free.—Manager, Lissadell, Sligo. T

12 GOOD Alpine Plants, 2/6 doz.; also 12 good Michaelmas Daisies, 2/6 doz., post free, our selection, post free.—Manager, Lissadell, Sligo. T

### WIRELESS, BROADCASTING, ETC.

SALE, Four Valve Wireless Set, complete, batteries, speaker; £8 10/.—P 1397, this office. 26 F

### OPTICIANS.

PATRICK Cahill, Opticians to His Holiness. Free Eye Test. 15 Wellington quay; 100 years established; high class work; moderate price. 52 S

### TIMBER.

IF you are looking for Wheels, or the Makings of Wheels, Sawn Shafts, Wheelbarrows, or Handles, write Bergner, Limerick. 27 T

THIRTY small Beech Trees for Sale, 30/.—Bexley, Monkstown. 26 D

### HOUSES AND LANDS.

### DOCKRELL LIMITED.

**Dundrum, 20 Acres**—GENTLEMAN'S RESIDENCE FOR SALE, with possession; 4 reception and 5 bedrooms; excellent out-offices, dairy, cottage, Varsity water, etc. Seen on orders from Dockrell Limited.

**County Kildare, 950 Acres**—HANDSOME RESIDENCE AND DEMESNE FOR SALE on most reasonable terms. The property is held for ever, subject to a small rent. The residence stands in well wooded grounds, and the house is splendidly built, and has been modernised, several thousands having been spent upon it. Seen by appointment with Dockrell Limited.

**South City**—REAL BARGAIN—LARGE PREMISES, great depth, FOR SALE OR LETTING; suit motor garage, etc.; Kevin street. Apply to Dockrell Limited.

**DOCKRELL LIMITED,**
38 & 39 STH. GT. GEORGE'S ST.

## THOMPSON'S DRY CHICK FEED

**Of best ingredients, easily digestible and nourishing. No weed seeds. You can buy cheaper chick feed—made to satisfy the demand for what is cheap, not made to satisfy the chicken. In poultry business the cheap often means failure. The best feed pays best.**

**Packed in 7lb. and 112lb bags.**

Please send us a post-card if you experience any difficulty in getting supplies.

**JOHN THOMPSON & SONS, LTD.,**
DONEGALL QUAY MILLS,
BELFAST.

### POULTRY, CAGE BIRDS, DAIRY.

THE LAYERS.

Writing on this subject in the *Weekly Irish Times*, the Poultry Correspondent says:—

We expect every hen, young and old, to be laying this month, and if they are not they are not worth their feeding. Young birds hatched up to last May should all be in full lay, but it is sometimes difficult to make the old birds start as soon as they should. We expect them to commence a few months after the moult, but they often fall into flesh, eat all they can, and do not lay. If any are like this now, kill them off or sell them. Those that are laying should not be fed too heavily, and should be occasionally examined to ascertain whether they be growing too fat for laying.

A DVERTISEMENT."—Exchange Poultry Foods always reliable—Chicken grains, clean, wholesome, 3- stone, 21/- cwt.; Chicken Mash, 2.2, 14.0; Laying Meal, 2/-, 14/-; Scratch Grains, 1.9, 12/6. Everything requisite stocked. Williamson, 11 Burgh quay. 8 22

AT Fairyhill, Blackrock. Telephone 138—Chickens, Rhodes, Wyandottes, Anconas, Leghorns, Barnevelders, 15/6 month, 20/-; Settings, 7/6; reduction quantities: Cockerels cheap. 22 C

AI—DAY Old Chicks, Rhodes, W. Wyandottes, Barnevelders, 1- Sussex, W. Leghorns, 12/6 dozen; also older ones; hatching Eggs, 6/6, all free Mrs. Jessop, Marybrough. 15 27

AMERICAN Bronze Turkey Cocks for Sale, 75/- each; Embden Ganders, 15/-, all splendid birds. Wanted, Chinese Goose.—Hicks, Moyview, Ballina. 20 D

A. B. Turkey eggs, from Department stock, 15 eggs 2/-, free. Khaki Campbell Sittings (Richardson), 5/6, free.—Mrs. Walsh, Ballymoney, Arklow.

ASHFORD Poultry Farm, County Wicklow.—Rhode Hens (Golden), White Wyandottes and Leghorns (Barron's), March, 1927, hatched, 6/- each; White Leghorn Chicks, 17/6; Settings, 7/6; Brodies, 9/-, carriage paid. T

BUFF Rock eggs, White's and Lawrence's best pens, 5/- and related to 1st and 2nd pinners, Munster 1928 Laying Test, winter three months' record, from 68 to 74, over 2 oz. eggs; Setting 15, 5/-, free; no replacements.—Miss Deane, Longraigue, Fowlks Mills, Wexford. 25 C

BARRED Rock Chicks, hatching weekly, 12/6 doz. Settings, 4/-, free.—Cusack, Furcelstown, Ardee. 22 C

BROODY Rhode, 7/6; Sittings, Rhode (Department ringed), 2/-.—Blackheath, Clontarf. Telephone 7. 22 C

BANTAMS, several varieties, pure, from 10/- pair; Eggs 7/-. Address "Z 2552, Bantams," this office. 26 D

CHICKS—Pure Wyandottes and Rhodes, 18/6 dozen. 15 Appian Way, before 12.

CANARIES, Parrots, Pet Mice, Rabbits, and Gold fish, etc.—The Fanciers' Stores, 15 Upper Ormond quay, Dublin. 26 F

DAY Old Chicks, Light Sussex and Buff Rock, 12/6 per dozen; excellent strain.—Miss Fawcett, Cappincur, Tullamore.

DAY old Chicks ready to-day, Barnevelders, Wyandottes, pure strains; Clucking Hens.—Monkstown Castle, Kingstown, 91.

EXCHEQUER Leghorns Miller's extra special Settings, 7/6 per 15 eggs—Athlacca, Monmacool, Butterfield, Rathfarnham. 8 22

EGGS, 7/- dozen, from my famous layers. Purebred from the strain of Wyandottes which won the Silver Challenge Cup; 1st Prize, two Silver Medals, and Special Certificate in Irish Laying Test, held at Munster Institute, Cork; White Wyandottes, Rhode Island, Light Sussex, White Leghorns. Catalogue free.—Mrs. Stone, Moate House, Ballina. 21 C

FOR Sale, two beautiful Rhode Island Red Cockerels, 10/6, carriage paid.—Stewart, Athlone. 25 O

FOR Sale, four pure bred Black Minorca Pullets and Cockerel, four pure bred Indian Runner Ducks, nine months old. What offers? Address "Z 2525, Pullets," this office. 22 O

FOR Sale, 20 Laying Hens to prize Corks. Apply 502, Irish Times Branch Office, Blackrock.

GLOUCESTER Incubators and Brooders, cheapest and best, also all poultry requisites.—The Dairy Engineering Co., Ltd., Bachelor's Walk, Dublin. 21 D

GLOUCESTER 150 Egg Incubator, complete, with self turning tray, perfect order; £5 5/.—Woodley, Dundrum. 26

HATCHING Eggs—Salmon Faverolles (Parker), White Wyandottes (Fenemore), India Runner Duck 2/6 eggs, 4/6 carriage paid.—Gilmore, Kilquade, Greystones. 25 D

NOTICE.

IN addressing envelopes covering replies to advertisers in this paper great care should be taken to include the catch word, when same is given, after the Office Number, thus:—"Z 20, Housemaid," should be carefully written upon the envelope. T

LOVELY Bronze Turkey Cocks, suitable for station use, over 25lb. 45/-, over 20lb. 35/-.—Miss Flanigan, Tullybrick House, Shercock.

MRS. Delahunty, Poultry Station, Freshford, Co. Kilkenny, now booking orders for Pure Rhode Island Red Pullets and Cockerels, due 4th March; male birds bred from 264-egg hen, mated to superior bred hens, 12/- per dozen. 25 F

MINORCA Cockerel, pure bred, full plumage, beauty, vigorous bird; 10/6, undelivered.—St. John's, Ternure.

PIGEONS, high class Jacobins, reasonable prices.—Johnson Ashley, Dunmurry, Belfast.

R. Day Old Chicks, Rhode Island Red, 1/6 dozen. R. McK—ever, Mitchelstown, Navan. 22 C

SPLENDID large table Fowls, 7/- pair; boiling Fowls, 5/- trussed, post free.—Miss Costello, Poulterer, Rosecarbery. 25

WANTED, clucking Hen.—McGrane, Knocklow, Templeorum.

WANTED, Indian Game Cockerel, Jersey Giant Pullets. For Sale, March Light Sussex Barnevelder, R.I.R., Jersey Giant, prize bred Pullets; White Guinea Hens; Aylesbury Drakes. Address "Z 2544, Poultry," this office.

WYANDOTTE, 2 Leghorn, Rhode Cock, 10/- each, carriage extra; Settings 6/6; Chicks due 1st and 7th March; 2 A.R. Turkey Hens, 20/- each; Hen and 6 Chickens, 21/-; 6 and Hen, 19/.—Lady Grace, Boley, Monkstown, Dublin. Dun Laoghaire. 392

POINTED Rovers, 100 chick size, good condition, 25/- each.—Mrs. Strong, Moate House, Kells. 21 C

24 WYANDOTTE Chicks, week old, with Mother, 350 Department, 50/-.—Cowan, Shalstewn, Slane.

350 EGG Miller's Incubator, as new, reliable, £10 or near offer.—Mrs. Smyth, Ballynegall, Mullingar. 25 F

### MACHINERY.

ABOUT Turbines—Robert Craig and Sons, Engineers, Limited, York Street Engineering Works, Great George's street, Belfast, manufacture Water Turbines, Centrifugal Pumps and Air Compressors for all powers, quantities and purposes. X

FOR Sale, about 115 wrought iron split Pulleys, diameters 9" to 72", also 27 cast iron split Pulleys, diameters 14" to 72" all used. For full particulars as to prices, sizes and where seen, apply Irish Agricultural Wholesale Society, Ltd. (Dept. No. 7), 151-156 Thomas street, Dublin. 25 E

PLUMBERS', Sheet Metal, Tinsmiths', Bellhangers' and Locksmiths' Tools; largest selection in Ireland. Tools fully guaranteed.—Booth Bros., Dublin X

WANTED, 12 to 15 h.p. Electric Motor; also 1 h.p. and 3 h.p. do. for Dublin Corporation current.—P 1340, this office. 26 D

20 CREAM Separators, new, guaranteed, clearing at half price; also steel Butter Churns.—C. Orpen and Son, Granby row, Dublin. 22 O

### SPORTS AND PASTIMES.

ANGLING—Greenheart Salmon Rod, 18 feet, by Hardy.—Keegan, Inns quay, Dublin. 22 C

ANGLING—Rods, Reels, Lines, Flies, Baits, etc., every variety; Alnwick built Rods a speciality; Rods Repaired. Catalogue free.—L. Keegan, Inns quay, Dublin.

GARNETT'S for Fishing Rods, Reels, Lines, Flies; Rods Repaired. Catalogue free.—Garnett, Anglers' Resort, Crampton Court, Dublin. 78 26

GARNETT'S for Guns, Rifles and Cartridges; Guns Repaired.—Garnett, Gunmaker, Crampton Court, Dublin. 78 26

GARNETT'S for Salmon and Trout Baits and Tackle, Cuttagh Sandeels, Prawn, etc.; Salmon Licences, Maps free.—Garnett, Anglers' Resort, Crampton Court, Dublin. 78 26

GARNETT will Purchase your old Guns and Rods, etc., if of good quality.—Garnett, Crampton Court, Dublin.

GUNS—Webley and Scott Hammerless, £12 and £16 10/-; other Hammerless Guns from £5, Ejectors from £9; Gun Repairs by skilled Gunsmiths; Gun fitting a speciality. Catalogues free.—Keegan, Gunmaker, Inns quay, Dublin. 8 23

### FURNITURE.

AT Highest Values—James Hill and Son, Bachelor's Walk, Purchase Furniture, Pianos, Antiques. T

A $2\frac{1}{2}$ to £1 Discount Sale of all Furniture, Dining and Bedroom Suites, China Cabinets, Mirrors, Ballsbridge. Pictures, at Waddington's, 5 Lower Ormond Quay. 26 F

AXMINSTER Carpet, large size, almost new; immediate sale desired.—P 1390, this office.

BEST value in Furniture for cash or instalments privately arranged.—Peagoe Furnishing Co., 32 Lower Ormond quay, Dublin.

CARPETS—Axminster, 12 x 9, seamless, £4 17/5; other qualities and sizes. Buy direct from manufacturers.—Cable Mills, 52 Lower Ormond quay, Dublin.

LAWLOR Brisone will Buy or Sell your Surplus Furniture. Auctions every Thursday.—35 Ormond quay.

### MUSIC, PIANOS, ETC.

GRAMOPHONE Store, Johnston's Court, Grafton street, Dublin, for Wonder Records and Machines. Open till 9. Lists free 24 J

PIANO, Upright Grand Bluthner, overstrung, modern, larger, beautiful tone, condition as new. Address "Z 2480, Piano," this office. 23 D

WANTED, Harmonium, suitable for school use.—P 1042, this office. 21 D

WANTED, second Piano, reasonable, state price, maker, full particulars.—P 1351, this office. 26 F

### DRESS AND COSTUME.

ABOUT Clothes—Mrs. Higgins, Acton's quay, highest prices Ladies', Gentlemen's, Children's Left Off Clothing, Furniture, Jewellery, Artificial Teeth; country parcels received. T

ABOUT Clothes—Highest prices of Ladies', Gent.'s, Children's Left Off Clothing, Furniture; distance no objection—Mrs. White, 15 Anngier street. T

CASH paid for Left Off Clothing, Jewellery, Furniture, Pictures, China, False Teeth; postcard immediate attention.—Wellington House, 35 Wellington quay. 26 D

GENTS Irish Frieze Overcoat, as new, also Lady's Sombawool crimson Coat; bargains.—P 1352, this office. 26 D

GENTLEMAN'S Overcoat for Sale, 5ft. 10in., stout figure, good condition 25/-; no dealers.—P 1398, this office. 26 D

LADY'S Mole Wrap, large fur collar, lined silk brocade, perfect condition; cheap, £2, cost 16 guineas. Address "Z 2519, Wrap," this office.

TWO Gentlemen's Dinner Jackets, like new, stock size; one 2-overs, 10/- each. Address "Z 2514, Dress," this office.

WE Buy Left Off Clothing; parcels collected.—Goodwin's, 110 Patrick street, Dun Laoghaire. 25 E

WANTED, Lady's Riding Boots, size 4½, good condition, cheap. Address "Z 2529, Boots," this office. 26 D

WANTED, real Fur Stole, about 25/-, 30/-, good condition.—P 1358, this office.

5/- WEEKLY.—Ladies' Coats and Costumes, Gentlemen's Suits, etc., to measure only; materials made up.—Don and Ray, 40 Dawson street. 24 27

10/- DEPOSIT.—Easy weekly payments of 5/- on Ladies' Gowns, Coats, Raincoats, given to all clients on personal application; sent to any part of Ireland; open on Saturday till 8.30 p.m. Write or call; send stamped addressed envelope. Phone, Dublin 354.—Lee, 27 Wicklow street, Dublin. 22 C

### HORSES, HARNESS, ETC.

GOOD Donkey, Saddle, and Bridle for Sale. Phone Dundrum 71. 22 C

HORSES, Harness, Traps, etc., will be Sold at Sale of Fortnightly Sales at Sewell's, 60 Lower Mount street, Dublin, Thursday, 28th February, at 2.30 o'clock sharp. 22 C

HALF Bred Foal, 11 months old, by Tredennord. Apply B. Teeling, Turvey, Donabate, Co. Dublin.

WORKING Cob Mare, quiet, £6 10.—Burke and Sons, Erne street, Westland row. 25 O

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# The Irish Times. SPECIAL EXTRA

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*Irish Times 'Phone Numbers.—Dublin 5036 and 5037; Belfast—1787; London—Central 4350. Belfast Office—139 Royal Avenue, London Office—89 Fleet Street*

## BIRTHS.

MORGAN—February 23, 1929, at Ivanhoe, Lansdowne road, to Mr. and Mrs. Grosvenor Morgan, Brindhu, Claremont road, Sandymount, Dublin, a daughter.

WEST—February 24, 1929, at 69 Lower Baggot street, Dublin, to Captain and Mrs. Cecil West, a daughter.

## MARRIAGES.

HUTCHINSON and WHITE—December 29, 1928, at St. Andrew's Cathedral, Singapore, by the Rev. J. V. Westlake, William Edward, M.B., D.P.H., younger son of Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Hutchinson, Waterford, to Phyllis Iris Irene, second daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John White, of Pembrokeshire, South Wales.

KENNEDY and TOWEY—February 6, 1929, at St Michael's Church, Dun Laoghaire, with Nuptial Mass, by the Rev. T. Grogan, C.C., Patrick Joseph Kennedy, B.E., son of the late Cornelius and Mrs. Kennedy, Borrisoleigh, County Tipperary, to Emma, youngest daughter of Thomas and Mrs. Towey, Main street, Ballinghaderreen.

## DEATHS.

**ANNOUNCEMENTS received late for insertion in this column will be found on Page 6.**

BAUMANN—February 27, 1929, at his home, 3 Oxford road, Jackie, only son of Mr. and Mrs. Baumann, at the age of 8½. Funeral arrangements later.

BIRCH—February 26, 1929, at Monaincha, Rosces, R. Ludlow C. Birch, late Major 2nd East Surrey Regiment, son of the late George Birch, "Till He come." Funeral to Monaincha Abbey to-morrow (Friday) at 3 p.m.

CAHILL—February 27, 1929, at his father's residence, 41 Oreville street, Mullingar, Thomas, son of William Cahill, victualler. Funeral arrangements later. American and English papers please copy.

DAVIS—February 27, 1929, at her residence, Cliff House, Enniscorthy, Mary Alice Davis, widow of Albert S. Davis, late of Hollymount, Enniscorthy. Funeral to Friends' Burial Ground, Coolaine, at 2 p.m. to-morrow (Friday).

GARDINER—February 26, 1929, at Carrickfergus, Killiney, County Dublin (the residence of her son, Rev. F. Stuart Gardiner, M.A.), Sarah Gardiner, widow of the late Rev. Thomas Gardiner, Missionary in Calcutta and Minister of the Free Church, Old Aberdeen, in the 98th year of her age. Service in Kingstown Presbyterian Church at 10 o'clock to-morrow (Friday).

GRIFFIN—At his residence, 6 Mellifont avenue, Inchicore, Dublin, on the 26th inst., Patrick Griffin, late Land Commission. R.I.P. Funeral from St. Michael's Church for Dean's Grange at 10 o'clock this (Thursday) morning. No flowers, prayers instead.

HOLDEN—February 20, 1929, at Manchester, James Percy Holden, beloved husband of Aida Holden, and dearly-loved son-in-law of Mr. and Mrs. Freeman, 6 Percy place, Dublin.

HOLMES—February 26, 1929, at her residence, 4 Otago Villas, Howth, aged 69, 70, and 71 South Great George's street, Dublin, Mrs. Elizabeth Holmes, widow of the late William Holmes, aged 85. Funeral private. No flowers.

HUNT—February 26, 1929, at his residence, Rosetta, Thomas Hunt, "Gone Home." Funeral to the New Cemetery at 3 p.m. to-day.

JOHNSON—February 25, 1929, William S. Johnson, of Grey University, Bloemfontein, eldest son of William Johnson, of Knockbreda, Belfast, and formerly of Mervue, Jordanstown, County Antrim.

KEALY—February 26, 1929, at her residence, a Winton avenue, Rathgar, Mary Anne, daughter of the late John and Anne Kealy, Ballysallagh, Rackenstown, to the inexpressible grief of her brother, sisters, and large circle of friends. R.I.P. Funeral from Church of the Three Patrons, Rathgar, to-day (Thursday) at 9 a.m. to Knockanna. Office and High Mass at Hacketstown at 11 a.m.

KELLEHER—February 27, 1929, at her residence, 26 Pleasants street, Dublin, Maria, aged 47 years, relict of the late Edward Kelleher, to the inexpressible grief of her children, sister, brothers, relatives, and large circle of friends. Sacred Heart of Jesus, have mercy on her soul. R.I.P. Remains will be removed to St. Kevin's, Harrington street, to-night (Thursday) at 9 o'clock. Funeral, after 10 o'clock Mass to-morrow (Friday), morning, to Iwan's Grange Cemetery.

McINTYRE—February 26, 1929, at her mother's residence, Rose Cottage, Warrenpoint, Sydney Winifred, fourth daughter of the late Thomas E. McIntyre, formerly of Drogheda. Funeral to St. Peter's, Drogheda, to-day (Thursday), by motor, leaving Warrenpoint at 11 a.m.

McQUAILE—February 27, 1929, at his residence, 78 West street, Drogheda, Michael McQuaile, R.I.P. Remains will be removed to St. Peter's this (Thursday) evening at 7 o'clock. Office and High Mass to-morrow (Friday) morning at 10.30. Funeral immediately after to New Cemetery. No flowers, by request.

McWILLIAM—February 25, 1929, Melville, fourth son of the late John McWilliam (Master Mariner) and Mrs. McWilliam, Charlemont road, Clontarf, and dearly-beloved husband of Charlotte McWilliam, Golden Villas, Commons road, Cork. "Severed only till He come."

MARTIN—February 27, 1929, in London, Mary Martin, of 6 St. James's terrace, Clonskeagh, widow of the late Frank V. Martin, Craigmore, Blackrock. Funeral strictly private.

MILLER—February 26, 1929, at Montgomery street, Carlow, Thomas Miller. Deeply regretted. "Peace, perfect peace." Funeral (private) to Leighlinbridge to-day (Thursday). No flowers, by request.

NUTTALL—February 26, 1929, suddenly, at Tullow, Newtownmountkennedy, Elinor Kate Nuttall, of Culleenamore, Sligo, widow of the late Æneas Falkiner Nuttall.

SMITH—February 27, 1929, at The Manse, Woodburn, Carrickfergus, Frances Charlotte, widow of the late Rev. James Strother Smith, of Clogher, County Sligo, and Oaklands, Boyle.

SNOW—February 26, 1929, at his residence, Church View, Kells, James Snow, aged 84 years. Funeral at 2 o'clock to-day (Thursday).

SPENCER—February 27, 1929, at the Adelaide Hospital, Edwin Worley Spencer, late Messrs. Makbar, Ltd., and of 17 St. Michael's terrace. Funeral (private) to-morrow (Friday) morning, Mount Jerome.

STEPHENS—February 27, 1929, at 41 Grosvenor square, Rathmines, Robert, dearly-loved and loving husband of Elizabeth Stephens. Funeral private. No flowers.

If Thou shouldst call me to resign
What most I prize—it ne'er was mine;
I only yield Thee what is Thine,
Thy will be done.

SWORDS—February 27, 1929, at 10 Upper Baggot street, Dublin, Mary, daughter of the late Michael and Anne Swords, Raharney, County Westmeath. R.I.P. Funeral arrangements later.

VINCENT—At her residence, Field Cottage, Wrentham, Rachel Louisa Vincent, widow of the late John Francis Vincent, Esq., Madras Light Infantry, daughter of John Ward, Esq., The Manor House, Plumstead, Kent, and grand-daughter of Parsons Frayne, Esq., of Dormount Manor, County Wexford. "Blessed are the pure in heart." Funeral at Frostenden at 3 p.m. to-day (Thursday), February 28th.

WALDRON—February 26, 1929, at The Rectory, Kirrubbin, Co. Down, Letitia, for many years dear and faithful friend of the Littlewood family. Funeral strictly private. American papers please copy.

WHITE—February 27, 1929, at his residence, High street, Kilkenny, Dr. James White. Remains will be conveyed to St. Mary's Cathedral, Kilkenny, at 3 o'clock this (Thursday) evening. Office and High Mass at the Cathedral at 11 o'clock a.m. to-morrow (Friday). Funeral immediately afterwards to Dangefort.

### MONTH'S MEMORY OFFICE AND HIGH MASS.

Month's Memory Office and High Mass for the late **John Farrell**, Robertstown, will be held at Kilbeg Church on Monday morning, 4th March, at 11 o'clock.

### IN MEMORIAM.

BALDING—In loving memory of our darling little son, Arthur.—Daddie and Mammie, February 28th, 1926.

IEVERS—In ever-loving memory of Eyre Ievers, who died at Mount Ievers, County Clare, 28th February, 1922.

KAY—In ever-loving memory of dear George (late Captain 11th Battalion 60th Rifles), the dearly-loved eldest son of the late William Robertson Kay of Sutton, County Dublin, called Home 28th February, 1928. "Soon, soon to faithful warriors comes their rest."

MYLES—In loving memory of Thomas G. Myles, late of Rushbrook, Adare, who died on 27th February, 1923. Inserted by his fond wife and family.


NICHOLS'
'Phone—61276 'Phone—61276
FUNERAL AND CARRIAGE ESTABLISHMENT
Lombard Street (Westland Row). Coffins, Hearses and every requisite. Economy and Punctuality.


(CONTINUED ON NEXT COLUMN.)


Helps Every Woman
Carpets, Hangings, Covers
Dyed a New Shade.
Dartry Dye Works
DUBLIN S.2.


## MISCELLANEOUS.

WAREHOUSE CLOSED until FRIDAY, 9 a.m., owing to the DEATH of MRS. HOLMES. W. HOLMES and CO.

"TAMILESS" TEA. Sold by ROBERT O'FARRELL, Commercial Buildings, Clontarf.

SECRETARY WANTED.

RED BANK RESTAURANT CO., LTD., 19 and 20 D'OLIER STREET, DUBLIN.

Services of a Secretary required.

Applications to be directed to the CHAIRMAN, Board of Directors, accompanied with copy references, and state salary expected.

JOHN C. PARKES and Sons, Ltd., Coombe, Dublin — ROUND, SQUARE AND FLAT BAR IRON. HORSE SHOE IRON

YOUNG Business Man, experienced, wishes position as Traveller, Representative, Accountant, with first class firm, or would join as Partner, £400 working security. P 1477, this office.

LOAN £200, at 7½ per cent. per annum, required for a short period on good security. Particulars from CARTAN O'MEARA and KIERAN, Solicitors, 27 South Frederick street, Dublin.

BROOKS, THOMAS AND CO. LTD., DUBLIN. — JOINERY. CHURCH SEATS, SCHOOL FURNITURE, WINDOWS, DOORS, STAIRS, Etc., Made in our own Workshops.

I MUST have the "CAPITAL" TEA (Regd.) AND the Teapot. Keep the Wrappers.

SEASIDE FURNISHED HOUSE WANTED. FURNISHED House Wanted from 14th June to 4th July; must be on the seashore, and have a large number of bedrooms; first class tenants; anywhere along the Eastern coast of the Free State, North or South of Dublin. Replies to be addressed to JAMES H. NORTH and CO., 110 Grafton street.

FURNISHED HOUSE WANTED. WANTED, for a year or longer, on Aylesbury road, Shrewsbury road, or in other good part of Pembroke Township, a Detached or Semi-detached Non-basement, well-Furnished House. Replies to be addressed to JAMES H. NORTH and CO., 110 Grafton street. Possession 1st April.

FURNISHED SPORTING RESIDENCE, IRELAND, to be Let, with exceptional Fishing and Shooting facilities. A delightful Residence, thoroughly up-to-date in every way. The Shooting would include a fine Deer Forest, and the Fishing excellent Trout and Salmon. Apply James H. North and Co., 110 Grafton street, Dublin.

UNFURNISHED FLAT WANTED. WANTED in, or very close to, Kildare street or Molesworth street, by a lady, an Unfurnished Flat, containing sittingroom, two bedrooms, bathroom, kitchen. Replies to be addressed to JAMES H. NORTH and CO., 110 Grafton street.

OYSTERS Fresh Daily.—Red Bank Restaurant, 19 and 20 D'Olier street. Open Sundays, 1-9 p.m. 4-Course Lunch 2/-, 1-4 p.m., à la Carte.

ANNE LYNCH'S TEAS.

STAINLESS Knives, 22/- to 33/5 per dozen, keep sharp; small Children's Knives, 2/3 each.—BOOTH BROTHERS, Dublin.

METROPOLE RESTAURANT, DUBLIN. — 4 COURSE LUNCH, 2/6. A La Carte and Grills. Varsity Light Refreshments. Excellent Tea and Coffee. Orchestral and Vocal Programme on Panatrope. All Floors Fully Licensed.

LADIES' AND GENTLEMEN'S HIGH-CLASS FOOTWEAR to Measure. READY TO WEAR from 45/-. West End Shapes. WATKINS, 77-78 DAME STREET.

STAINLESS TABLE CUTLERY. Ivorine handles from 15/6 ½ dozen, post free.—THOMPSON 12 NASSAU STREET, DUBLIN.

MONEY—The Highest Advances to be obtained in Dublin on Jewellery, Silver Plate, Furniture and Valuable Chattel Property of every description, at the First Class MONEY OFFICE, 85 MARLBOROUGH STREET, 85.

DEALS, BATTENS, SCANTLINGS, FLOORINGS, SHEETINGS, MOULDINGS, AND HARDWOODS. DOCKRELL LTD., Timber Importers, Dublin.

HEATING STOVES — The Celebrated Esse Anthracite and Perfection Oil Stoves.—HENSHAW and CO., LTD., CHRIST CHURCH PLACE, DUBLIN.

CARSON'S "Viroflite" — The Paint for Green houses and Outside Work. Write for Catalogue.—CARSON'S, 22 Bachelor's Walk, Dublin.

(CONTINUED FROM PREVIOUS COLUMN)

### OBITUARY ADVERTISEMENTS CONTINUED.

FUNERAL REQUISITES OF EVERY DESCRIPTION. WALLER, DENZILLE STREET (Re-named Fenian Street), MERRION SQUARE. SALOON MOTOR HEARSES. PRIVATE MORTUARY. 'Phone—61275. Wires—"Undertaker, Dublin."

MILLER AND CO. BRAY. FUNERAL DIRECTORS. Superior Motor Hearses. Phone—Bray, 117. Wires—"Collier, Bray."

RAMSAY, Florists to H.M. the King. 'Phones—1159; B.B. 491. 50 NASSAU ST. — WREATHS, FLORAL DESIGNS. Telegrams: Violets, Dublin. Nurseries, Ballsbridge.

WATSON'S WREATHS — Telegrams Quickness, Dublin. Tel. 2572. WATSON'S, 31 NASSAU STREET. Nurseries, Killiney


Retiring Sale

*J. FRANK ATKINSON thanks all his friends and customers for their kind patronage, and begs to inform them that he is*

Retiring from Business

*Having disposed of the premises, all his large and valuable stock of* **China and Glass** *has been marked down to effect a speedy clearance.*

THE CITY CHINA WAREHOUSE
56 DAME STREET - - Closing Daily from 1 to 2 p.m.



*Special Offer*

HORROCKSES FAMOUS SHEETS

*2 Pillow Cases FREE with every pair!*

A recent purchase on very advantageous terms enables us to offer specially keen value in Horrockses Twill Sheets. Beautiful close, even quality; white as snow; perfectly fresh goods. Every pair bears 'Horrockses' label—your guarantee of satisfaction. In two sizes, hemmed, and laundered ready for use.

90" x 66" PAIR ..... 11/6 — 2 pairs for 22/6.
90" x 75" PAIR ..... 12/6 — 2 pairs for 24/-.

With every pair purchased during the next few days we will give 2 Horrockses Pillow Cases, 20" x 30", absolutely free.

POST YOUR ORDER AT ONCE.

J. J. NICHOLL,
EXCHEQUER STREET, DUBLIN.



PARAGON FURNITURE
is Guaranteed for 10 Years
The BEST VALUE for CASH OR INSTALMENTS.
PARAGON FURNISHING Co.
52 Ormond Quay



YOUR BABY
A Novel Feature
IN TO-DAY'S
*Weekly Irish Times*


# THE FARMERS' ADVERSE BALANCE—Page 3

SPEED without fuss, dignity with beauty, describes the wonderful Wolseley Six, from £446.—GRAFTON MOTOR CO., Grafton street, Dublin.

FORD ONE-TON TRUCK CHASSIS (Model T.T.), £16 tax, completely new vehicle; price £145.—AUTOCARS IRELAND LTD., 19 Chatham street. Authorised Ford Dealers.

SPECIAL HIRE PURCHASE TERMS MORRIS and MINERVA CARS.—G. A. BRITTAIN, LTD., LINCOLN PLACE, DUBLIN.

IMMEDIATE Delivery of all new FORD Models from SMITHFIELD MOTOR CO., LTD., Smithfield (off Arran quay), Dublin. 'Phone 4441.

FOR SALE, Double-fronted Corner Shop and House, prominent position, South suburb. Apply P 1434, this office.

FOR SALE, IMMEDIATE POSSESSION, 84 RANELAGH ROAD, the residence of the late Dr. David Jackson; head rent £5 9s.; long lease; garage; suitable for Doctor or Dentist. Apply Messrs. HAYES and SONS, 41 Nassau street.

C.Y.M.C.A., DAWSON STREET.—To-night, 7.45, Bible Class: 8.15, Rev. Canon J. B. Leslie's Lecture on The Conformity of the Bishops at the Reformation." Open to the public.

ADVERTISERS are specially requested to see that Copy for Advertisements in the Saturday issue of the "Irish Times" is sent to this Office at least two days before date of publication. THE MANAGER.

TULLAMORE—The "Irish Times," the "Weekly Irish Times," and the "Irish Field" can be had immediately after the arrival of the trains from Mr. M. F. GORRY, Harbour street.


IN AMERICA
ALL Insurances are arranged through Insurance Brokers.
THE NEW YORK STATE INSURANCE COMMISSION
have held that Insurance Brokers' Fees are insufficient for services rendered.
INSURANCE BROKERS
Get best Contracts.
Get Advice and Rates from Insurance Brokers.
COYLE & CO.
(BROKERS) LTD.,
7 ANGLESEA STREET,
DUBLIN,
28 PALL MALL, LONDON.



2½ PER CENT PER ANNUM
Did you ever try to borrow money at 2½ per cent. per annum? No harm trying! Yet this very small interest is all that PIMS charge for the convenience of furnishing your home on an easy instalment Plan spread over 2 years. Call or write for Booklet T.
PIM BROTHERS LTD.,
EXCHEQUER STREET, DUBLIN.



LOANS BY POST.
£20 TO £5,000
In any part of Ireland and Great Britain to all respectable persons, on Note of Hand. Loans arranged by post without interview. No fees charged or beforehand charges.
THE STANDARD PRIVATE FINANCE COMPANY OF IRELAND, LTD.,
15 ANGLESEA ST., DUBLIN.
J. C. WALSHE, Secretary.



ARE YOU WILLING TO PAY
4/- IN THE £ INTEREST FOR 12 MONTHS for amounts from £10 to £10,000?
Repayments spread over a period from 1 to 3 years.
BEWARE OF MISLEADING RATES AND PAY NO FEES
All Business completed in PRIVACY and BY POST if preferred.
NO FEES OR EXPENSES charged whether business results or not. Write, 'Phone or call.
SOUTHERN IRISH TRUST, LIMITED.
56 Westmoreland street, Dublin 'Phone: 3240


### COALS.


WALLACE BROS., LTD.
PRESENT PRICES.

| | Ton. | |
|---|---|---|
| BEST ORRELL | 44/- | LESS SPECIAL DISCOUNT 2/- PER TON FOR CASH WITH ORDER. |
| BEST WIGAN | 42/- | |
| BEST KITCHEN | 40/- | |
| KITCHEN COAL | 38/- | |

Small extra charges on deliveries outside old city boundary and on quantities of less than one ton.
All coals screened and free from slack.
STEAM COALS, COKE, STOVE ANTHRACITE.
23 WESTMORELAND STREET.
Telephone 3000, Dublin.



COAL FOR THE COUNTRY.
SUPERIOR QUALITY.
DOUBLE SCREENED INTO WAGONS OR BARGES.
J. J. CARROLL & CO.,
21 PEARSE STREET DUBLIN C.S.



Come and see some of the new AUSTINS
at the Showrooms of the Sole Free State Distributors:
LINCOLN and NOLAN, Ltd.,
57 and 58 Lr. Baggot Street, Dublin.
'Phone 61943. Wires: Lincolan, Dublin.
From £161 Plus Freight.



AUSTIN CARS.
The Austin Seven and the Austin 16 H.P. six-cyl. Burnham Saloon make an Ideal Combination.
THE SEVEN FOR SHORT RUNS, SHOPPING ETC. THE BURNHAM FOR LONG RUNS AND IMPORTANT OCCASIONS.
AUSTIN SEVEN TOURER - £161
AUSTIN SEVEN SALOON - £178
AUSTIN 6-CYL. 16H.P. TOURER £377
AUSTIN 6-CYL. 16H.P. BURNHAM SALOON £462
W. B. CRAWFORD (DUBLIN), LTD.,
29/30 DAWSON STREET, DUBLIN.



FINE QUALITY FLANNEL PYJAMAS, VERY SPECIAL OFFER 18/6. TWO SUITS FOR 35/-.
GRANDY,
ST. STEPHEN'S GREEN.
(Corner of Dawson street.)



PACKING HAMPERS AND HAND BASKETS,
BUTCHERS and GROCERS' NOW IN STOCK AT RICHMOND NATIONAL INSTITUTION FOR THE BLIND,
41 UPPER SACKVILLE STREET, DUBLIN



MONEY.
CASH ACCOMMODATION BY POST FROM £50 to £5,000
On Note of Hand alone. Without any Security to Ladies and Gentlemen. Strictly Private. No Charge whatever made if the Loan is not granted.
Full information will be supplied gratis and post free.
APPLY BY LETTER ONLY.
SECRETARY,
THE CITY AND COUNTY PRIVATE FINANCE CO., LTD.,
63 DAWSON STREET, DUBLIN.



THE ART OF BEARING THE WEIGHT OF YEARS. See the "WEEKLY IRISH TIMES" To-day. Price Twopence.

PIM BROTHERS LTD

A most attractive Shoe, in Patent Leather, with the new Spanish heel and smart one-bar fastening. Splendid Value ..... 22/6

The New Season's Shoes are smarter than ever

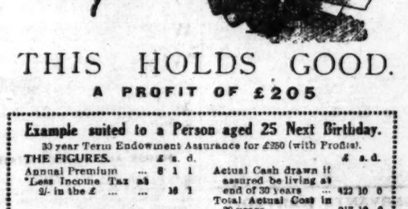
and you simply must have at least ONE Pair to set off your New Spring Clothes! Come and get them at Pim's—where the latest styles, an Expert Fitting Service and Keen Pricing assure you of satisfaction. Two of the New Season's Shoes are here illustrated.

The New Bulrush-Brown Glace Shoes, with smart one-bar and strapping in beige; new Spanish heel. Sizes and half-sizes. Per Pair ..... 25/-

This Shoe may also be had in Patent Leather, same design, except that one-bar and strapping are in Grey. Pair... 25/-.

PIM BROTHERS LTD. GEORGE'S ST. DUBLIN






THIS HOLDS GOOD.
A PROFIT OF £205

Example suited to a Person aged 25 Next Birthday.
30 year Term Endowment Assurance for £250 (with Profits).

| THE FIGURES. | £ s. d. | | £ s. d. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Annual Premium | 8 1 1 | Actual Cash drawn if assured be living at end of 30 years | 422 10 0 |
| *Less Income Tax at 2/- in the £ | 16 1 | Total Actual Cost in 30 years | 217 10 0 |
| Actual Annual Cost | £7 5 0 | PROFIT | £205 0 0 |

* 1/6 in the Irish Free State.

IN the event of death before the age of 55, the £250, plus accumulated bonuses, would become payable. It is assumed that the present rates of Income Tax Rebate and Reversionary Bonus are maintained. An easy way of systematic saving with immediate protection for your dependents if you die and if you live, a sound and attractive investment.

ANY AGE. ANY TERM. ANY AMOUNT.
The PRUDENTIAL ASSURANCE COMPANY LIMITED
(INCORPORATED IN ENGLAND).
The Largest Insurance Institution in the British Empire.
*Fill in and forward this coupon.*

DUBLIN OFFICE: 11 College Green.
CORK OFFICE: 13 South Mall.
WATERFORD OFFICE: 108 The Quay.
BELFAST OFFICE: 3 Wellington Pl.
CHIEF OFFICE: Holborn Bars, London, E.C.1.

To The PRUDENTIAL ASSURANCE CO., LTD. (Incorporated in England).
My age is.....next birthday.
Please send me particulars of £.....Endowment Assurance with profits payable in.....years.
NAME (Mr., Mrs., or Miss) .....
Address .....
I.T. ..... PP157

Total Claims paid in IRELAND during 1928 £654,460



360,000 people die each year from the effects of Colds.
Many people state that the "DUBLIN COUGH MIXTURE" Has given them instant RELIEF
If you have a cough, try it; it is worth while
1/3, 2/-, 3/6 Postage Extra
To be had from
Hayes, Conyngham & Robinson Ltd.,
12 GRAFTON STREET and BRANCHES.


## HOTELS AND HEALTH RESORTS.


DOLPHIN HOTEL AND RESTAURANT,
ESSEX STREET (PARLIAMENT STREET)
(Two minutes' walk from Law Courts, Dublin Castle.)
OFFICIAL CATERERS To IRISH TURF CLUB (CURRAGH RACES), LEOPARDSTOWN, NAVAN, BELLEWSTOWN RACE CLUBS, and KILKENNY HUNT BALL.
Estimates on request for all classes of Catering. Teas, Luncheons, Dinners, etc.
'Phone: 2783/4. Telegrams: Dolphin, Dublin.



CENTRAL HOTEL AND RESTAURANT, EXCHEQUER STREET.
"Comfortable and Convenient."
100 BEDROOMS. 50 STOCKROOMS.
Quick Service. Open to Non-Residents
Special Dinner, 6 to 8.30, 4/-.
Bedroom, Breakfast and baths from 8/6 inclusive.
UNDER NEW MANAGEMENT.
'Phone 2966. 'Grams: Central, Dublin.



POWER'S HOTEL, KILDARE STREET, DUBLIN.
Most Centrally Situate.
FOR SHOPPING AND AMUSEMENTS.
SELECT. COMFORTABLE. MODERATE.
Own Motor Service.
Large Garage now Free to Hotel Visitors.
Tel. 62993—Visitors.
Tel. 62494—Office and Taxis.



ROYAL MARINE HOTEL, DUN LAOGHAIRE (KINGSTOWN) CO. DUBLIN.
THE LEADING FAMILY HOTEL.
Opposite Mail Boat Pier and Rail Terminus.
REDUCED WINTER TERMS.
Wedding Breakfasts a Speciality.
Baths (Hot Salt Water and Steam) adjacent.
Splendid Golf Links. Lock-up Garages.
Wire—"Comfort." 'Phone 180 (3 lines).



NORTHERN COUNTIES HOTEL, PORTRUSH
(L.M.S. RAILWAY, N.C.C.)
RE-OPENS 27th MARCH, 1929.
BOOKING NOW FOR EASTER.
Terms and Programme of Dances and Golf Competitions at Easter from N. TAYLOR, Manager Northern Counties Hotel, PORTRUSH.



LONDON—Dean Hotel, Oxford St., W.—Centre Shops, Theatres; Room, bft., bath attendance, Double room, fr. 16/-; Single, fr. 9/6; h. & c. water all rooms, Grams.—Telcanho, Wesdent, London.



JURY'S HOTEL & RESTAURANT COLLEGE GREEN DUBLIN.
RESTAURANT OPEN ON SUNDAYS.
LARGE ROOMS FOR BANQUETS ETC.
Orchestra 1 to 3; 4 to 7.
GRILL ROOM and AMERICAN BAR



PLAYING CARDS
BRIDGE SETS & BLOCKS.
SCORING CARDS.
DANCE PROGRAMMES.
AT HOME CARDS.
Combridge Ltd.
18 & 20 GRAFTON STREET


## HORSES.


PONIES. PONIES. PONIES.
SPECIAL SALE OF WELSH PONIES.
TO-DAY (THURSDAY), Commencing at 1.30.
60 HIGH-CLASS WELSH PONIES AND COBS.
5 The Property of Messrs. O'Keeffe, Ltd.
50 HORSES and A QUANTITY OF HARNESS.
Also, Same Day, at 12 o'clock,
LOTS HORSES, TRAPS, HARNESS,
MACKIE, BURNS & CO.,
Auctioneers, Valuers, and Live Stock Salesmen,
30 PRUSSIA STREET, DUBLIN.


## HOTELS AND HEALTH RESORTS.


GREYSTONES.
CLYDAGH HOTEL.
A.A. and R.I.A.C. Appointments.
NOW BOOKING FOR EASTER.
SPECIAL REDUCED TARIFF FOR MARCH.
Telephone—Greystones 34.



RITZ COURT HOTEL, Leinster square, W. 2.—R. Bed, bath and breakfast, 6/6. 42/- weekly, or with dinner, £2 12/6. British Industries Fair 10 mins., Ideal Home Exhibition 15 mins. 'Grams: Ritzcourtel, Westbourne, London.



LANDUDNO—Spend jolly Easter at Rothbury Private Hotel, accom. 120; min. elev. and pier; full sea view; dancing; 10/6. S 23


## BOARDING AND HOTELS.


AT Ray's, Fitzwilliam Place, Dublin—High-class Board Residence, moderate. Phone 61295. T
AT 12 Upper Mount street—Partial Board Residence for Gentlemen; every accommodation; terms very moderate. S 22
ADELPHI Hotel, 12 Upper Mount street—Every accommodation for casual visitors; hot and cold water in bedrooms; terms moderate. 21 D
LONDON W.C.1—Fosbery-on, 17 Gordon street, near Euston Station—Bed and Breakfast 6/6.—Miss Bowman. 78 22
35/- WEEKLY—Two Gentlemen can have Full Board Residence, comfortable Bedroom, Partial table, every convenience.—Hotel Douglas, Grmeal quay. 'Phone 479. 25 X


**Great Care is taken that Advertisements in all parts of this paper Appear Correctly but no Liability is taken for any Error in or Omission of any Advertisement, and the Proprietors Reserve the Right to Omit or Alter any Advertisement, No Matter where or by Whom accepted.**

### SCALE OF CHARGES FOR SMALL CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

(PREPAID).

12 Words or under, 1/-.
Every Succeeding Word One Penny

4 consecutive insertions FOR price of 3

This Concession does not apply to Advertisements set in display form or placed contrary to our classification.)

Box Office address counts as three words If replies are to be called for at Head Office, or if they are to be sent by post or called for at any Branch Office, as four words. Postage extra. Advertisements not prepaid are charged at a minimum of 3/- per insertion

Publication of these Advertisements is not guaranteed on any particular day.

As letters addressed to initials or to Christian or fictitious names at a Post Office will not be dealt with, but immediately sent to Dead Letter Office, Advertisements with such addresses will not be inserted.

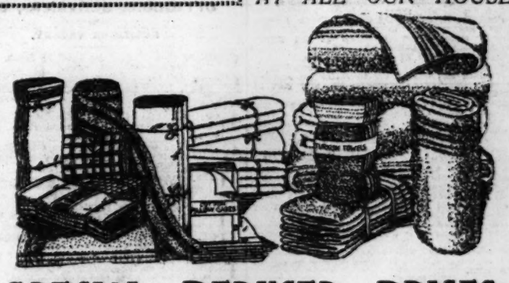
TRADE AND "MATRIMONIAL" ADVERTISEMENTS IN THESE COLUMNS, 1/- PER LINE.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

ORIGINAL Testimonials or other documents should not be enclosed with Replies to Advertisements. 24/11/'25.

*IRISH TIMES*, LTD.
WESTMORELAND STREET, DUBLIN.
Telephone Nos.—5036 5037.


At Lee's WHITE SALE
AT ALL OUR HOUSES



SPECIAL REDUCED PRICES
FOR A SHORT PERIOD ONLY IN
BLANKETS
SHEETS
QUILTS
LACE CURTAINS
GLASS CLOTHS
TOWELS
FANCY LINENS
TABLE CLOTHS
PILLOW CASES
BOLSTER CASES

*All our Standard, Reliable Numbers in these goods are offered at big reductions during the Sale.*

This Special Sale, coming so opportunely at the Spring Cleaning Season, should appeal to all careful and economical housekeepers, as it enables them to replenish their Household Equipment with fresh goods of guaranteed high grade quality at exceptionally low cost.

EDWARD LEE & CO. Ltd.
DUBLIN (48 Mary St.) RATHMINES DUN LAOGHAIRE (Kingstown) BRAY

# Motor Matters, Cycles, &c.

## MOTOR CARS.

USED CARS FOR SALE

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 1925 | 14 H.P. Ansaldo Four Seater | £150 |
| 1925 | 11 H.P. Austin Tourer | £125 |
| 1928 | 11 H.P. Morris Cowley Two Seater | £115 |
| 1927 | 9 H.P. Renault Saloon | £150 |
| 1923 | 11 H.P. Standard Two Seater | £40 |
| 1924 | 9 H.P. Renault Two Seater | £45 |

ON VIEW AT

LINCOLN AND NOLAN, LTD.,
57 and 58 LOWER BAGGOT STREET, DUBLIN.
Sole Irish Free State Distributors for
AUSTIN, SUNBEAM and CLYNO CARS.

SIXTY CARS—The Leading Continental Six. Tax £14. Prices from £405, Dublin.
T. J. ROGERS, Ltd., 42/3 South King st., Dublin. T

MORRIS MOTORS.
IMMEDIATE DELIVERY
At
BURNEY BROS.,
Official Morris Dealers,
67 PEARSE STREET, DUBLIN.
EASY PAYMENTS. PART EXCHANGES. 25 X

ORDER YOUR 8 H.P. SINGER SPORTS 2 SEATER FOR EASTER. £176 Dublin.
On view at
P. HOOKHAM, LTD.,
7 and 8 CITY QUAY, DUBLIN.

A LATE 1928 Pengeot Saloon for Sale, £11 tax, cost £296 (almost new); reasonable.—P 1425, this office. 25 E

ABSOLUTELY the finest selection of Secondhand Cars, all makes, types and models, from £10 to £150. May our Representative call on you?—Dublin Large, Ltd., Athy. Phone Athy 4. 25 E

A HUPMOBILE 16.9 h.p. Four Seater, perfect condition and appearance; accept bargain. Seen, 10-5 p.m., Victor, 18 Lower Bridge street, Dublin.

BARGAIN, for £110—Fiat, 12 h.p. 1927 Touring 4 Seater, licensed for 1929, good condition, new paint and hood; trial by arrangement. Apply 15 Clyde street. 25 E

CLYNO 9 h.p. Fabric Saloon, perfect order, small mileage, £145.—Cooper Hire, Bray. 25 E

CHEVSLER 4 Cylinder Open Touring Car, with rigid side curtains, in perfect running order. Seen by appointment at 119 Francis street, Dublin. Phone 51627. 25 E

ESSEX Coach, early 1928 model, run 7,400 miles, really splendid condition, tax paid to end of year; £175.—G. A. Pemberton, Dunlop House, Lower Abbey street. 25 E

FIAT Cars; all the newest models in stock for immediate delivery.—Andrew J. Doyle, Fiat Depot, 51 South King street, Dublin. 'Phone: 2723. 24 E

FOR Sale, 1926 Fiat 10.15 h.p. Touring Car, in perfect order, small mileage, owner driven, electric lights, starter and all accessories; price £100. Can be seen at Messrs. O'Gorman's Garage, Portrane, Coolmeel. 25 D

FOR Sale, Ford Tourer, new July, 1928, perfect order, small mileage, taxed to December, £1/3/-; owner going away.—Richards, Ballyhenry, Ashford, County Wicklow. 27 E

GRAHAM-PAIGE Saloon (navy blue), 20 h.p., 6 cyls., all but new, done 1,000 miles; cost £545, accept £275 for quick cash sale. Seen at Clanwilliam Motor Bus, 35 Lower Leeson street. 'Phone 2043 for further particulars, which owner will be pleased to give. 18 X

IMMEDIATE delivery, Morris Minor Saloon.—M. and J. Dawson, Maynooth. 25 D

ROVER 14 Tourer, 5 Seater, in perfect order, electric light, self starter, spare wheel, tyres all bikes new (over-size).—P 1454, this office. 27 A

RUDGE, 1925, almost unused; any trial or examination; £55. Seen any time, 14 Capel street. 27 A

WOLSELEY 6 Cylinder 5-Seater Tourer, electric lights, perfect order, owner bought Saloon, Sell £25.—18 Stamer street. 25 D

## CHAUFFEURS, MECHANICS.

### WANTED.

MECHANIC Wanted for commercial cars; will be required to do some driving. Full particulars of experience, age, and wages required, to P 1428, this office.

WANTED immediately, for country house, Co. Wicklow, reliable Chauffeur Gardener (single). Address "Z 2565, Chauffeur," this office. 27 E

## LOST AND FOUND.

LOST, Gold Scarf Brooch, with amethyst centre, on Saturday, 23rd February, from one to three o'clock, in Baggot street and Merrion square districts, or Dun Laoghaire, Marine road. Reward if returned to Colintraive, Otranto place, Sandycove. 26 F

LOST, British Legion Ball, Champagne Crepe de Chene Scarf, wide. Reward.—P 1396, this office. 26 D

LOST, Saturday last, Gent's Gold Scarf Ring; finder rewarded.—70 Talbot street.

LOST, Anglesea road, Lady's Brown Silk Bag, with some money. Reward.—P 1457, this office.

LOST by lady student, £10 Note, Tuesday, between Clery's and Arnott's; reward.—P 1412, this office.

PAIR Gent's Fur Gloves Lost, Grafton street, 26th inst.; reward.—P 1452, this office.

## SITUATIONS VACANT.

AN EXAMINATION will be held on the 25th June, 1929, and following days, for the selection of twelve candidates for the position of Assistant Superintendent on probation as Assistant Superintendents in the India Police Service.

Candidates, WITHOUT EXCEPTION ON ANY GROUND, be over 19 and under 21 years of age on the 1st August, 1929. THEY MUST ALSO BE UNMARRIED.

The last day for receiving applications is the 20th April, 1929.

The examination will be held in centres which may be obtained from the Secretary, Services and General Department, India Office, Whitehall, London, S.W. 1.

PEMBROKE URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL COUNTY DUBLIN.

JUNIOR ASSISTANTS, PUBLIC LIBRARY,

The Pembroke Urban District Council (Public Library Committee) are prepared to receive applications for positions of three Junior Assistants at the Public Library, Irishtown road, Ballsbridge.

Candidates to be aged 17 years to 20 years.

Salary, £65 per annum, rising by three annual increments of £10, and one of £8 to £140 per annum; neither basic salary nor increments to carry cost of living bonus allowance.

Candidates to sit for Competitive Examination during this or next month. Subjects—English, Irish, Arithmetic, General Knowledge. Marks to be awarded for appearance, speaking, voice and deportment. The date fixed for examination will be forwarded to candidates when instructions are issued by the Committee.

Applications, stating age, previous experience, if any, to be lodged with Clerk, Town Hall, Ballsbridge, and marked, "Application for Position of Junior Assistant Library," not later than 12 noon on Saturday, 9th March, 1929. Any appointment to be made will be subject to the consent of the Minister for Local Government and Public Health.

Women Applicants must understand that immediate resignation on marriage is a condition of the appointment.

Successful candidates will be called up as required.

The Committee will not be bound to appoint any of the candidates.

By Order,
JOSHUA C. MANLY,
Clerk.

Town Hall, Ballsbridge,
Pembroke, Co. Dublin, S.E.S.
25th February, 1929.

ALL round good Salesmen Wanted; good wages and commission. Write, giving full details of experience, age, etc., "Z 2539, Salesmen," this office. 26 D

APPRENTICE—Vacancy for smart refined Lady.—Maison Louis, Ladies' Hairdressers, 23 Dargan Place, Rathmines; fee. 26 F

A VACANCY for Lady Pupil on Mrs. Hamilton's up-to-date Poultry Farm; no fee asked, small sum towards Board.—Castlehamilton, Killeshandra, Cavan.

A FIGHT that Punished Him, by Georges Carpentier, in the "Weekly Irish Times" to-day. Price two-pence.

BOY Wanted for City Office; state age, salary, etc.—P 1500, this office. 28 E

B&S Wanted for City Church Choir; salary £20 to £25 according to qualifications.—P 1286, this office.

BOOKKEEPER—Protestant young Lady required for General Drapery Office in Midlands; send copies references, state age and salary (indoor). Address "Z 2591, Draper," this office.

CASHIER, Protestant, required at Mountjoy School, Dublin; married man with small family. Apply to Headmaster.

DRESSMAKER—Wanted, a Lady, to take charge of Workroom; must be a good cutter, with good experience; give references and state salary.—W. F. and C. Johnston, Sligo. 26 D

DRAPERY Manager—Wanted, capable Man, Protestant, to Manage Branch House; no buying; state experience salary, indoor. Address "Z 2565, Manager," this office. 27 E

EARN £3 to £8 weekly as Bookkeeper, Secretary or Salesman. Rapid Postal Courses, 10/- monthly. Unique Tuition offer. Positions found. Booklet testimonials free.—School of Commerce, 62 Oxford street, London. 23 D

FUR Sewers and Coat Liners Wanted.—Yeoman, 46 Grafton street. 27 A

IRONMONGERY—Wanted, smart Lad, as Apprentice to above, city, outdoor.—P 1446, this office.

NOTICE.

IN addressing envelopes covering replies to advertisers in this paper great care should be taken to include the catch word when same is given, after the Office Number, thus: "Z 20, Housemaid," should be carefully written upon the envelope. T

MORTGAGES—Large amount will be advanced in suitable sums. Security House Property, sound Industrial Concerns. Best Rents, Reversions, etc. Particulars treated confidentially.—P 1508, this office. 25 E

YOUNG Man, with some capital, requires to hear of a partner with such amount and experience of Tobacconist and Newsagency, view to starting Partnership in Dublin.—P 1456, this office.

YOUNG Man, experienced business and office manager man, would invest £250 in good business in return for permanent remunerative position.—P 1409, this office.

YOUNG business Man can invest £300 as Sleeping or Working Partner.—P 1476, this office. 27 A

£5 TO £500 Advanced Privately on approved personal security of borrowers at an extremely low rate of interest, repayable by small instalments to suit. Call or write for particulars, 8 Freeman and Co., 1 Garfield street, Belfast. T

## HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS, OFFICIALS, SERVANTS, ETC.

### POSITIONS VACANT.

COOK or Chef Wanted for hotel in South. Address "Z 2492, Chef," this office. 24 D

COOKS, 2nd Cooks, Stillroom-maid, Waitresses, Housemaids, Kitchenmaids, Betweenmaids, hotels, clubs, Wanted immediately. Apply Matron, Irish Times Registry.

EXPERIENCED Cook Wanted; references good salary; indoor. Apply Ormond Hotel, Dublin.

GOOD Plain Cook Wanted for busy Commercial Provincial Hotel. Address, stating wages, etc., "Z 2547, Cook," this office. 26 F

HOTEL Barmaid Wanted immediately, first class Commercial Hotel in the South-West; full particulars first letter. Address "Z 2562, Barmaid," this office. 27 E

HOUSEKEEPER (stores, linen, carver) required, city hotel; send copies.—P 1466, this office.

HOTEL Housemaid, young, experienced, required, city Post copies, P 1465, this office.

IN addressing envelopes covering replies to advertisers in this paper great care should be taken to include the catch word, when same is given, after the Office Number, thus: "Z 20, Housemaid," should be carefully written upon the envelope. T

WANTED immediately, experienced Linenkeeper for first class hotel, S. Dublin; understand Sleepers. Address, giving full particulars, "Z 2545, Linenkeeper," this office. 26 D

YOUNG Lady Wanted as Learner for all round Hotel business (outdoor), Kingstown district. Address "Z 2581, Lady," this office. 27 F

### EMPLOYMENT WANTED.

CASHIER, Bookkeeper, or Reception Clerk in hotel or restaurant, or any position of trust; can be highly recommended. Address "Z 2559, Cashier," this office. 26 F

HOTEL Club and Restaurant Proprietors are invited to 'phone 5036, or write Matron, Irish Times Servants' Registry, Dublin, who requiring Officials or Staff 28 E

MANAGERESS seeks place, city, suburb; first class experience of managing, catering, carver; full control of staff; highest references.—P 1233, this office. 25 E

MANAGERESS seeks place, city, suburb; or go Housekeeper; recommended.—P 1416, this office.

WAITRESS seeks place, suburb or country; highly recommended.—P 1414, this office.

WAITRESS seeks place; city preferred; or Housemaid Waitress (outdoor).—P 1417, this office.

## MEDICAL APPOINTMENTS.

CHEMIST'S Assistant required for fortnight, country town, outdoor; state age, salary, experience.—P 1403, this office. 26 D

DENTAL Laboratory, large and small room, fitted, vicinity Harcourt street.—P 1338, this office

DENTIST has vacancy, Apprentice, "Dental Mechanics"; moderate fee.—P 1443, this office. 27 A

LONG established Dental Practice, town and country; Surgery, Waiting Room and Workshop, instruments, up to date fitting, etc., centrally situated. Apply for particulars P 1363, this office. 26 F

QUALIFIED Assistant, R.C., required for Dublin Pharmacy (outdoor). Full particulars, salary, etc., P 1179, this office

## REPRESENTATIVES WANTED.

EXPERIENCED Traveller required by old established Rubber Goods Manufacturers, to work the Irish Free State, including Dublin; experience in rubber heels and soles necessary; salary, commission and expenses. Write "Z 2437, Traveller," this office. 21 D

PRINTING and Office Supplies—Two Travellers required at once. Full particulars to P 1449, this office. 27 A

TOBACCO Trade—Manufacturers are considering appointment of Representative for Cork City and County. First class Man, of proved selling ability, with sound connection, required; good terms offered; excellent opening to right man. Apply immediately, stating full particulars in confidence, to P 1341, this office. 26 A

WANTED, Students, Typists and Others as Local Representatives to introduce in homes or elsewhere the new Remington Blick Portable Typewriter, Standard keyboard; retail price £6; very liberal discounts to introductory order; good returns for little effort. Call at Remington local office, 3/4 College street, Dublin. 12 20

### AGENCIES AND SITUATIONS WANTED.

MAN, with own motor, would take on Agency or Collecting Debts, etc.; moderate.—P 1229, this office. 25 E

WOOLLENS—Traveller for English Woollen House, 10 years' sound connection, would Represent good Irish Free State Manufacturer; salary or commission. Address "Z 2510, Traveller," this office. 25 A

YOUNG business Man offers services, own car and investment £200, in return for permanent position with reputable firm.—P 1437, this office. 27 A

## LEGAL APPOINTMENTS.

SHORTHAND Typist, 19, no experience, trial, solicitor.—P 1345, this office. 26 F

UNESTABLISHED Government Clerk, with 5 years' service in the Irish Land Commission, is open to an engagement, where his experience would be of use. P 1450, this office. 27 A

## MOTOR CARS CONTINUED.

3 SEATER, 7 h.p. Citroen, 2 Seater 7 h.p. Citroen, 4 Seater Rhode, 11.9 h.p.; 2 Seater Ariel, 9 h.p. Jones, Hadlington road, Dublin. 26 F

1924 MAXWELL 5 Seater Semi Saloon, splendid order and condition; £45; trial given.—Cuddy, Carna, Curragh Camp. 25 F

1927 OVERLAND Whippet Saloon, four doors, taxed December, 1929, buffers, bars, loose covers, condition new, bargain £200.—P 1462, this office.

1928 LATE Segrave Hillman Four Seater, Weyman Coupe, as new; full particulars. Address "Z 2521, Motor," this office. 26 F

1928 COWLEY Saloon, mileage under 15,000, new condition; price £175.—Kodak, 89 Grafton street.

### WANTED.

TROJAN Car Wanted, 1928 or 1927, full four. State particulars, mileage, price, etc., R O 658, Irish Times Branch Office, Rathmines.

WANTED, Use of Ford or Morris, fortnight or more; state weekly terms.—P 1386, this office. 26 D

## MOTOR CYCLES.

ADVANCES on Motor Bikes, Cars, Jewels.—Gorman, Pawnbroker, Winetavern street (opposite Four Courts); new garage. T

## LORRIES, VANS, MOTOR AND STEAM HAULAGE.

FOR Sale, W. and G. Two Ton Lorry, good order, new tyres, taxed; Morris Oxford Tourer, late 1927; Ford Sedan, 1925.—Enniscorthy Motor Co., Ltd., Enniscorthy. 25 E

FOR Sale, Ton Motor Lorry, with covered body, in going order, taxed to 31st March. Can be seen between 9 a.m. and 5 p.m., Irish Agricultural Wholesale Society, Ltd., 151-156 Thomas street, Dublin. 26 D

FOR Sale, two Carrimore 6 ton 2 wheel Trailers, tyres, body and frame in very sound condition; also one Fordson Tractor, fitted with special transport attachment, for hove trailers; they will be sold together or separately. May be seen by appointment on application to W. and E. Jacob and Co., Ltd., Bishop street, Dublin. 27 A

2½/3 TON Thornycroft Lorry, on pneumatic tyres, electric light, registered, and insured, nicely painted, one first class condition throughout; price £380.—Thompson and Son, 19 Lower Abbey street, Dublin. 26 E

### WANTED

WANTED, on hire, Ford Van or Truck; driver supplied by hirer. Terms to The Irish Radio Stockists, Ltd., 9 Trinity street.

## ACCESSORIES, TYRES, ETC.

CHEAPEST House for Motor Tyres; all leading makes at Wholesale Prices. Why pay more? Vulcanising a speciality. Satisfaction guaranteed. All sizes Secondhand Tyres cheap.—Roberts, Foley street (Amiens street), Dublin. 'Phone, 1661. T

CAV, 12 and 6 volt starter batteries, Sell cheap, 18 Stamer street.

NAPIER Taxi Engine, perfect, needs repair in gear box, only £15.—P 1461, this office.

1926 10 h.p. Singer Radiator, never used, £5. Address "Z 2522, Radiator," this office. 26 F

## GARAGE ACCOMMODATION AND REPAIRS.

GARAGE to Let—Lock-up Garage, concrete floor, water and light. Apply 20 Hatch street, Dublin.

GARAGE to Let, cement floor, water.—26 Hatch street. 27 A

GARAGES to Let, Private Lock-Ups, also Paint Shops, etc., from 10/- per month.—Woodstock Garage Ranelagh. 18 X

LARGE closed-in Shed to Let, suit motor garage; also Lock-up Garage and Office Storage accommodation. Apply Miss Warren, 11a York terrace, Ringsend.

## BICYCLES.

B.S.A. Cycles, fitted with three speeds, Brooks' saddle and Dunlop tyres, £7 15/6, or twelve payments 14/6; sent carriage paid.—Kelly, Bachelor's Walk, Dublin. 26 D

## CHAUFFEURS CONTINUED.

### DISENGAGED.

CHAUFFEUR disengaged; repairs; useful; recommended; T.T.—P 1375, this office. 26 D

CITY Driver, presently engaged, desires change; 15 years' experience all cars. First class references; strict T.T.—P 1377, this office. 26 F

DISENGAGED, Chauffeur Mechanic, handy man; seven years' experience with all cars, will make himself generally useful; first class references; strict T.T. R.C.; city experience; very careful driver.—P 1378, this office.

## MONEY, PARTNERSHIPS, ETC.

ADVANCES on Endowment Policies, Deeds, Wa Loans, post-dated Cheques.—Elkinson, 48 Augier street.

ADVANCES on Deeds, Shares, Endowment Policies, post-dated Cheques.—Washman, 40 Drury street. T

ADVANCES on Endowment Policies, Deeds, War Loans, post-dated Cheques.—Elkinson, 48 Augier street. 24 2

ACCOUNTANT, with fifteen years' experience of general office work in leading manufacturing concern, would invest capital in Dublin business where services would be required, or would consider Partnership in Agency Business. Address "Z 2492, Accountant," this office. 23 D

LOANS granted to responsible applicants, terms moderate.—P. Tooher, 5a Fowne's street, Dublin. T

MORTGAGES—Large amount will be advanced in suitable sums. Security House Property, sound Industrial Concerns. Best Rents, Reversions, etc. Particulars treated confidentially.—P 1508, this office. 25 E

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£5 TO £500 Advanced Privately on approved personal security of borrowers at an extremely low rate of interest, repayable by small instalments to suit. Call or write for particulars, 8 Freeman and Co., 1 Garfield street, Belfast. T

The 1929 HILLMAN 14 is conspicuous for the graceful low outline which makes the most modern design so attractive. Saloons from £390 Dublin.

HILLMAN FOURTEEN

Sole Distributors for Hillman Cars, Star Cars, and Riley Cars:

BUCKLEY'S MOTORS, LTD., 34 Lr. Abbey St., Dublin.

SINGER CARS
TO SUIT EVERYONE'S PURSE

JUNIOR 8 H.P. MODELS (£8 Tax), from £172 10s.; SENIOR 12 H.P. MODELS (£12 Tax), from £285; 6-CYL. 15.9 H.P. (£16 Tax), from £370. All delivered Dublin.

These Models include the Junior Sports, at £176, and the celebrated Sunshine Saloons in 8 h.p., 12 h.p., and 6-cylinder models.

Sole Distributors:

HOOKHAM LTD.,
7 & 8 CITY QUAY, (Opp. Customs House) and at 2 STH. PRINCES ST

NOTICE
TO
'BUS OWNERS

It is with pleasure we announce that the G.M.C. T 19 Chassis complies with the Irish Free State Police Regulations.

This Chassis is specially designed for 'Bus work and fast commercial use.

PRICE £310

Delivery can now be made from stock. So would advise intended purchasers to order immediately. You can avail yourself of our own easy payment system if you wish.

DOYLE'S MOTORS Ltd.
General Motors Distributors.
128 Stephen's Green
Commercial Showrooms and Works
16 BACHELOR WALK. Phone 5244


## TUITIONS AND SCHOLARSHIPS.

ALL Professional and University Prelims, Oral and Correspondence. Success lists free.—McGUIRE'S COLLEGE, Gardiner's Row, Dublin.

BELMONT College, 47 Dawson street, Dublin—Oral and Postal Tuitions for Clerical Officers, Writing Assistants, Dublin Corporation and Shorthand Typists. Successes include First Place Writing Assistants and Shorthand Typists, Fourth Place Clerical Officers and Dublin Corporation. Prospectus free. 21 D

ELOCUTION—Children's weekly Elocution Class, every Monday 4.30 to 5 p.m. Special preparation for Easter Feis. Private Lessons by appointment. Apply Miss Grace Burke, B.A. Hons. Ed. The Burke School of Elocution, 13 Lower Fitzwilliam street, Dublin. 24 D

GOVERNESS (Protestant) seeks post, Public Elementary School subjects; music, French; diploma; excellent teaching testimonials, certificates and medal.—Gilmore, Victoria Home, Ballygillan, Belfast. 26 F

GENTLEWOMAN, C. of E., experienced teacher, desires post, April, children, 8-15; all subjects, French, music; small salary, comfortable home; excellent testimonials.—G 201, Irish Times Branch Office, Kingstown. 26 F

GOVERNESS, Visiting, R.C., would like to hear of children requiring Tuition after Easter, Bray, Greystones; English subjects, French, music; thoroughly excellent references. Address "Z 2546 Governess," this office. 26 A

HIGHLY educated young Lady desires position as Governess.—P 1392, this office.

LADY highly recommends Resident Governess, 18, R.C., teach first lessons, games, etc. Address, stating salary, "Z 2589, Governess," this office. 27 E

SCHOLASTIC Bureau Schools, requiring Teachers—Primary or Secondary; Secretaries, Governesses. Apply Careers, 62/4 Donegall road, Belfast. 20 D

STAMMERING and all other Defects of Speech permanently remedied by Professor Burke, 24 Upper Pearse street, Dublin.

SUPERIOR Nursery Governess or Mother's Help (R.C., 2 discharged), Miss Clifford's Agency, 5 South Frederick street, Dublin.

YOUNG Lady, experienced teacher, excellent references, desires Tuitions; subjects including French, music.—P 1479, this office. 27 A

### GOVERNESSES AND TUTORS WANTED.

AGENT FOR GOVERNESSES AND SCHOOLS Miss Bellingham Todd, 5 Grafton street, Dublin. Advises Parents and Managers. Tel.: No. 5258.

WANTED, Visiting Governess for Kingstown, teach all subjects, one child.—P 1389, this office. 26 D

WANTED, Spanish Lessons and Correspondence through post. Address "Z 2527, Spanish," this office. 26 F

YOUNG Lady wants Lessons in French, evenings. Apply P 1400, this office. 26 F

## EMPLOYMENT WANTED.

ACCOUNTANT, Bookkeeper, Cashier, Office Manager —Experienced Man, highest credentials, testimonials, seeks re-engagement, Limited Company or good Firm. Address "Z 2499, Accountant," this office. 25 E

CATHOLIC Lady would help housework with another, where children preferred; reliable, unsophisticated; nominal salary.—Address "Z 2524, Lady," this office. 26 F

COMPETENT Lady Bookkeeper, disengaged, requires position; highly recommended.—P 1314, this office. 25 F

COMPANION Help wishes place, or attend invalid Lady.—Phone 2003, Rathmines. 26 D

CARPENTER, highly recommended, wants job; 8 years' experience, city firm.—P 1438, this office. 26 A

DRESSMAKER, first class, wants work ladies' house; recommended.—167, Irish Times Branch Office, Baggot street Bridge. 25 E

EMPLOYMENT Wanted, British Army Pensioner, grown up family, Protestant, Sexton or Caretaker gate lodge; highest references.—P 1174, this office.

EXPERIENCED Shorthand Typist Bookkeeper desires position; highest references.—P 1442, this office.

EX-BRITISH Officer (banker), active, seeks position of trust; accustomed receiving and despatching stores and accounting for same; intimate knowledge Dublin Port, Docks and Railway. One month's trial gratis, if satisfactory, afterwards small salary. The thing that matters is work. Highest recommendations.—P 1435, this office.

EX-WRISH Guard, 36, good security, seeks employment, trust or otherwise.—P 1436, this office. 27 A

GIRL desires position as Shorthand Typist, Bookkeeping; references.—P 1170, this office. 23 D

GIRL, 17, certificate 100 words shorthand and typewriting, knowledge of bookkeeping, R.C. pensioner's daughter, Roman Catholic, seeks position.—P 1385, this office. 26 F

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LADY Bookkeeper, presently engaged, six years' experience, desires change.—P 1259, this office. 26 E

LADY Housekeeper seeks place, one or two gentlemen or before; highly recommended; city or South.—Address "Z 2567, Housekeeper," this office. 27 A

RESPECTABLE country Girl (19), certificates shorthand, bookkeeping, arithmetic, knowledge typing, actively honest, willing and obliging, desires position as Beginner; excellent references. Address "Z 2553, Girl," this office.

SUPERIOR Mother's Help (R.C., light house duties (city or suburbs); excellent with children.—P 1433, this office. 27 E

SMART young Girl, Protestant, wishes place Office Messenger.—P 1422, this office.

TWO Girls (not servants) with posts together; undertake work of house; England. Useful Help requires temporary post.—P 1209, this office.

WELL educated Girl, 18, desires position Shorthand Typist, 140 words per minute; good reference.—P 1242, this office. 25 D

WANTED, position as Companion or Housekeeper; good references.—P 1395, this office. 27 F

YOUNG, experienced Porter seeks place; highest references, strict T.T.—P 1319, this office.

YOUNG Lady, 18, Protestant, Companion Help; excellent reference; Dublin or around preferred. Address "Z 2535, Lady," this office. 26 F

YOUNG Man wishes any position trust, Bookkeeping, Accounts, Storekeeper—P 1332, this office. 26 D

YOUNG ex-Policeman (small pension) seeks post as Watchman, Porter, Timekeeper, Checker or Collector; wages moderate.—P 1431, this office. 27 A

## MALE SERVANTS WANTED.

### STEWARDS AND GARDENERS WANTED.

FOREMAN Gardener required for gentleman's estate, chiefly indoor; good plantsman and decorator necessary; state terms and give full particulars.—P 1194, this office. 23 D

## MALE SERVANTS DISENGAGED.

A YOUNG Man seeks situation as Yardman, good miller, understands the care of cattle, also plain gardening, etc.; good references. Address "Z 2564, Yardman," this office.

GENTLEMAN recommends reliable Couple, no incumbrance; man garden, yard, milk; wife poultry, laundry, dairy. Address "Z 2542, Couple," this office. 26 F

GAMEKEEPER seeks situation; life experience, expert trapper, snarer of rabbits, experienced in pheasant rearing, all duties; Protestant; state terms. Address "Z 2586, Gamekeeper," this office.

HERD Shepherd, thoroughly qualified, young, active; treat all diseases in cattle and sheep. Address "Z 2420, Herd," this office. 26 D

MARRIED Man (Protestant) seeks situation as Working Herd or Caretaker, life experience all branches; Wife take laundry if required; highly recommended. Address P 1304, this office.

REPEATABLE Protestant Groom, careful and experienced, caretake gentleman's place in summer; married; no incumbrance; highly recommended. Address "Z 2585, Groom," this office.

YARD Boy wishes place; useful; would learn to drive car. Address "Z 2574, Yard Boy," this office.

YOUNG Gamekeeper, married; employment urgently requested; wages not altogether essential if living chance given; good references. Address "Z 2584, Gamekeeper," this office.

### STEWARDS AND GARDENERS DISENGAGED.

EXPERIENCED Gardener, young Man, wishes permanent or daily work; understands all branches.—542, Irish Times Branch Office, Bray. 27 A

GARDENER experienced indoor and out, active worker; obliging; married, age 32, highly recommended. Address "Z 2487, Gardener," this office.

## DOMESTICS WANTED.

MORNING Worker required, Pembroke; good laundress; lady's reference essential.—P 1459, this office.

MAIDS requiring situations call Agency, Pembroke Stores, Pembroke road.

RESPECTABLE middle aged Woman Wanted for general housework; plain cooking and small washing; two in family; wages £20. Reply Mrs. Roberts, Westland N.S., Mornalty, Co. Meath.

WANTED, reliable Woman, Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday; good worker; send copies reference, state wages. Killiney district. Address "Z 2550, Domestic," this office. 26 D

WANTED, R.C. Betweenmaid. Apply Mrs. Gargan, Culleen, Mullingar. 26 F

WANTED, daily, for Marlborough road, young Girl, morning house, housework.—P 1455, this office.

WANTED immediately, young Generals, Cook Generals and H.P. maids for Dublin, suburbs and England. Apply Miss Clifford's Agency, 5 Sth. Frederick street, Dublin.

WORKING Housekeeper, good cook, one gentleman, Dublin, South; £40.—P 1430, this office.

WANTED, experienced Maid, Protestant, (20-30), good plain cook; expenses refunded.—Mrs. Mitchell, 45 Hawarden avenue, Liverpool. 27 A

WANTED, trustworthy, active Woman; Protestant family; home duties; Merrion.—P 1410, this office. 27 A

SERVANTS' "IRISH TIMES" REGISTRY.
Under New Management.
HOURS: { 10 a.m. to 4 p.m. for Servants. 11 a.m. to 4 p.m. for Ladies.
Saturdays, 11 a.m. to 1 p.m.
31 WESTMORELAND STREET, DUBLIN.
The Matron has several vacancies on her books for well recommended Domestics, trained or untrained No fees charged

### COOKS AND DAIRYMAIDS WANTED.

COOK General, R.C. (indoor), reliable, Wanted for college, Dublin; kitchenmaid kept; good salary given.—P 1060, this office.

COOK General Wanted at once; fare paid; new house with every convenience; maids' sittingroom; nurse, house parlourmaid and chauffeur kept.—"The Knoll House," Werbridge Park, Surrey, England. 26 F

COOK General and House Parlourmaid Wanted immediately, family 3; good outings; state full particulars. Reply Mrs. Shannon, Raheen, Clonmel. 26 D

COOK General Wanted, small dairy; parlourmaid kept. Co. Louth; copies references. Address "Z 2592, Cook" this office. 27 E

EXPERIENCED Cook General Wanted, three in family. Apply 10 Sydney parade avenue, before one or after seven o'clock. 26 D

GOOD Cook Wanted, two in family, four maids, bede side house, trams; small dairy. Apply, state wages, send copies, Mrs. Morgon Mooney, Manor House, Raheny. 26 F

GOOD Cook Wanted; kitchenmaid kept; near Birr; comfortable situation; good references essential. Address "Z 2558, Cook," this office. 26 F

REQUIRED, good Cook General for two in family; must be an early riser, six o'clock; house parlourmaid kept. Address "Z 2403, Cook General," this office.

WANTED, experienced young Cook General; best of references. Between 12 and 2, 15 Merrion square. 26 F

WANTED, settled Cook General, quiet country place, one lady; another maid kept; state age, wages, send copies.—Mrs. Newman, Manre, Inistiogue, Co. Kilkenny.

WANTED immediately, 3 superior, well recommended Cook Generals, one for private family (Naas), Apply Hegarty's Agency, 52 South Main street, Naas.

WANTED, Working Housekeeper and well trained General, 30 to 40 years; good plain cook; long references. Apply 43 Lower Camden street.

WANTED at once, experienced Cook General for Kildare; state wages.—P 1403, this office.

### GENERALS WANTED.

A STRONG young General Wanted, Irish family, London suburb. Interview Dublin. Apply P 1245, this office. 25 E

A LARGE number well recommended Generals placed immediately, also untrained.—Matron, Irish Times Registry.

CAPABLE young General required, where there are two maids; wages £24. Apply 15 Stoneybatter.

CAN lady recommend trustworthy, experienced General, good cook, for two ladies? good wages. Apply 19 Longford terrace, Monkstown, 1 o'clock, or after 6.

EXPERIENCED Protestant General Wanted; good cook, iron, charman, wash, scrub; Bray 14 miles; £26; electric light. Address "Z 2557, General," this office. 26 D

EXPERIENCED young General Wanted; good cook; small washing; wages £26. Call after 7 o'clock, 20 Royal terrace, West, Kingstown.

GENERAL Wanted; excellent references necessary; send copies; two ladies.—P 1315, this office. 26 E

GENERAL wanted, experienced, four in family; plain cooking and washing; Protestant; £20 yearly commencing.—Mrs. Armstrong, Riverside, Kennah, Longford. 26 F

GENERAL Servant Wanted; please state age. Apply to Box E 230, Irish Times Branch Office, 59 Fleet street, London, E.C.4. 27 E

GENERAL Wanted for London suburb; experienced, good cook and good tempered; high wages and light work; Irish family of three (adults).—P 1371, this office. 26 D

GIRL 24) required as General, experienced; take child four out evenings; £24, rising; enclose copies.—P 1467, this office. 27 A

GENERAL Wanted, experienced, South side, quiet place, two ladies.—P 1078, this office. 27 A

GENERAL Servant Wanted, all duties, small family, Plumbridge. Apply 178, Irish Times Branch Office, Baggot street Bridge.

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RESPECTABLE young country Girl required as General, about March 21st; good homely situation. South city.—P 1344, this office. 26 F

RELIABLE young General Wanted; good plain cooking; send full particulars.—Kilbarrack House, Sutton. 26 D

RELIABLE young General Wanted; no baby; must be well recommended. Call 7 to 9 o'clock p.m., with references, to Salmon Pool Lodge, Islandbridge, Dublin.

SMART General Wanted, R.C., indoor, for private house. Apply Shop, 28 Wexford street. Bring references 26 D

STRONG young General Call between 4 and 6, bring reference, 59 Mollybrook road, Drumcondra.

WANTED, a smart, experienced General, indoor; good references. Apply any time between 6 and 8, 50 Dufferin avenue, S.C. road. T

WANTED, very good General, about 30, Killiney; small family; nice cooking; send copies.—L. M., Irish Times Branch Office, Kingstown 25 E

WANTED immediately, young experienced General, with good references; £30.—Y 68, Irish Times Branch Office, Kingstown. 25 E

WANTED for Bray, experienced General; good plain cook; good wages.—749, Irish Times Branch Office, Bray. 26 F

WANTED, General, March 4th; must be good cook; no washing. Call to-day after 5 o'clock. 55 Anglesea road, Ballsbridge.

WANTED, young Girl as General; two in family. Apply between 3 and 6.30, Inchrory, Westfield road, Harold's Cross.

WANTED, a well recommended, trained, daily General, clean and tidy; Protestant preferred; two in family; Rathgar—R O 657, Irish Times Branch Office, 59 Fleet street, London. 27 A

WANTED, quiet, trustworthy General; good plain cook; family three; good references.—26 Dart mouth square. 25 D

WANTED, General Servant, plain cooking, no washing; family of three; liberal outings; state experience and wages required; good references necessary.—Mrs. Rendall, "Chingwood," Woodland road, Chingford, near London.

YOUNG General, outdoor; must have good references. Apply after 10, 50 Edenvale road, Ranelagh.

### HOUSE AND PARLOURMAIDS WANTED.

EXPERIENCED House Parlourmaid Wanted for England by Irish lady, small family; wages £26-£30. Write, enclosing references, to Mrs. Calvert, 86 Banbury road, Oxford. 25 F

HOUSEMAID Wanted, upper of two, for County Dublin; good needlewoman; send copies papers.—P 1177, this office. 23 D

HOUSEMAID Wanted for country (South), needlewoman; parlourmaid kept; state age, wages, religion, copy reference. Address "Z 2526, Housemaid," this office.

WANTED, March 18th, Housemaid, upper of two, for Dublin suburbs; must be good needlewoman. Apply, enclosing copies, P 1247, this office. 26 E

WANTED, experienced House Parlourmaid, R.C., for King's County. Address, with copies of references, "Z 2555, Maid," this office. 26 D

WANTED, experienced House Parlourmaid, near Liverpool; good reference essential—R O 659, Irish Times Branch Office, Rathmines. 27 E

WANTED, a nice young Girl as House Parlourma